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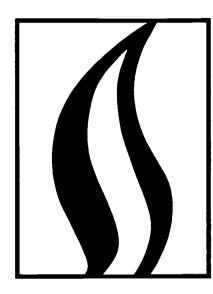
Analysis

IDENTIFIERS \*Southern Regional Education Board

#### ABSTRACT

This volume provides comparative data highlighting significant trends affecting colleges and universities in 14 southern states--Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia. Trends identified include: a regional high growth rate; educational attainment continuing below the national average; financially strained colleges; and increased financial burdens on students. Data cover demographics, school enrollments, high school graduates, government revenues and expenditures, college enrollments, student characteristics, degrees granted, tuition and fees, student financial aid, faculty and administrator profiles and salaries, and college and university revenues and expenditures. Also included are data on employment trends, state general fund appropriations, and migration of first-time freshmen. The more than 100 data tables and graphs are grouped according to: population and economy; enrollment; degrees; tuition and student aid; faculty and administrators; and state revenues and expenditures. A state profile section provides an overview of selected data for the region and for individual states. Also included is a list of Southern Regional Education Board public colleges and universities organized by institutional category (number and types of degrees granted, breadth of programs offered, and distribution of degrees across program areas) and a list of the state higher education agencies. (CH)





# **SREB** FACT BOOK On Higher **EDUCATION**

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#### A Growing, Diversifying Region

The SREB region will outpace the national growth rate well into the next century. About one million more people each year will live in SREB states. The number of high school graduates will increase three times faster than the population. The population will also become more ethnically diverse; within 20 years, 20 percent of the population will be black and 13 percent Hispanic. Minority children now make up 40 percent or more of school children in seven SREB states. The current aging of the population will continue. Within 30 years, those 65 and over will represent 20 percent of the population — an increase of 12.5 million senior citizens.

#### A Regional Economy Increasing In National Importance

There are 4.6 million more jobs in the SREB region than in 1990 — almost double the national rate of job growth. Per capita income in the SREB region continues to gain ground on the national average, but the rate at which the gap is closing has slowed.

#### College Education — A Key To Competitiveness

Educational attainment in the SREB region is catching up but remains below the national average. More people are enrolled in colleges and universities, and the student body is more diverse. Over the past 10 years, the SREB region accounted for almost half of the nation's total increase in college enrollment. Almost half of the SREB region's enrollment growth was in two-year colleges, which now enroll about 40 percent of all students. Women make up about 55 percent of undergraduate and graduate students and four out of every ten professional program students. Women represent two-thirds of enrollment growth. The number of black students has increased nearly twice as fast as total enrollment. At the end of the educational pipeline, degree production is up at every level from associate's to doctorates and professional degrees, even though the job market for college graduates is becoming increasingly competitive. Job openings requiring a bachelor's or higher degree will be the fastest growing types of jobs as we move into the next century.

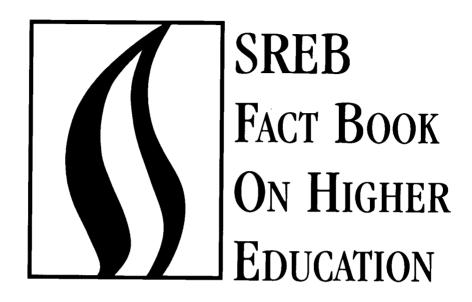
#### Colleges Have Become Financially Strained

Tax revenues have grown faster than personal income, more than doubling state and local government spending. Funding for higher education has not kept pace with other lines in state and local government budgets. The growth in state tax funds for higher education over the past five years was the lowest of any five-year period since the mid-1970s. When enrollment growth, tuition increases and inflation are factored in, per-student funding declined 9 percent. Spending patterns within colleges have shifted significantly. Colleges are spending proportionately less on instruction, academic and administrative support, building operations and maintenance, and more on research, public service and, especially, on scholarships and fellowships for students. The salaries of faculty in public four-year colleges in the SREB region have declined 3 percent when adjusted for inflation, while the national average for faculty remained unchanged and the national average for all workers rose 5 percent.

#### A Greater Financial Burden Has Been Passed On To Students

As the growth in revenues from governments for public colleges and universities slowed, tuition and fees replaced government dollars as a source of increased revenues — jumping from 18 percent of the average public college budget to 26 percent. Six of every 10 families (those earning below \$42,000) have been substantially impacted by the rising costs of attending college. It now takes at least an additional 5 percent of their income to cover in-state student costs at a public four-year college. As a consequence, the median family income of college freshmen has risen, suggesting that higher costs may be limiting the ability of some students to enroll in college. Changes in financial aid programs for students also affect access to higher education. Twenty years ago \$3 of every \$10 of financial aid was a loan dollar, now \$6 of every \$10 comes from loans. For qualified students with the greatest financial need, the buying power of the nation's largest grant program (Pell Grants) has fallen to cover less than half of the costs of attending a public university.





Joseph L. Marks

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**Southern Regional Education Board** 





The SREB Fact Book on Higher Education is greatly indebted to the cooperation and assistance of the state higher education agencies in the SREB region. The SREB-State Data Exchange has, for the past 27 years, made possible the most comprehensive and up-to-date information for the Fact Book. A number of national organizations and federal agencies are also important sources of information. Among them are the American Association of Colleges of Osteopathic Medicine, the American Council on Education Cooperative Institutional Research Program, the American Medical Association, the Association of Research Libraries, the Association of University Professors, the Center for Higher Education Illinois State University Grapevine, the College and University Personnel Association, the Mortenson Research Letter, the National Association of State Student Grant and Aid Programs, the National Conference of State Legislatures, the National League for Nursing, the National Science Foundation, Research Associates of Washington, the Southern University Group Office of Institutional Research Oklahoma State University, the U. S. Bureau of the Census, the U. S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, the U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, and various offices of the U. S. Department of Education including the National Center for Education Statistics, the Office of Postsecondary Education, the Office of Student Financial Assistance and the Washington Office of the College Board.

Lynn M. Cornett, Joseph D. Creech, Gale F. Gaines, Bracey Campbell and Mark D. Musick of the SREB staff provided research ideas and editing support. SREB Data Services Assistant Linda C. Haddow was instrumental in the data analysis and preparation of this edition of the *Fact Book*.





The Southern Regional Education Board helps member states chart their progress and stay on course for lasting, long-term improvements in education. Supplying facts and figures is an essential part of this service. The SREB Fact Book on Higher Education has been a standard reference — and in some cases, even a beacon — for policy makers, educators and journalists for 30 years.

The tremendous strides in education the SREB states have achieved since World War II mean that in the mid-1990s our schools and colleges look more like other schools and colleges across America than they look different. But the differences mean more in today's competitive climate.

Our colleges and universities must serve a growing, diversifying region whose economy is increasing in national importance. College education, and the colleges and universities that provide this valuable resource, are vital to successful competitiveness for citizens and their states. Yet our colleges have become more and more financially strained. And more of this financial burden has been passed on to students.

Higher education is still our best bet to build the future we want for ourselves and our descendants. Once again, we offer the SREB Fact Book to help those who influence and make decisions about the course for higher education.

Mark D. Musick President



SREB continuously monitors the availability of new comparative data and publishes the *SREB Fact Book Bulletin* containing updated and expanded information. SREB data is also available on the internet. http://www.peach.net/SREB





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SREB continuously monitors the availability of new comparative data and publishes the *SREB Fact Book Bulletin* containing updated and expanded information. SREB data is also available on the internet. http://www.peach.net/SREB





#### The SREB Fact Book on Higher Education

Continuing a tradition dating back to the late 1950s, the SREB Fact Book on Higher Education, 1996/1997 provides comparative national and regional data highlighting significant trends affecting colleges and universities in each of the member states. Using the latest information from SREB's extensive databases, the Fact Book contains detailed national and state profiles on demographics, school enrollments, high school graduates, government revenues and expenditures, college enrollments, student characteristics, degrees granted, tuition and fees, student financial aid, faculty and administrator profiles and salaries, and college and university revenues and expenditures. Also included are data on employment trends, state general fund and other "earmarked" appropriations and the migration of first-time freshmen.

In cases where information must be obtained from national sources, the latest information available is sometimes not as current as we would like. For example, the latest detailed nation-wide data on higher education finances and degrees conferred by race and ethnic group are for 1993-94. SREB's annual SREB-State Data Exchange and SREB Online! (SREB's data server on the Internet) provide the most up-to-date information available and can be used by researchers between biennial editions of the *Fact Book*.

The Fact Book exemplifies SREB's approach to comparative data — to compile and evaluate related trends and measures and to encourage the examination of noteworthy findings. Comparative information frequently raises more questions than it answers, but the pursuit of those questions often leads to better state policies and better comparative data.

While the degree of reliability and comparability of higher education data has improved over the years, data comparisons among a number of states should always be viewed carefully. The reader should take into account the wide range of interstate differences that can affect the comparability and relative rankings. Readers are encouraged to contact the state higher education agencies for individual state perspectives on higher education trends.

SREB welcomes suggestions and comments concerning the Fact Book.

#### **SREB State Profiles**

The SREB State Profiles provide a convenient overview of the progress and national position of the SREB region and each of the individual SREB states. Included are selected data from each of the six statistical chapters. The numbers in parentheses above each column refer to tables elsewhere in the SREB Fact Book that contain more complete information and a full citation of sources.



#### **SREB STATE PROFILES**

### Population

							ementary	
	Resident Population 1996	Projected Percent Increase 1995 to	65 Y and	/ears Over 00s)	ar Students	nd Seconda	ary Educat	Projected Percent Change in High School Graduates 1995-96 to
	(000s)	2025	1995	2025	Fall 1995	1984	1994	2008-09
Refer to Table Number	(1)	(1)	(3)	(3)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(6)
United States	265,284	27	33,532	61,954	44,661,558	29.0	34.4	30
SREB States	91,830	32	11,515	23,976	15,830,029	34.0	38.0	33
Alabama	4,273	23	552	1,069	735,947	36.0	37.7	14
Arkansas	2,510	23	359	731	454,278	26.0	26.1	4
Florida	14,400	46	2,631	5,453	1,311,126	32.0	41.3	77
Georgia	7,353	37	718	1,668		37.0	40.9	45
Kentucky	3,884	12	487	917	638,634	11.0	10.7	10
Louisiana	4,351	18	494	945	781,142	44.0	48.5	-16
Maryland	5,072	25	572	1,029	805,580	42.0	41.9	57
Mississippi	2,716	17	331	615	503,602	51.0	52.2	6
North Carolina	7,323	30	899	2,004	1,165,385	34.0	34.8	39
Oklahoma South Carolina	3,301	24	442	888	616,497	24.0	29.6	5
	3,699	27	440	963	637,519	41.0	43.2	23
Tennessee	5,320	27	658	1,355	880,960	22.0	24.6	16
Texas	19,128	45	1,914	4,364	3,740,260	43.0	52.9	33
Virginia	6,675	23	737	1,515	1,079,854	28.0	32.8	36
West Virginia	1,826	1	279	460	306,451	5.0	4.7	-22



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Economy

			cal Government	ite and Loc	Sta		i		
					enues/	Tax Re	ne i	rsonal Incom	Pe
	nt of	Perce	nditures	Expe	Percent	Per \$1,000	Percent	Percent of	
	ures for	Expendit	ita 1992-93	Per Capi	Increase	Personal	Increase	United	
	ducation	Higher E	Percent of		1982-83 to	Income	1985 to	States	Per Capita
	1992-93	1982-83	United States	Dollars	1992-93	1992-93	1995	1995	1995
Refer to									
Table Number	(10)	(10)	(12)	(12)	(2)	(2)	(9)	(9)	(9)
United States	8.6	9.4	100.0	\$3,986	108.3	\$108	61.1	100.0	\$23,208
SREB States	9.4	10.7	86.2	3,434	120.1	99	62.9	91.5	21,231
Alabama	11.5	12.9	82.4	3,283	103.4	89	72.3	82.6	19,181
Arkansas	11.9	10.4	74.9	2,985	114.9	97	65.9	78.0	18,101
Florida	6.4	7.8	91.9	3,664	171.0	97	60.6	99.4	23,061
Georgia	7.0	8.3	88.8	3,538	147.2	102	68.2	93.7	21,741
Kentucky	10.0	10.8	82.0	3,266	108.9	106	67.2	81.2	18,849
Louisiana	7.9	8.8	96.5	3,845	54.9	98	59.8	81.8	18,981
Maryland	9.8	9.6	93.7	3,734	118.7	106	60.0	113.5	26,333
Mississippi	10.3	12.2	76.7	3,057	103.5	103	74.9	71.9	16,683
North Carolina	12.4	13.7	83.3	3,321	147.7	103	74.0	90.9	21,103
Oklahoma	10.6	13.2	79.4	3,164	55.1	102	44.0	80.1	18,580
South Carolina	10.1	12.0	86.2	3,437	119.7	101	69.6	81.9	18,998
Tennessee	9.6	10.2	77.5	3,088	130.7	90	77.3	90.6	21,038
Texas	10.4	12.5	85.8	3,420	114.9	99	51.7	91.4	21,206
Virginia	9.9	10.6	85.4	3,403	121.0	94	60.9	103.3	23,974
West Virginia	9.1	8.7	87.2	3,476	66.8	108	66.2	76.2	17,687



#### **Enrollment**

		Percent of Total Enrollment, Fall 1994								
	Fall 1994	Two-Year Colleges	Under- graduate	Graduate	First- Professional	Women	Black	Hispanic		
Refer to										
Table Number	(14)	(21)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(27)	(28)	(29)		
United States	14,227,300	38.6	85.9	12.1	2.1	55.4	10.1	7.3		
SREB States	4,408,852	38.5	86.9	11.2	1.9	55.8	15.7	6.9		
Alabama	229,511	35.7	88.2	10.1	1.7	55.4	22.7	0.7		
Arkansas	96,294	22.2	90.6	7.7	1.8	57.1	14.2	0.7		
Florida	634,237	52.3	88.8	9.9	1.4	55.9	12.7	12.8		
Georgia	308,587	30.0	85.4	11.5	3.1	56.2	24.2	1.5		
Kentucky	182,577	27.3	86.6	10.9	2.5	58.4	6.8	0.6		
Louisiana	203,567	14.3	84.8	12.2	3.0	57.4	25.7	2.3		
Maryland	266,214	42.3	82.8	15.6	1.6	57.8	21.0	2.2		
Mississippi	120,884	43.0	89.3	9.1	1.6	56.8	29.1	0.5		
North Carolina	369,386	40.5	88.7	9.5	1.8	56.9	19.8	1.1		
Oklahoma	185,174	36.3	86.0	12.0	1.9	54.7	7.3	2.2		
South Carolina	173,070	36.2	85.6	13.0	1.4	57.5	21.8	0.8		
Tennessee	242,966	33.0	87.0	10.6	2.4	55.7	14.8	0.9		
Texas	954,495	44.6	87.2	10.8	2.0	53.5	9.8	19.5		
Virginia	354,149	38.2	84.9	13.3	1.8	56.1	16.0	2.1		
West Virginia	87,741	9.2	85.3	13.1	1.6	55.8	3.9	0.5		



#### Degrees

531,439 17.2 1,165,841 10.0 399,464 19.7 43,146 13.5 75,263 5.5 United State											
Increase   Increase		lessional <sup>3</sup>	First-Prof	toral	Doc	ter's²	Mas	elor's	Bache	iate's¹	Assoc
1993-94         1993-94 <t< th=""><th></th><th>Change</th><th></th><th>Change</th><th></th><th>Increase</th><th></th><th>Increase</th><th></th><th>Increase</th><th></th></t<>		Change		Change		Increase		Increase		Increase	
(35)         (38)         (38)         (42)         (42)         (46)         (46)         (50)         (50)         Table Numb           531,439         17.2         1,165,841         10.0         399,464         19.7         43,146         13.5         75,263         5.5         United State           157,737         20.6         357,060         17.9         109,422         24.4         11,584         17.8         21,312         9.5         SREB State           7,781         28.3         21,150         24.0         6,092         28.2         476         34.5         908         9.1         Alabama           2,808         7.8         8,549         14.4         2,035         16.0         146         8.1         441         36.1         Arkansas           40,620         20.5         44,075         24.6         14,337         28.6         1,644         31.4         2,382         11.4         Florida           9,419         27.5         26,283         22.8         9,251         25.1         813         1.6         2,015         9.8         Georgia           6,416         19.1         14,629         19.7         4,169         11.4         401							1		1		
531,439       17.2       1,165,841       10.0       399,464       19.7       43,146       13.5       75,263       5.5       United States         157,737       20.6       357,060       17.9       109,422       24.4       11,584       17.8       21,312       9.5       SREB States         7,781       28.3       21,150       24.0       6,092       28.2       476       34.5       908       9.1       Alabama         2,808       7.8       8,549       14.4       2,035       16.0       146       8.1       441       36.1       Arkansas         40,620       20.5       44,075       24.6       14,337       28.6       1,644       31.4       2,382       11.4       Florida         9,419       27.5       26,283       22.8       9,251       25.1       813       1.6       2,015       9.8       Georgia         6,416       19.1       14,629       19.7       4,169       11.4       401       25.3       1,118       -0.8       Kentucky	Refer to							_			
157,737         20.6         357,060         17.9         109,422         24.4         11,584         17.8         21,312         9.5         SREB State           7,781         28.3         21,150         24.0         6,092         28.2         476         34.5         908         9.1         Alabama           2,808         7.8         8,549         14.4         2,035         16.0         146         8.1         441         36.1         Arkansas           40,620         20.5         44,075         24.6         14,337         28.6         1,644         31.4         2,382         11.4         Florida           9,419         27.5         26,283         22.8         9,251         25.1         813         1.6         2,015         9.8         Georgia           6,416         19.1         14,629         19.7         4,169         11.4         401         25.3         1,118         -0.8         Kentucky	Table Number	(50)	(50)	(46)	(46)	(42)	(42)	(38)	(38)	(35)	(35)
157,737       20.6       357,060       17.9       109,422       24.4       11,584       17.8       21,312       9.5       SREB State         7,781       28.3       21,150       24.0       6,092       28.2       476       34.5       908       9.1       Alabama         2,808       7.8       8,549       14.4       2,035       16.0       146       8.1       441       36.1       Arkansas         40,620       20.5       44,075       24.6       14,337       28.6       1,644       31.4       2,382       11.4       Florida         9,419       27.5       26,283       22.8       9,251       25.1       813       1.6       2,015       9.8       Georgia         6,416       19.1       14,629       19.7       4,169       11.4       401       25.3       1,118       -0.8       Kentucky											
7,781       28.3       21,150       24.0       6,092       28.2       476       34.5       908       9.1       Alabama         2,808       7.8       8,549       14.4       2,035       16.0       146       8.1       441       36.1       Arkansas         40,620       20.5       44,075       24.6       14,337       28.6       1,644       31.4       2,382       11.4       Florida         9,419       27.5       26,283       22.8       9,251       25.1       813       1.6       2,015       9.8       Georgia         6,416       19.1       14,629       19.7       4,169       11.4       401       25.3       1,118       -0.8       Kentucky	United States	5.5	75,263	13.5	43,146	19.7	399,464	10.0	1,165,841	17.2	531,439
2,808       7.8       8,549       14.4       2,035       16.0       146       8.1       441       36.1       Arkansas         40,620       20.5       44,075       24.6       14,337       28.6       1,644       31.4       2,382       11.4       Florida         9,419       27.5       26,283       22.8       9,251       25.1       813       1.6       2,015       9.8       Georgia         6,416       19.1       14,629       19.7       4,169       11.4       401       25.3       1,118       -0.8       Kentucky	SREB States	9.5	21,312	17.8	11,584	24.4	109,422	17.9	357,060	20.6	157,737
2,808       7.8       8,549       14.4       2,035       16.0       146       8.1       441       36.1       Arkansas         40,620       20.5       44,075       24.6       14,337       28.6       1,644       31.4       2,382       11.4       Florida         9,419       27.5       26,283       22.8       9,251       25.1       813       1.6       2,015       9.8       Georgia         6,416       19.1       14,629       19.7       4,169       11.4       401       25.3       1,118       -0.8       Kentucky											
40,620       20.5       44,075       24.6       14,337       28.6       1,644       31.4       2,382       11.4       Florida         9,419       27.5       26,283       22.8       9,251       25.1       813       1.6       2,015       9.8       Georgia         6,416       19.1       14,629       19.7       4,169       11.4       401       25.3       1,118       -0.8       Kentucky											
9,419 27.5 26,283 22.8 9,251 25.1 813 1.6 2,015 9.8 Georgia 6,416 19.1 14,629 19.7 4,169 11.4 401 25.3 1,118 -0.8 Kentucky			1		<b>j</b>		1		,		
6,416 19.1 14,629 19.7 4,169 11.4 401 25.3 1,118 -0.8 Kentucky	Florida	11.4	2,382	31.4	1,644	28.6	14,337	24.6	44,075	20.5	40,620
6,416 19.1   14,629 19.7   4,169 11.4   401 25.3   1,118 -0.8 Kentucky	Georgia	9.8	2,015	1.6	813	25.1	9,251	22.8	26,283	27.5	9,419
3,303 28.9 17,787 12.0 5,340 31.3 447 10.4 1,582 8.4 Louisiana	Kentucky	-0.8	1,118	25.3	401	11.4	4,169	19.7	14,629	19.1	6,416
	Louisiana	8.4	1,582	10.4	447	31.3	5,340	12.0	17,787	28.9	3,303
8,292 11.6 20,720 12.0 8,352 28.3 934 14.5 972 0.1 Maryland	Marvland	0.1	972	14.5	934	28.3	8.352	12.0	20.720	11.6	8,292
	Mississippi										
	North Carolina				1						
6,689 7.8 15,734 15.7 4,954 25.6 387 -5.1 846 -8.3 Oklahoma	Oklahoma	-8 3	846	<u>-5 1</u>	387	25.6	1 951	15.7	15 734	7.8	6 689
	South Carolina										
6,894 30.6 19,992 14.5 5,855 20.9 672 7.3 1,296 3.7 Tennessee											
0,004 00.0 10,002 14.0 0,000 20.0 072 7.0 1,200 0.7 Idillicssee	16111163366	J.1	1,230	1.5	012	20.5	0,000	ט.דו	10,002	50.0	0,034
25,787 14.4 69,298 15.6 21,964 22.3 2,732 21.2 4,768 22.1 Texas	Texas	22.1	4,768	21.2	2,732	22.3	21,964	15.6	69,298	14.4	25,787
11,339 35.3 31,226 15.1 10,242 38.1 1,006 19.9 1,839 6.2 Virginia	Virginia	6.2	1,839	19.9	1,006	38.1	10,242	15.1	31,226	35.3	11,339
3,012 9.8 9,045 22.0 2,036 16.4 127 -0.8 367 21.5 West Virgin	West Virginia	21.5	367	-0.8	127	16.4	2,036	22.0	9,045	9.8	3,012

<sup>1</sup> Does not include certificates, diplomas or other non-degree awards.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes post-baccalaureate and post-master's certificates as well as Education Specialist degrees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes degrees in chiropractic, dentistry, law, medicine, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, professional theology and veterinary medicine.

**SREB STATE PROFILES (cont.)** 

#### **Tuition and Student Financial Aid**

	Median Anı	nual Tuition	Federal P	ell Grant			State	Scholarshi	ips and Gra	nts			
	and Requ	ired Fees	Studer	t Aid	Stafford	Loans	for Undergraduates						
	for In-Sta	te Under-	Amoi	ınts		Percent	Need-E	Based	Non Nee	d-Based			
	graduate	Students	Percent		Increase			Percent	Percent				
	Public Ins	stitutions,	Dollars	Increase	Dollars	1987-88		Change		Change			
	1999	1995-96		1995-96		1984-85 to	1992-93	to	1	1984-85 to	1984-85 to		
	Four-Year	Two-Year <sup>2</sup>	(000s)	1993-94	(000s)	1992-93	1994-95	1994-95	1994-95	1994-95			
Refer to													
Table Number	(53)	(54)	(57)	(57)	(59)	(59)	(60)	(60)	(60)	(60)			
United States	\$2,523	\$1,267	\$5,477,018	80.1	   \$12,471,488	34.7	\$2,327,577	101.8	\$360,856	204.9			
SREB States	1,958	1,000	1,793,771	119.3	2,509,916	81.2	263,381	145.5	251,032	306.5			
Alabama	2,024	1,260	101,513	72.3	80,479	46.1	2,281	1.7	6,806	71.0			
Arkansas	1,970	897	54,174	63.7	79,434	83.7	8,907	134.9	740	271.9			
Florida	1,798	1,073	266,057	154.0	302,571	74.5	36,824	163.7	61,886	342.6			
Georgia	1,884	1,128	125,326	157.3	195,235	219.6	5,147	27.4	111,410	966.9			
Kentucky	1,970	980	89,946	66.5	128,694	135.5	25,517	209.6	na	na			
Louisiana	2,017	1,060	124,436	123.6	103,239	97.7	6,429	232.9	6,650	429.5			
Maryland	3,260	1,886	71,755	89.4	130,485	40.9	24,571	233.8	7,064	395.7			
Mississippi	2,385	970	78,914	82.3	110,015	130.3	1,248	3.8	58	-94.6			
North Carolina	1,618	557	113,617	96.6	108,244	103.8	13,774	208.2	28,940	59.4			
Oklahoma	1,666	1,135	89,110	152.8	144,900	137.6	13,325	5 105.4	2,986	3,935.1			
South Carolina	3,060	1,000	69,547	84.5	88,697	164.1	17,297	26.0	na	na			
Tennessee	1,932	1,030	94,810	51.7	148,816	82.8	18,313	3 123.1	833	NA			
Texas	1,790	715	365,414	223.7	558,297	62.9	29,102	30.6	na	na			
Virginia	4,022	1,429	106,595	105.6	196,338	116.7	53,885	5 1,131.9	17,339	55.2			
West Virginia	2,050	1,301	42,556	80.2	-	_	6,761	39.4	6,320	NA			

<sup>&</sup>quot;na" indicates none reported.



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<sup>&</sup>quot;—" indicates that West Virginia's Stafford Loan data cannot be separately identified. See notes for Table 59.

<sup>&</sup>quot;NA" indicates not applicable - none was reported in the earlier year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes institutional categories Four-Year I through Four-Year VI. See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on page 157.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes institutional category Two-Year VII. See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on page 157.

### SREB STATE PROFILES (cont.) Revenues and Expenditures

_											<u>re</u>	renves un	a expenditures
		Perc	ent of Edu	cational a	nd Genera	al Expendi	tures		Perce	nt of Unre	stricted Re	venues	_
		Public F	our-Year			Public T	wo-Year						
			Scholars	hips and			Scholars	hips and			State Gene	ral Purpose	
_	Instr	ction	Fellov	vships	Instru	<u>ictio</u> n	Fellow	rships	Tuition a	nd Fees	Approp	riations	
	1983-84	1993-94	1983-84	1993-94	1983-84	1993-94	1983-84	1993-94	1985-86	1995-96	1985-86	1995-96	
	(80)	(80)	(80)	(80)	(81)	(81)	(81)	(81)	(74)	(74)	(74)	(74)	Refer to Table Number
	40.6 42.0	37.0 38.7	5.9 5.2	7.6 7.3	48.0 47.6	44.8 45.3	7.4 7.0	11.4 12.3	20.0 17.7	27.9 25.7	60.9 60.0	54.1 54.9	United States SREB States
	41.0 40.2 42.1	35.5 35.5 37.4	5.5 8.3 4.2	6.0 10.8 6.0	48.0 41.0 45.1	40.0 41.2 43.5	10.5 12.6 7.1	17.8 13.8 12.0	17.8 17.7 15.9	30.2 26.2 20.8	63.1 61.8 67.6	50.3 54.1 67.9	Alabama Arkansas Florida
	37.5 37.9 37.9	36.6 35.2 36.9	3.2 5.6 6.7	6.1 7.7 9.5	42.4 41.8 40.6	49.4 40.8 45.3	6.6 12.3 7.4	12.9 20.9 17.5	17.2 20.1 19.7	20.3 28.2 35.4	65.7 58.2 56.6	64.9 48.7 47.2	Georgia Kentucky Louisiana
	41.1 38.7 42.7	36.3 35.2 39.7	6.2 10.4 6.0	6.4 10.0 7.6	46.6 49.4 53.6	45.5 48.7 53.6	7.2 12.9 4.1	9.5 17.7 7.5	24.9 21.1 10.5	32.0 25.1 16.8	50.7 49.3 67.1	43.0 51.8 62.5	Maryland Mississippi North Carolina
	48.2 40.7 48.1	38.6 40.0 43.0	5.5 4.8 6.5	10.5 5.6 6.4	53.3 43.8 53.0	44.2 43.3 45.8	8.7 7.3 7.3	17.5 10.8 12.1	11.7 21.3 20.5	24.2 34.3 25.4	65.1 54.8 64.7	54.0 45.6 60.8	Oklahoma South Carolina Tennessee
	44.5 43.3 38.3	41.8 39.8 36.3	3.5 5.4 6.9	6.4 8.8 9.1	47.3 49.7 43.6	43.7 47.1 35.9	5.6 7.5 10.4	10.9 13.3 19.0	15.0 25.1 21.5	21.3 41.7 34.9	55.2 59.5 56.5	52.4 50.7 43.1	Texas Virginia West Virginia

#### **Faculty Salaries**

	Public	Four-Year (	Colleges and	d Universities	Public Two-Year Colleges					
	All Ranks Average Salary	Salary	Ranking	Inflation-Adjusted Percent Change 1990-91 to	All Ranks Average Salary	Salary I	Ranking	Inflation-Adjusted Percent Change 1990-91 to		
	1995-96	1990-91	1995-96	- 1995-96	1995-96	1990-91	1995-96	1995-96		
Refer to	-				_					
Table Number	(61)	(61)	(61)	(61)	(66)	(66)	(66)	(66)		
United States	\$51,504			-0.4	\$41,499			-1.9		
SREB States	47,718			-1.1	36,146			-0.9		
Alabama	44,298	10	11	0.7	38,286	6	2	1.5		
Arkansas	42,309	14	14	1.9	30,596	14	15	-3.1		
Florida	50,489	4	3	-0.6	37,792	5	4	0.0		
Georgia	50,060	6	4	-0.1	37,593	7	5	0.7		
Kentucky	47,871	9	7	2.5	33,250	10	11	0.8		
Louisiana	40,366	12	15	-4.6	32,624	3	12	-17.8		
Maryland	52,525	2	2	-5.4	45,234	1	1	-2.0		
Mississippi	45,359	15	10	11.5	35,161	13	8	11.3		
North Carolina	49,942	3	5	-0.5	32,296	15	13	8.8		
Oklahoma	43,416	11	12	-2.9	35,457	8	7	0.1		
South Carolina	47,036	8	9	-1.5	32,221	12	14	-3.2		
Tennessee	47,638	7	8	4.1	34,925	9	9	-0.7		
Texas	47,947	5	6	-2.2	36,654	4	6	-4.0		
Virginia	52,658	1	1	-5.8	38,114	2	3	-5.5		
West Virginia	42,496	13	13	-1.0	34,126	11	10	3.6		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> SREB Two-Year VII colleges. See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on page 157.



## **SREB STATE PROFILES (cont.)**Faculty and Administrators

		Full-Time	Faculty			Full-Ti	me Admin	istrators	
Four	r-Year Col	leges				Four	r-Year Coll	eges	
 an	d Universi	ties	Two	-Year Coll	eges¹	an	d Universi	<u>ties</u>	
Total	Pe	rcent	Total	Pei	rcent	Total	Per	cent	
 1993-94	Women	Minorities	1993-94	Women	Minorities	1993-94	Women	Minorities	
 (62)	(62)	(62)	(71)	(71)	(71)	(72)	(72)	(72)	Refer to Table Number
269,805	30.0	15.2	96,080	45.1	11.9	52,602	36.6	13.9	United States
87,709	30.6	16.6	34,232	49.0	12.7	19,496	34.8	15.8	SREB States
6,446	31.3	14.8	1,934	49.8	17.6	1,231	30.8	9.5	Alabama
2,823	33.7	13.4	481	51.4	6.2	474	33.1	18.6	Arkansas
8,541	28.0	17.5	5,165	47.6	8.4	2,090	35.0	18.7	Florida
6,314	32.8	15.9	2,593	52.1	13.1	2,224	31.3	13.8	Georgia
5,210	30.8	11.0	na	na	na	1,000	30.9	8.0	Kentucky
4,199	39.5	25.6	566	58.1	18.7	1,009	37.0	27.7	Louisiana
4,480	31.2	24.9	1,943	47.9	13.4	802	36.2	29.6	Maryland
2,780	31.5	23.1	2,128	58.2	10.8	463	28.5	28.9	Mississippi
8,238	29.5	17.9	4,267	49.8	10.7	1,911	35.6	17.2	North Carolina
3,476	28.9	13.8	1,136	45.9	8.9	980	37.6	11.5	Oklahoma
4,152	30.2	12.1	1,660	52.3	13.6	798	29.4	9.0	South Carolina
5,369	32.2	13.6	1,501	50.3	13.3	933	31.9	13.2	Tennessee
13,798	29.5	17.7	8,681	46.0	16.3	2,750	35.9	17.9	Texas
8,772	27.6	16.0	2,012	45.9	9.8	1,965	41.5	13.0	Virginia
3,111	31.9	9.8	165	47.9	3.0	866	39.7	6.2	West Virginia

<sup>&</sup>quot;na" indicates data not available.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> SREB Two-Year VII colleges. See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on page 157.

SREB continuously monitors the availability of new comparative data and publishes the *SREB Fact Book Bulletin* containing updated and expanded information. SREB data is also available on the internet. http://www.peach.net/SREB



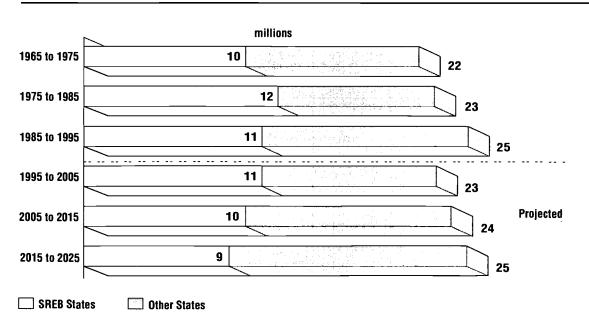


#### **Population**

Over the past 10 years, population growth in the SREB region continued outpacing the national rate of increase. The SREB region's population grew 13 percent compared to the nation's 11 percent increase. From the mid-1990s to 2005, nearly half of the population growth for the nation will occur in the SREB states. The SREB region's population of 91.8 million is projected to increase 12 percent — 10.8 million persons. In the first decade of the 21st century, about one million more people each year will live in the SREB states. Projections indicate that Florida and Texas will be the fastest growing SREB states in the first quarter of the next century.

The racial and ethnic makeup of the population is also projected to change both nationally and in the SREB region. By 2015, the white population in the SREB region will decline from 79 to 76 percent of the total population. The region's black population is projected to rise to 20 percent (22.7 million) and the Hispanic population will grow to 13 percent and will be concentrated in Florida and Texas.<sup>1</sup>

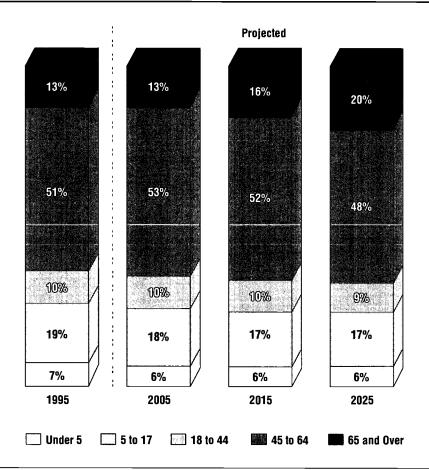
#### **Population Growth**



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race. Consequently the sum of the population subgroups may be greater than 100 percent.

Early in the next century the population is projected to "age" dramatically. Children and young adults under 25 will constitute smaller percentages of the total population of the United States. In the SREB region, the "aging of the population" is projected to be more pronounced. By 2025 the population 65 and over will grow to one-fifth of the population — an increase of 12.5 million senior citizens.

#### **Population Age Distribution, SREB States**



SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of the Census.



#### **Educational Attainment**

The 1990 United States census reported that 75 percent of the nation's adults had earned a high school diploma or had passed the General Education Development exam and that 20 percent had earned a four-year or higher college degree. The proportion of the SREB region's adults with high school credentials (71 percent) stood at 95 percent of the national average; the proportion with a four-year or higher college degree (almost 19 percent) stood at 91 percent of the national average. Census Bureau estimates show that by the mid-1990s the proportion of adults in the SREB region with high school credentials rose to 96 percent of the national average (77 percent of adults). The proportion with four-year or higher college degrees remained at 91 percent of the national average (20 percent of adults).

#### **Education Pipeline**

Enrollment in kindergarten through 12th grade is projected to grow about 9 percent between the mid-1990s and the year 2005 both nationally and in the SREB region. Alabama, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia are projected to have the highest growth rates; ranging from 12 to 15 percent. Looking back, from the mid-1970s to the mid-1980s, fewer children were enrolled in most SREB states; Florida and Texas were the exceptions. Then, school enrollments increased from the mid-1980s to the mid-1990s in all but three SREB states (Kentucky, Louisiana and West Virginia) with enrollments in four SREB states increasing dramatically — Florida (39 percent), Georgia (21 percent), Maryland (20 percent) and Texas (19 percent).

The number of high school graduates from the mid-1990s to 2009 is projected to grow over 30 percent in the nation and in the SREB region. Five SREB states are expected to experience dramatic increases — Florida (77 percent), Georgia (45 percent), Maryland (57 percent), North Carolina (39 percent) and Virginia (36 percent).

Minority children are a growing share of elementary and secondary school enrollment and of high school graduates, representing 40 percent or more of students in seven SREB states (Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, South Carolina and Texas).

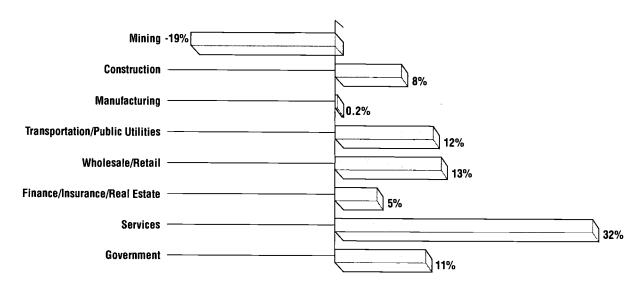
#### **Employment**

Non-agricultural employment growth in the SREB region from 1990 to 1996 was almost double the national growth rate (14 percent compared to 8). The largest sector of the SREB region's labor market, services (growing from 23 percent of all employment to 27 percent), led all others with a growth rate of 32 percent. Employment in wholesale and retail trades had the next highest growth rate (13 percent) followed closely by transportation and public utilities (12 percent); government employment (11 percent). Jobs in mining, construction and manufacturing have declined nationwide in the 1990s, but construction employment was up 8 percent in the SREB region. Even manufacturing held steady across the SREB states. Unemployment in the SREB region in the mid-1990s (5.3 percent) is about where it began the decade (5.1 percent), and about 4.6 million more persons are employed.



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#### Change in Employment, 1990 to 1996, SREB States



SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

#### Personal Income

Over the past 10 years, per capita personal income growth in the SREB region continued to increase faster than nationally. The regional average in 1995 of \$21,231 stood at 92 percent of the national average of \$23,208. From the mid-1980s to the mid-1990s, the regional average gained less ground on the national average (1 percentage point) than in the previous three decades when it gained 2.2 points, 7.1 points and 4.3 points, respectively. Six SREB states (Florida, Louisiana, Maryland, Oklahoma, Texas and Virginia) lost ground to the national average over the past 10 years. Five SREB states (Arkansas, Georgia, Kentucky, South Carolina and West Virginia) gained up to 5 percentage points toward the national average. The remaining four states (Alabama, Mississippi, North Carolina and Tennessee) gained five points or more toward the United States' average.

#### **Government Revenues and Expenditures**

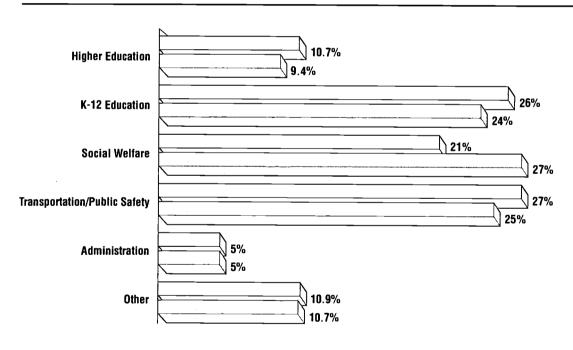
From the early 1980s to the early 1990s, state and local government tax revenues grew faster (120 percent) than personal income (95 percent) in the SREB states. In both cases, the SREB region's revenue growth rates have been above the national average. In the early 1990s, the SREB states' tax revenues per \$1,000 of personal income were 91 percent of the United States' average, compared to 89 percent 10 years before.



Over the same period, state and local government spending more than doubled nationally and in the SREB region. But higher education funding in the SREB region did not keep pace with other budget lines. Colleges and universities were appropriated a smaller share of state and local government funds by 1.3 percentage points than in the early 1980s. This seemingly small decrease represents billions of dollars. Had the percentage for higher education not fallen, colleges and universities in the SREB region would have received roughly \$4 billion more a year. That would have amounted to 36 percent more state and local general operating funds for colleges and universities.

Recent state actions may dampen this trend. Between 1995-96 and 1996-97, total state general fund and "earmarked" appropriations rose 3.5 percent in the SREB region — less than the national average increase of 4.3 percent. Higher education funding increased 5.4 percent nationwide and 4.9 percent in the SREB region.

#### Distribution of State and Local Government Spending, SREB States



**1982-83 1992-93** 

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of the Census.



**TABLE 1**Total Population, Changes and Projections

				Pe	rcent Chang	e		
	Resident Population		Past			P	rojected	
	1996	1965 to	1975 to	1985 to	1995 to	2005 to	2015 to	1995 to
	(000s)	1975	1985	1995	2005	2015	2025	2025
United States SREB States SREB States as a	265,284 91,830	11.4 17.2	10.4 17.4	10.5 13.1	9 12	8 9	8	27 32
Percent of the U								
Alabama	4,273	6.8	8.0	6.9	9	7	5	23
Arkansas	2,510	14.0	7.8	6.8		6	5	23
Florida	14,400	43.1	33.3	25.0	15	14	12	46
Georgia	7,353	16.9	17.7	20.9	17	9	7	37
Kentucky	3,884	10.4	6.5	4.4	6	3	2	12
Louisiana	4,351	11.2	13.4	-1.6	5	7	6	18
Maryland	5,072	15.0	6.6	14.2	8	7	7	25
Mississippi	2,716	6.8	7.9	4.2	8	4	4	17
North Carolina	7,323	14.1	12.7	15.2	14	7	6	30
Oklahoma	3,301	13.7	17.9	0.1	7	9	7	24
South Carolina	3,699	16.4	13.8	11.0	10	8	6	27
Tennessee	5,320	12.6	10.3	11.3	14	7	5	27
Texas	19,128	21.1	29.5	15.5	14	13	12	45
Virginia	6,675	14.4	13.2	15.7	11	8	7	23
West Virginia	1,826	3.1	3.5	-4.3	1	0	0	1

SOURCES: U.S. Bureau of the Census, "Estimates of the Resident Population 1950 to 1996," [Online] http://www.census.gov (December 1996) consistent with Current Population Reports, Series P-25, No. 957, issued October 1984 and with data appearing in the Department of Commerce Press Release CB96-224 (December 30, 1996); and "Projections of the Total Population of States: 1995 to 2025" (Series A) [Online] http://www.census.gov (December 1996).



TABLE 2
State and Local Government General Revenues and Personal Income

	19	992-93 (millio	ens)		cent Increas -83 to 1992	-	Tax Re	1,000
	General Revenues¹	Tax Revenues	Personal Income	General Revenues	Tax Revenues	Personal Income	Personal 1982-83	1992-93
United States SREB States	\$1,038,711 309,434	\$592,927 168,971	\$5,471,129 1,709,023	113.3 126.8	108.3 120.1	89.6 95.2	\$99 88	\$108 99
SREB States as a Percent of the U.S.	29.2	28.0	30.8				88.9	91.2
Alabama	13,792	6,495	72,957	109.2	103.4	95.2	85	89
Arkansas Florida	7,388 50,478	3,856 28,003	39,703 290,074	113.9 182.2	114.9 171.0	85.9 116.5	84 77	97 97
Georgia	25,043	13,791	135,718	126.0	147.2	120.8	91	102
Kentucky Louisiana	12,791 16,869	6,890 7,225	65,131 73,718	119.6 85.4	108.9 54.9	82.0 56.4	92 99	106 98
Maryland	19,840	12,705	120,330	103,4	118.7	101.6	97	106
Mississippi North Carolina	8,610 23,619	4,051 13,729	39,196 133,180	107.9 143.3	103.5 147.7	82.5 115.7	93 90	103 103
Oklahoma	10,470	5,743	56,123	71.3	55.1	48.0	98	102
South Carolina Tennessee	12,366 16,453	6,298 8,691	62,179 96,658	135.7 122.9	119.7 130.7	102.6 107.6	93 81	101 90
	,						-	
Texas Virginia	62,796 22,464	34,883 13,425	351,390 143,094	125.0 126.1	114.9 121.0	82.7 104.6	84 87	99 94
West Virginia	6,455	3,185	29,572	88.3	66.8	61.6	104	108

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> General revenues include intergovernmental transfers from the federal government,tax revenues,charges,fees and miscellaneous.

SOURCES: U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Government Finances in 1982-83* (GF83-5, 1984) (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office) and "1992-93" [Online] http://www.census.gov (November 1996); U.S.Bureau of Economic Analysis, "Personal Income for States and Regions:1929-93," SA-1, unpublished data (1994); and "Personal Income for States and Regions:1990-1995" [Online] http://www.census.gov (November 1996).



**Table 3**Age Distribution of the Population and Projections

					Populatio	on (000s)				
-		Under	5 Years			5 to 1	7 Years		18 to 2	4 Years
	1995	2005	2015	2025	1995	2005	2015	2025	1995	2005
United States	19,591	19,128	21,175	22,500	49,149	52,832	53,348	58,284	24,932	28,267
SREB States	6,691	6,532	7,108	7,417	16,946	18,485	18,477	19,875	8,890	9,996
SREB States as a										
Percent of the U.S.	34.2	34.1	33.6	33.0	34.5	35.0	34.6	34.1	35.7	35.4
Alabama	301	285	296	300	779	834	811	838	442	444
Arkansas	173	167	167	163	477	484	460	463	249	255
Florida	968	922	1,032	1,086	2,403	2,641	2,641	2,894	1,158	1,407
Georgia	551	558	608	628	1,372	1,597	1,591	1,700	728	864
Kentucky	261	244	239	232	712	707	663	656	400	387
Louisiana	336	320	338	346	903	884	887	936	458	487
Maryland	368	353	389	411	904	980	973	1,060	432	519
Mississippi	209	196	193	190	553	573	544	546	302	287
North Carolina	514	. 481	508	510	1,285	1,453	1,368	1,424	715	796
Oklahoma	230	224	242	245	648	628	634	677	329	356
South Carolina	263	248	262	267	682	732	712	743	383	386
Tennessee	365	362	377	377	945	1,046	1,010	1,041	516	575
Texas	1,582	1,629	1,886	2,073	3,819	4,347	4,641	5,277	1,930	2,348
Virginia	464	444	480	502	1,149	1,284	1,269	1,359	658	725
West Virginia	106	99	91	87	315	295	273	261	190	160



TABLE 3 (cont.)

				Populat	ion (000s)					
18 to 2	4 Years		25 to 6	4 Years	·		65 Years	and Ove	<b>r</b>	_
2015	2025	1995	2005	2015	2025	1995	2005	2015	2025	
30,506	30,368	135,551	149,582	159,533	161,942	33,532	36,171	45,571	61,954	United States
10,737	10,581	46,576	53,300	57,361	58,082	11,515	13,145	17,275	23,976	SREB States SREB States as a
35.2	34.8	34.4	35.6	36.0	35.9	34.3	36.3	37.9	38.7	Percent of the U.S.
474	452	2,179	2,455	2,590	2,565	552	613	785	1,069	Alabama
250	235	1,226	1,442	1,512	1,463	359	402	533	731	Arkansas
1,536	1,524	7,006	8,398	,463	9,753	2,631	2,911	3,825	5,453	Florida
937	916	3,831	4,542	4,889	4,957	718	852	1,175	1,668	Georgia
384	355	2,001	2,222	2,259	2,154	487	538	686	917	Kentucky
501	498	2,150	2,289	2,409	2,408	494	555	705	945	Louisiana
563	555	2,767	3,004	3,174	3,219	572	611	763	1,029	Maryland
294	278	1,302	1,489	1,548	1,513	331	363	456	615	Mississippi
839	787	3,782	4,416	4,680	4,624	899	1,081	1,445	2,004	North Carolina
358	356	1,629	1,779	1,901	1,891	442	504	654	888	Oklahoma
416	400	1,906	2,150	2,283	2,272	440	517	696	963	South Carolina
598	567	2,772	3,223	3,386	3,325	658	760	994	1,355	Tennessee
2,639	2,746	9,479	10,866	12,025	12,723	1,914	2,297	3,089	4,364	Texas
793	771	3,611	4,026	4,270	4,319	737	845	1,109	1,515	Virginia
155	141	937	999	972	896	279	296	360	460	West Virginia

Sources: U.S. Bureau of the Census, "Resident Population of the U.S., Regions, and States by Selected Age Groups and Sex 1990 to 1995," [Online] http://www.census.gov consistent with Release CB96-88 (May 31,1996); and "Projections of the Population, By Age and Sex, of States: 1995 to 2025" [Online] http://www.census.gov (December 1996).

**TABLE 4**Projected Racial and Ethnic Composition of the Population

			1994 (000s			Per	cent of To	ital Populat	ion
	All		(****				1	994	
	Races	White	Black	Hispanic <sup>1</sup>	Other <sup>2</sup>	White	Black	Hispanic¹	Other <sup>2</sup>
United States	260,341	216,477	32,670	26,073	11,195	83.2	12.5	10.0	4.3
SREB States SREB States as a	89,408	70,654	16,704	7,881	2,051	79.0	18.7	8.8	2.3
Percent of the U.S.	34.3	32.6	51.1	30.2	18.3				
Alabama	4,219	3,096	1,079	31	44	73.4	25.6	0.7	1.0
Arkansas	2,453	2,035	389	27	29	83.0	15.9	1.1	1.2
Florida	13,951	11,671	2,025	1,872	254	83.7	14.5	13.4	1.8
Georgia	7,055	4,968	1,966	140	121	70.4	27.9	2.0	1.7
Kentucky	3,827	3,527	272	23	28	92.2	7.1	0.6	0.7
Louisiana	4,315	2,882	1,364	101	68	66.8	31.6	2.4	1.6
Maryland	5,002	3,490	1,320	163	192	69.8	26.4	3.3	3.8
Mississippi	2,669	1,687	958	19	24	63.2	35.9	0.7	0.9
North Carolina	7,069	5,344	1,568	96	157	75.6	22.2	1.4	2.2
Oklahoma	3,258	2,703	251	102	304	83.0	7.7	3.1	9.3
South Carolina	3,664	2,526	1,102	36	36	68.9	30.1	1.0	1.0
Tennessee	5,175	4,284	839	43	52	82.8	16.2	8.0	1.0
Texas	18,378	15,632	2,235	5,022	511	85.1	12.2	27.3	2.8
Virginia	6,551	5,055	1,277	196	219	77.2	19.5	3.0	3.3
West Virginia	1,823	1,754	58	9	11	96.2	3.2	0.5	0.6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race. Consequently, the sum of the subgroups is greater than 100 percent.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Other" includes American Indians, Eskimos, Alleutians, Asians and Pacific Islanders.

TABLE 4 (cont.)

		P	ercent of To	ital Populatio	n			
	2	015			2	025		
White	Black	Hispanic <sup>1</sup>	Other <sup>2</sup>	White	Black	Hispanic <sup>1</sup>	Other <sup>2</sup>	
80 76	14 20	15 13	7	78 75	14 21	18 15	8	United States SREB States SREB States as a Percent of the U.S.
73	26	1	1	72	26	1	2	Alabama
83	15	2	2	83	15	2	2	Arkansas
81	17	21	3	80	17	24	3	Florida
66	32	3	2	64	34	4	3	Georgia
91	8	1	1	91	8	1	1	Kentucky
63	35	4	2	61	36	4	3	Louisiana
63	31	6	6	60	33	7	7	Maryland
62	36	1	1	62	37	1	1	Mississippi
74	23	2	3	73	24	2	3	North Carolina
79	10	5	11	78	11	6	11	Oklahoma
69	30	1	1	68	30	2	1	South Carolina
- 81	18	1	1	80	18	2	2	Tennessee
82	14	34	4	81	14	38	5	Texas
72	22	5	6	70	23	6	6	Virginia
96	3	1	1	95	4	1	1	West Virginia

SOURCES: U.S. Bureau of the Census, "Estimates of the Population of States by Race and Hispanic Origin, July, 1994," [Online] http://www.census.gov (November 1996) consistent with Releases PE-47,48, PPL-49,50 (August 20, 1996); "ST-96-1 Estimates of the Population of States: Annual Time Series, July 1, 1990, to July 1, 1996," consistent with data appearing in the Department of Commerce Press Release CB96-224 (December 30, 1996); "Projected State Populations, by Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1995 to 2025" (Series A) [Online] http://www.census.gov (December 1996); and "Projections of the Total Population of States: 1995 to 2025" (Series A) [Online] http://www.census.gov (December 1996).

**TABLE 5**Elementary and Secondary Public School Enrollment

		P	ercent Chan	ge			
		Past F					
		1975 to 1985 t		1995 to		Percent Mind	
	Fall 1995	1985	1995	2005	1976	1984	1994
United States	44,661,558	-12.1	13.3	9	23.9	29.0	34.4
SREB States	15,830,029	-3.2	13.6	9	30.11	34.01	38.01
SREB States as a	, ,			]			
Percent of the U.S.	35.4						
Alabama	735,947	-3.8	0.8	14	34.1	36.0	37.7
Arkansas	454,278	-5.1	4.8	3	23.2	26.0	26.1
Florida	2,172,794	0.7	39.1	8	30.0	32.0	41.3
Georgia	1,311,126	-1.0	21.4	9	35.3	37.0	40.9
Kentucky	638,634	-6.9	-0.8	5	10.1	11.0	10.7
Louisiana	781,142	-6.9	-0.9	3	42.0	44.0	48.5
Maryland	805,580	-23.8	20.0	15	30.1	42.0	41.9
Vississippi	503,602	-8.0	6.9	0	49.0	51.0	52.2
North Carolina	1,165,385	-8.3	7.3	13	31.4	34.0	34.8
Oklahoma	616,497	-0.4	4.1	0	22.0	24.0	29.6
South Carolina	637,519	3.7	5.1	12	41.7	41.0	43.2
Tennessee	880,960	-7.2	8.3	8	22.0	22.0	24.6
Texas	3,740,260	11.3	19.4	9	40.8	43.0	52.9
Virginia	1,079,854	-12.3	11.5	1 14	25.7	28.0	32.8
West Virginia	306,451	-11.4	-14.4	-1	4.6	5.0	4.7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>These rates are calculated from the medians of the state rates in the SREB region.

SOURCES: National Center for Education Statistics, Digest of Education Statistics, 1976 (1976) and 1996 (1996); Key Statistics for Public Elementary and Secondary Education:
School Year 1987-88 (1987); Projections of Education Statistics to 2006 (1996); and Statistics in Brief (September 1996) (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office).



**TABLE 6** Public High School Graduates

		Р	ercent Chan	ge			
		Pa	ast	Projected			
	1995-96	1975-76 to 1985-86	1985-86 to 1995-96	1995-96 to 2008-09	Percent 1991-92	Minority 1994-95	
United States	0 204 700	16.0		20	-		
SREB States	2,304,722	-16.0 -7.5	-3.3	30	26.4	27.7	
SREB States as a	753,372	-7.5	-3.6	33	33.2	34.3	
Percent of the U.S.	32.7						
rencent of the U.S.	32.1						
Alabama	36,352	-15.2	-8.2	14	34.1	34.8	
Arkansas	26,429	-3.0	0.8	4	21.9	23.6	
Florida	90,617	-7.2	9.1	77	34.3	37.3	
	,			ŀ			
Georgia	59,406	-3.2	0.5	45	35.6	35.6	
Kentucky	36,162	-10.7	-29.8	10	9.0	9.1	
Louisiana	35,576	-15.8	-11.0	-16	41.7	44.0	
Maryland	41,600	-16.7	-10.9	57	32.3	32.3	
Mississippi	23,129	-9.0	-8.0	6	49.7	50.0	
North Carolina	56,424	-6.6	-14.3	39	31.0	31.6	
Oklahoma	32,864	-8.5	-4.6	5	21.6	22.5	
South Carolina	32,500	-9.4	-5.8	23	39.6	40.8	
Tennessee	43,525	-13.7	0.6	16	20.0	20.3	
_							
Texas	168,465	0.8	4.5	33	45.5	46.6	
Virginia	59,603	-4.5	-5.6	36	26.8	28.0	
West Virginia	20,720	-12.1	-5.3	-22	4.4	4.4	

SOURCES: National Center for Education Statistics, Digest of Education Statistics 1975 (1976), 1987 (1987), and 1996 (1996); Projections of Education Statistics to 2006 (1996) (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office).

**TABLE 7**Non-Agricultural Employment

				April 19	996 (000s)				
	Total	Mining	Construction	Manu- facturing	Trans- portation and Public Utilities	Wholesale and Retail Trade	Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	Service	Governmen
United States	118,741	567	5,197	18,197	6,251	27,700	6,912	34,128	19,789
SREB States	40,401	341	1,926	6,121	2,128	9,387	1,981	10,484	7,063
Alabama	1,819	11	86	393	89	405	77	391	348
Arkansas	1,082	3	43	259	63	240	42	234	180
Florida	6,173	7	301	483	302	1,539	374	2,040	936
Georgia	3,371	8	146	588	213	846	172	821	576
Kentucky	1,637	26	73	312	90	390	64	390	294
Louisiana	1,758	45	99	186	107	411	80	469	361
Maryland	2,174	1	126	175	106	522	128	689	428
Mississippi	1,073	5	45	261	50	224	40	231	218
North Carolina	3,436	4	172	862	163	784	143	748	560
Oklahoma	1,306	32	47	169	73	308	65	339	273
South Carolina		2	85	380	71	380	68	361	298
Tennessee	2,480	5	106	543	136	574	109	627	379
Texas	7,966	155	399	1,025	470	1,920	434	2,100	1,464
Virginia	3,055	12	165	402	155	688	160	863	610
West Virginia	684	27	33	82	40	157	27	181	137



TABLE 7 (cont.)

			Pe	rcent Chang	e, April 1990	to April 19	96		
Total	Mining	Construction	Manu- facturing	Trans- portation and Public Utilities	Wholesale and Retail Trade	Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	Service	Government	
7.6	-24.9	-2.4	-6.2	6.4	5.9	-0.1	22.9	8.6	United States
13.7	-19.1	8.2	0.2	12.4	12.5	4.6	32.0	11.1	SREB States
13.4	-6.8	14.0	-1.0	11.0	21.0	9.5	32.5	7.1	Alabama
18.5	-19.5	40.4	10.8	18.4	18.1	9.4	32.1	13.3	Arkansas
12.3	-25.0	-7.5	-11.6	10.9	6.5	2.2	32.9	12.1	Florida
16.9	-12.6	10.4	3.8	17.2	16.9	7.6	38.2	10.6	Georgia
13.6	-27.5	7.7	9.7	21.4	13.7	7.0	23.7	11.4	Kentucky
18.0	-13.7	35.8	9.6	2.0	15.7	4.3	37.3	13.3	Louisiana
1.3	-29.4	-22.0	-15.1	4.2	-1.7	-3.9	16.6	1.5	Maryland
15.6	-23.0	39.4	1.2	4.3	14.6	2.9	51.5	8.2	Mississippi
12.9	-26.0	10.2	-1.6	6.5	11.2	13.1	35.1	18.1	North Carolina
15.0	-29.4	39.7	3.8	15.1	13.7	19.6	35.8	5.6	Oklahoma
8.2	5.6	-11.8	-5.4	10.9	14.2	-0.3	32.4	3.6	South Carolina
17.3	-29.2	17.1	1.6	18.7	18.2	8.6	37.3	15.1	Tennessee
18.8	-13.3	34.6	7.5	17.7	17.1	2.0	33.5	17.2	Texas
6.4	-36.8	-13.6	-6.7	5.0	7.1	3.7	23.1	3.1	Virginia
11.4	-28.0	40.5	-6.3	8.7	11.0	12.3	30.8	8.7	West Virginia

SOURCES: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment and Earnings, June 1990 (1990); and June 1996 (1996) (Washington, D.C.).



**TABLE 8**Unemployment in the Civilian Labor Force (seasonally adjusted)

			Арі	ril		
	Civili	an Labor Force	(000s)	Une	nployment Rat	es
	1980	1990	1996	1980	1990	1996
United States	106,511	126,543	133,361	6.8	5.3	5.4
SREB States SREB States as a	32,111	41,115	45,668	5.6	5.1	5.3
Percent of the U.S.	30.1	32.5	34.2			
Alabama	1,619	1,905	2,056	7.5	6.3	5.5
Arkansas	957	1,141	1,230	6.2	6.4	4.6
Florida	3,904	6,297	6,954	4.8	5.5	5.2
Georgia	2,377	3,187	3,737	5.9	4.7	4.6
Kentucky	1,578	1,775	1,828	6.2	6.1	5.2
Louisiana	1,720	1,862	1,985	7.1	5.9	6.3
Maryland	2,107	2,520	2,712	6.0	3.3	5.0
Mississippi	1,009	1,179	1,275	6.4	6.7	6.3
North Carolina	2,732	3,367	3,722	5.5	3.6	4.4
Oklahoma	1,319	1,522	1,562	3.7	5.0	4.4
South Carolina	1,268	1,703	1,866	5.9	4.0	5.5
Tennessee	1,978	2,372	2,751	6.4	4.9	4.8
Texas	6,287	8,386	9,713	4.8	6.0	6.1
Virginia	2,498	3,145	3,474	4.5	3.4	4.3
West Virginia	758	754	804	9.5	6.7	7.7

SOURCES: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment & Earnings, July 1980 (1980), July 1990 (1990), and July 1996 (1996) (Washington, DC).



**TABLE 9**Per Capita Personal Income

			Percent	Increase				Percent o	f	
		1955 to	1965 to	1975 to	1985 to		Unite	d States A	verage	
	1995	1965	1975	1985	1995	1955	1965	1975	1985	1995
United States	\$23,208	49.6	114.4	136.7	61.1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SREB States	21,231	58.0	133.0	142.7	62.9	76.9	81.2	88.3	90.5	91.5
Alabama	19,181	58.2	133.9	137.2	72.3	66.9	70.7	77.1	77.3	82.6
Arkansas	18,101	59.8	143.9	137.6	65.9	62.1	66.3	75.5	75.7	78.0
Florida	23,061	50.1	134.0	145.8	60.6	87.7	87.9	96.0	99.7	99.4
Georgia	21,741	58.1	128.6	151.9	68.2	74.8	79.1	84.3	89.7	93.7
Kentucky	18,849	57.4	130.8	131.6	67.2	70.6	74.3	80.0	78.3	81.2
Louisiana	18,981	53.2	131.0	141.1	59.8	73.4	75.1	80.9	82.4	81.8
Maryland	26,333	49.5	121.8	145.9	60.0	106.4	106.3	110.0	114.2	113.5
Mississippi	16,683	60.4	146.7	130.5	74.9	55.1	59.1	68.0	66.2	71.9
North Carolina	21,103	55.8	133.3	144.7	74.0	71.9	74.8	81.4	84.2	90.9
Oklahoma	18,580	55.7	131.3	137.2	44.0	79.6	82.8	89.4	89.6	80.1
South Carolina	18,998	58.2	139.4	141.3	69.6	64.6	68.3	76.3	77.8	81.9
Tennessee	21,038	59.9	133.4	140.3	77.3	69.7	74.5	81.1	82.4	90.6
Texas	21,206	43.6	136.0	144.5	51.7	88.9	85.3	94.0	97.1	91.4
Virginia	23,974	56.5	129.8	155.2	60.9	85.6	89.5	95.9	103.4	103.3
West Virginia	17,687	60.5	133.3	115.9	66.2	69.4	74.4	81.0	73.9	76.2

SOURCES: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, "Personal Income for States and Regions, 1929 to 1993," unpublished data (1994); and "Personal Income for States and Regions: 1990-1995" [Online] http://www.census.gov (November 1996).

**TABLE 10**Percent Distribution of State and Local Government General Expenditures and Dollar Value of Change in the Higher Education Percentage

		Higher	Education		_			
			Percentage Gained	Dollar Value of Change		tary and Education		elfare and aintenance
	1982-83	1992-93	or Lost	(millions)	1982-83	1992-93	1982-83	1992-93
United States	9.4	8.6	-0.8	\$ -8,368	24.2	23.4	22.6	25.9
SREB States	10.7	9.4	-1.3	-3,943	25.6	24.0	21.4	26.6
Alabama	12.9	11.5	-1.5	-200	22.0	18.5	23.3	33.8
Arkansas	10.4	11.9	1.5	108	26.1	24.3	23.7	28.6
Florida	7.8	6.4	-1.4	-704	25.6	22.2	20.0	22.6
Georgia	8.3	7.0	-1.3	-310	22.9	24.2	29.9	31.5
Kentucky	10.8	10.0	-0.7	-91	23.7	21.1	19.5	27.5
Louisiana	8.8	7.9	-0.9	-150	21.0	20.1	21.9	32.7
Maryland	9.6	9.8	0.3	47	22.8	24.2	19.5	19.6
Mississippi	12.2	10.3	-1.9	-153	21.5	23.7	28.0	31.1
North Carolina	13.7	12.4	-1.3	-290	26.4	23.3	21.7	27.4
Oklahoma	13.2	10.6	-2.6	-269	27.5	26.3	22.0	26.0
South Carolina	12.0	10.1	-1.9	-238	27.5	23.5	24.8	32.9
Tennessee	10.2	9.6	-0.5	-85	21.8	20.1	24.3	32.4
Texas	12.5	10.4	-2.1	-1,285	30.3	27.9	17.7	24.7
Virginia	10.6	9.9	-0.7	-145	27.1	26.1	19.3	21.3
West Virginia	8.7	9.1	0.4	24	27.3	26.7	18.6	28.9

This amount refers to the dollar value of the increase in the percentage of expenditures for those states with increases (Arkansas, Maryland and West Virginia) or, for the states or region with a decrease, the dollars they would have received had the percentage of expenditures remained the same. (See Table 12 for the total expenditure base.)



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Other" includes the following expenditure types: interest on the general debt, miscellaneous commercial activities, other and unallocable spending, intergovernmental transfers and other education.

# TABLE 10 (cont.)

	ner²	Oth	stration	Admini	rtation, afety and t & Housing	
	1992-93	1982-83	1992-93	1982-83	1992-93	1982-83
United States	12.6	13.0	5.1	5.3	24.5	25.5
SREB States	10.7	10.9	4.9	4.9	24.4	26.6
Alabama	10.5	13.0	4.2	4.6	21.5	24.1
Arkansas	8.9	11.1	4.0	4.7	22.3	24.1
Florida	12.9	10.2	5.8	5.5	30.1	31.1
Georgia	9.3	7.9	4.7	4.6	23.4	26.4
Kentucky	14.5	14.6	4.2	4.9	22.7	26.6
Louisiana	13.0	14.2	4.5	4.9	21.8	29.1
Maryland	13.9	16.0	5.6	4.8	26.8	27.4
Mississippi	9.2	9.0	4.3	4.1	21.5	25.2
North Carolina	8.8	9.4	4.4	4.6	23.6	24.3
Oklahoma	9.3	6.6	5.4	5.0	22.4	25.8
South Carolina	8.5	10.1	4.6	4.5	20.4	21.1
Tennessee	10.1	13.1	4.0	4.1	23.8	26.7
Texas	9.2	9.0	4.6	4.7	23.3	25.8
Virginia	10.4	10.1	6.0	6.5	26.1	26.4
West Virginia	11.7	15.5	4.8	5.0	18.8	25.0

SOURCES: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Governmental Finances in 1982-83 (GF-83 No. 5, 1983) (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office); and "1992-93" [Online] http://www.census.gov (November 1996).

**TABLE 11**State General Fund and "Earmarked" Appropriations

				Percent Cha	ange 1995-96	to 1996-971		
	Total 1996-97 (millions)	Total	Elementary & Secondary Education	Higher Education	Corrections	Aid to Families With Dependent Children	Medicaid <sup>2</sup>	Other
United States	\$413,377	4.3	5.4	5.1	6.2	-6.2	5.3	2.9
SREB States	124,217	3.5	4.9	5.3	6.4	-9.0	1.3	1.9
SREB States as a								
Percent of the U	J.S. 30.0							
Alabama	8,173	5.1	6.3	0.7	1.1	-23.0	12.3	4.9
Arkansas	3,140	3.8	6.2	1.7	10.8	-0.6	7.6	-1.4
Florida	17,269	5.0	7.7	11.4	9.0	-8.6	7.6	-5.4
Georgia	11,061	4.6	8.8	7.1	-1.0	-1.1	-2.1	2.6
Kentucky	5,683	0.8	2.8	4.8	8.4	-16.3	9.5	-7.8
Louisiana	5,402	-1.9	5.1	8.9	9.5	-5.7	-39.8	4.6
Maryland	7,428	0.2	2.8	3.5	-0.1	-1.3	5.5	-4.9
Mississippi	3,223	-6.8	-0.7	-1.3	4.4	-18.7	-38.1	3.4
North Carolina	10,820	9.5	8.7	7.8	8.3	1.7	11.0	11.9
Oklahoma	4,740	14.0	5.9	12.4	17.2	-14.0	5.7	27.5
South Carolina	5,351	4.8	6.3	4.6	15.0	0.0	4.5	2.2
Tennessee	5,803	4.8	7.1	4.0	0.9	-59.7	-1.6	11.8
Texas	22,624	0.1	-1.5	-0.2	5.1	-3.4	6.5	-3.3
Virginia	8,221	5.8	10.1	8.9	12.2	-14.6	6.0	-0.6
West Virginia	2,572	-0.6	0.0	4.1	5.7	1.4	-8.1	-0.7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 1996-97 appropriations are here compared to end-of-year expenditures for 1995-96.

SOURCES: Snell, Ronald K.and Arturo Perez. State Budget Actions 1996 (1996); (Denver, CO: National Conference of State Legislatures).



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Medicaid includes dollars from the general fund; from taxes,fees and donations; and from other "own-source"funds.

TABLE 12
State and Local Government General Expenditures

	Total General	Percent Increase	Pe	er Capita Expenditur	es
	1992-93	1982-83 to		Percent of U	.S. Average
	(millions)	1992-93	1992-93	1982-83	1992-93
United States	\$1,027,488	120.3	\$3,986	100.0	100.0
SREB States SREB States as a	302,701	127.6	3,434	85.3	86.2
Percent of the U.S.	29.5		86.2		
Alabama	13,727	107.8	3,283	84.2	82.4
Arkansas	7,237	126.6	2,985	69.4	74.9
Florida	50,280	186.2	3,664	81.9	91.9
Georgia	24,416	138.5	3,538	89.6	88.8
Kentucky	12,391	114.7	3,266	78.3	82.0
Louisiana	16,492	75.4	3,845	107.3	96.5
Maryland	18,493	94.0	3,734	110.8	93.7
Mississippi	8,068	101.4	3,057	78.2	76.7
North Carolina	23,089	153.6	3,321	75.1	83.3
Oklahoma	10,227	76.8	3,164	88.1	79.4
South Carolina	12,468	163.8	3,437	73.2	86.2
Tennessee	15,728	124.8	3,088	75.3	77.5
Texas	61,728	126.9	3,420	86.6	85.8
Virginia	22,035	132.2	3,403	85.5	85.4
West Virginia	6,321	86.5	3,476	87.4	87.2

SOURCES: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Governmental Finances in 1982-83 (GF83-5, 1984) (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office); and "1992-93" [Online] http://www.census.gov (November 1996); Current Population Reports, Series P-25, No. 1106 "State Population Estimates by Age and Sex 1980 to 1992 (1993) (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office); "Estimates of the Resident Population 1990 to 1995," [Online] http://www.census.gov (November 1996) consistent with Release CB96-10 (January 26, 1996).

 TABLE 13

 Percent Distribution of State and Local Government General Revenues

	From F	ederal				Ta	xes				Other	Non-Tax
	Govern	ment	Genera	l Sales	Prop	erty	Inc	ome	Ot	her	1	enues
	1982-83	1992-93	1982-83	<b>1992-9</b> 3	1982-83	1992-93	1982-83	1992-93	1982-83	1992-93	1982-83	1992-93
United States	18.5	15.2	13.3	10.6	18.3	14.4	14.3	11.4	12.5	8.9	23.1	39.5
SREB States	18.7	19.8	14.6	15.7	15.1	15.7	9.5	9.5	16.6	13.7	25.5	25.6
Alabama	21.5	23.5	14.2	14.1	6.0	5.6	11.1	11.5	17.2	15.9	30.1	29.4
Arkansas	24.2	25.9	13.6	18.0	10.9	8.5	13.8	14.3	13.6	11.3	23.9	21.9
Florida	15.5	16.0	18.6	19.0	19.8	20.1	2.1	1.5	17.2	14.9	26.7	28.5
Georgia	21.9	18.9	13.3	15.9	13.8	16.2	14.3	15.4	9.0	7.6	27.7	26.0
Kentucky	23.6	23.4	12.0	11.5	10.2	9.1	17.6	18.5	16.8	14.8	19.8	22.7
Louisiana	18.4	27.4	18.7	16.8	7.2	7.0	6.1	7.0	19.3	12.1	30.4	29.8
Maryland	18.3	15.9	8.9	8.7	15.6	18.2	23.5	24.6	11.6	12.6	22.2	20.1
Mississippi	23.9	27.7	18.4	16.5	10.3	11.9	6.5	8.8	12.8	9.8	28.1	25.3
North Carolina	21.0	19.8	11.0	14.1	13.4	12.5	19.1	19.9	13.7	11.7	21.9	22.1
Oklahoma	17.6	19.0	13.1	15.5	10.2	9.0	12.3	13.8	25.0	16.6	21.8	26.1
South Carolina	20.0	21.3	13.2	12.9	13.4	14.9	16.1	13.5	11.9	9.6	25.4	27.8
Tennessee	23.0	23.6	21.0	22.3	13.1	11.5	3.5	2.8	13.5	16.3	26.0	23.5
Texas	14.7	18.9	14.5	17.7	21.4	21.5	0.0	0.0	22.2	16.3	27.1	25.5
Virginia	16.9	14.0	9.8	9.7	18.1	18.9	17.4	17.6	15.8	13.5	22.0	26.3
West Virginia	21.8	28.3	21.7	11.1	10.3	9.1	10.4	12.4	13.2	16.8	22.5	22.3

SOURCES: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Governmental Finances in 1982-83 (GF-83 No.5, 1984) (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office); and "1992-93" [Online] http://www.census.gov (November 1996).



#### **College Enrollment and Enrollment Rates**

The SREB region accounted for almost half of the nation's total increase in college enrollment from the mid-1980s to the mid-1990s and now accounts for 31 percent of the nation's 14.2 million college students. More than 888,000 more students are enrolled in colleges in the SREB states than in the mid-1980s — a 25 percent increase, much higher than the national rate of increase of 15 percent. Enrollment in public colleges and universities grew faster than in independent colleges. By the mid-1990s, public colleges and universities enrolled 78 percent of the nation's and 85 percent of the SREB region's college students.

The fact that the SREB region accounted for nearly half of the nation's enrollment growth stems from changes in college enrollment rates, particularly among 18- to 24-year-olds. While college enrollment rates in the SREB region still lag behind the national rates, they are catching up, and 27 percent of 18- to 24-year-olds now enroll in the SREB region's colleges and universities along with 7 percent of the 25- to 34-year-olds, and 1.8 percent of adults 35 and over. These increases have more than compensated for the shrinking number of high school graduates from the late 1970s until 1990.

# Table 18- to 24-Year-Olds 27% 27% 30% 25- to 34-Year-Olds Adults 35 and Over 1.8% 2.1% SREB States United States

SOURCES: National Center for Education Statistics; U.S. Bureau of the Census.



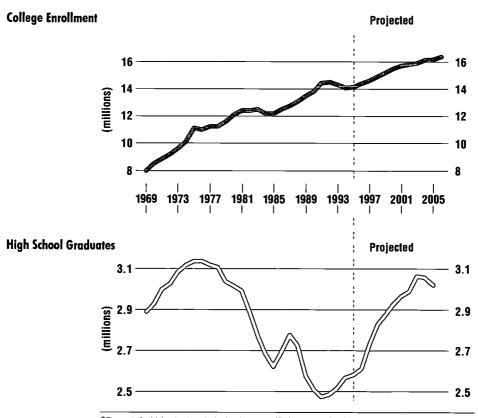
#### **More Adults Attending College**

The proportion of college students in the SREB region between the ages of 18 and 24 decreased between the late 1980s and the early 1990s. In 1987 those of "traditional college age" comprised 58 percent of all students. By 1993, the proportion had dropped one percentage point to 57 percent. Students 25 years old or older then made up 41 percent of college enrollment.

#### Student Movement from State to State

More first-time college freshmen come to colleges and universities in the SREB region than leave to attend elsewhere. By 1994, 87 percent of first-time freshmen from SREB states attended college in their home states. A significantly larger percentage of first-time freshmen attend college in their home states than in 1988 in three SREB states: Florida (up 1.5 percentage points), Georgia (up 5 percentage points) and Virginia (up 2.4 percentage points).

## College Enrollment and High School Graduates,\* United States



<sup>\*</sup>The scale for high school graduates has been magnified to show a visual correlation with college enrollment.



SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics.

#### Full-Time-Equivalent Enrollment

Almost 2.9 million full-time-equivalent students attended public higher education institutions in the SREB states in 1995-96. The 26 largest doctoral-granting research universities in the region enroll more than one-fifth of the full-time-equivalent students — ranging from 14 percent in Georgia and Mississippi to 32 percent in West Virginia. Florida was the only SREB state where fewer than half of the full-time-equivalent students in public higher education attended four-year colleges and universities.

#### Students Attending Four-Year and Two-Year Colleges

Over half of the total enrollment growth from 1984 to 1994 was in two-year colleges. The enrollment growth rate of the SREB region's two-year colleges from 1984 to 1994 (36 percent) was well above the growth rate in four-year colleges (20 percent). Both nationwide and in the SREB region, the increases in public four-year college and university enrollment was less than that in the private or independent sector.

Almost 39 percent of all college students in the SREB states attended two-year colleges — up from 36 percent in 1984. Nearly all two-year college students (98 percent) attended public two-year colleges. Women made up 59 percent of all two-year college students in 1994 compared to 57 percent in 1984.

#### **Undergraduate Students**

From 1990 to 1994, undergraduate enrollment grew even though the proportion of undergraduates who were first-time freshmen declined. In 1994, first-time freshmen were a smaller proportion (17 percent) of undergraduate enrollment than in 1990 when they were 19 percent. Undergraduate students account for 87 percent of the SREB region's college students, and 86 percent of them attend public colleges and universities.

#### **Part-Time Students**

In four-year colleges, 29 percent of all college students in the SREB states now attend part time. In the region's two-year colleges, part-time students were 61 percent of the total in 1994. A higher percentage of students in four-year colleges attend part time than in 1984, while a slightly lower percentage of two-year college students attend part time. Women account for 59 percent of the SREB region's part-time students.

#### **Women Students**

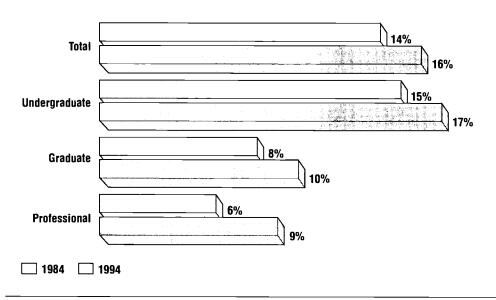
By 1994, women made up 56 percent of the SREB region's college enrollment. The increase in the number of women enrolling in colleges and universities from 1984 to 1994 (33 percent) accounted for 77 percent of the total enrollment growth in the nation — 68 percent of the growth in the SREB region. Women now outnumber men among undergraduates (56 percent) and graduate students (55 percent) and represent 39 percent of the students enrolled in professional programs. In the SREB states, the percentages of undergraduate and graduate students who are women exceed the national averages. But the SREB region trails the national rate of 41 percent for women enrolled in professional programs.



#### **Black Students**

Since 1984, the number of black students in the SREB region increased nearly twice as fast as total enrollment — a 45 percent increase compared to 25 percent for total enrollment growth. With these increases, black students now comprise a larger share of the region's

#### Representation of Black Students, SREB States



SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics.

college students — 16 percent compared to 14 percent 10 years earlier. Black students represented 17 percent of undergraduates and 10 percent of graduate students. The percentage of students in professional programs such as law and dentistry who are black grew from 6 percent to over 9 percent. Black young adults 18 to 24 years old are 24 percent of the college-age population in the SREB region. For the first time, in 1994 less than one-third of black students attended predominantly black colleges or universities.

#### **Hispanic Students**

Between 1984 and 1994, the number of Hispanic students enrolled has increased rapidly nationally and in the SREB region. Over one million Hispanic students attend the nation's colleges and universities — 7 percent of the total enrollment. Over 305,700 attend in the SREB states (7 percent of the total) with large concentrations in Florida (13 percent of the total) and Texas (20 percent). Hispanic young adults 18 to 24 years old represent 12 percent of the college-age population in the SREB states. By 1994, 56 percent of the nation's and 52 percent of the SREB region's Hispanic students were enrolled in two-year colleges.



#### **Students in Health Professions**

Nationally, enrollment in medical schools (M.D. programs) edged up 0.5 percent from the mid-1980s to the mid-1990s. In the SREB region the increase was more than 1 percent, with the total standing above\_21,000. Two states (Mississippi and Oklahoma) experienced declines of at least 20 percent. These decreases occurred while the number of women in medical schools rose 35 percent. In contrast to trends in M.D. programs, enrollment in osteopathic medical schools (D.O. programs) in the SREB region grew by 23 percent to a total approaching 1,600.

Between 1984 and 1994, the number of students enrolled in registered nursing programs rose 19 percent in the SREB region. This growth exceeds the national growth rate of 5 percent, while the enrollment of registered nurses in master's degree programs almost doubled regionally; nationwide graduate nursing enrollment grew 82 percent.



TABLE 14
Total Enrollment in Higher Education

		İ		Percent	Change				
			Total			Public	_		
	Enrollment	1984 to	1989 to	1984 to	1984 to	1989 to	1984 to	Percent	
	Fall 1994	1989	1994	1994	1989	1994	1994	1984	1994
United States	14,227,300	8.1	6.2	14.7	9.8	6.0	16.4	76.8	77.9
SREB States	4,408,852	14.1	9.7	25.2	15.0	10.1	26.7	83.9	84.8
SREB States as	a								
Percent of the	U.S. 31.0								
Alabama	229,511	21.5	10.0	33.7	25.4	10.1	38.1	87.2	90.0
Arkansas	96,294	12.4	8.7	22.2	14.5	12.0	28.2	84.7	88.9
Florida	634,237	29.2	10.5	42.8	35.8	9.8	49.1	79.8	83.3
Georgia	308,587	21.5	29.0	56.7	24.5	30.6	62.5	76.2	79.0
Kentucky	182,577	15.6	10.0	27.2	21.8	10.4	34.5	78.5	83.0
_ouisiana	203,567	0.0	13.1	13.1	-2.0	15.4	13.1	86.0	86.0
Maryland	266,214	8.6	4.6	13.6	7.4	3.2	10.8	86.2	84.0
Mississippi	120,884	11.5	3.9	15.9	11.2	5.2	17.0	88.8	89.7
North Carolina	369,386	11.7	6.9	19.4	11.1	9.6	21.7	80.7	82.2
Oklahoma	185,174	4.7	5.3	10.2	3.8	6.8	10.9	86.8	87.3
South Carolina	173,070	10.8	18.8	31.6	12.8	25.2	41.2	80.0	85.8
Tennessee	242,966	8.9	11.0	20.9	9.3	14.6	25.3	76.0	78.8
Texas	954,495	10.4	8.7	20.0	11.2	7.7	19.8	88.5	88.3
/irginia	354,149	21.6	2.9	25.1	17.3	1.9	19.6	86.6	82.8
West Virginia	87,741	4.4	6.4	11.1	6.0	5.0	11.3	86.6	86.8



**TABLE 15** Enrollment in Four-Year Colleges and Universities

				Percent	Change				
			Total			Public			
	Enrollment	1984 to	1989 to	1984 to	1984 to	1989 to	1984 to	Percen	t Public
	Fall 1994	1989	1994	1994	1989	1994	1994	1984	1994
United States SREB States SREB States as a Percent of the U.S	8,730,697 2,709,264	6.6 10.3	4.5 8.4	11.3 19.5	8.0 10.1	2.3 7.1	10.5 · 17.9	67.0 77.9	66.5 76.9
Alabama	147,688	15.6	6.5	23.1	18.3	4.1	23.1	85.4	85.4
Arkansas	74,887	8.5	9.2	18.5	8.1	10.0	19.0	85.8	86.2
Florida	302,475	13.6	18.0	34.0	17.3	19.4	40.0	63.7	66.5
Georgia	215,950	18.4	21.0	43.2	20.9	15.5	39.6	74.7	72.9
Kentucky	132,755	13.4	6.6	20.9	15.0	3.8	19.4	81.0	80.0
Louisiana	174,361	-2.5	9.2	6.4	-4.7	9.9	4.8	85.7	84.4
Maryland	153,631	8.7	4.9	14.1	6.6	2.6	9.4	76.2	73.1
Mississippi	68,938	6.9	2.8	9.9	7.0	1.4	8.5	84.5	83.4
North Carolina	219,648	16.3	5.8	23.0	14.7	8.3	24.2	70.5	71.2
Oklahoma	118,039	2.9	4.3	7.3	4.1	2.7	6.9	82.7	82.4
South Carolina	110,444	13.3	8.6	23.0	15.4	10.2	27.2	76.5	79.1
Tennessee	162,873	6.5	6.1	13.0	3.9	5.9	10.1	72.0	70.1
Texas	529,023	6.3	5.6	12.2	7.4	3.2	10.9	81.0	80.1
Virginia	218,872	21.5	2.9	25.1	14.3	2.6	17.3	79.1	74.2
West Virginia	79,680	4.5	14.8	19.9	6.1	10.7	17.5	88.3	86.5



**TABLE 16**Estimated College Enrollment Rates by Age

		_	Percent	of Age Grou	p Enrolled in	College		
	18 to 2	4 Years	25 to 3	4 Years	35 and	1 Over	18 and	d Over
	1987	1993	1987	1993	1987	1993	1987	1993
United States	26.1	30.3	7.1	8.0	2.0	2.1	6.8	7.2
SREB States <sup>1</sup>	23.2	27.1	6.1	7.1	1.6	1.8	6.0	6.4
Alabama	24.6	31.5	5.4	7.6	1.3	1.8	5.9	7.3
Arkansas	18.1	25.3	4.4	5.3	1.0	1.2	4.3	5.3
Florida	22.2	27.7	6.5	7.6	1.4	1.6	5.1	5.7
Georgia	19.7	25.3	4.5	5.8	1.1	1.4	5.0	5.9
Kentucky	21.0	27.6	5.5	7.4	1.3	1.7	5.4	6.5
Louisiana	21.8	27.0	4.4	6.7	1.1	1.5	5.4	6.5
Maryland	23.7	28.8	7.8	8.5	2.3	2.4	6.9	7.1
Mississippi	22.3	26.1	4.7	5.8	1.0	1.3	5.5	6.2
North Carolina	25.8	29.8	6.0	7.0	1.7	1.8	6.6	6.9
Oklahoma	25.8	30.2	7.9	9.3	2.3	2.4	7.2	7.7
South Carolina		26.4	_	6.0	_	1.7		6.3
Tennessee	22.4	27.2	5.4	6.9	1.4	2.2	5.5	6.3
Texas	24.2	27.5	6.7	7.8	1.8	2.1	6.7	7.2
Virginia	25.4	28.3	6.8	7.0	2.2	2.1	7.1	6.9
West Virginia	22.6	29.2	5.1	6.4	1.4	1.7	5.4	6.3

<sup>&</sup>quot;---" indicates data not shown because the number of students whose age is unknown exceeded 5 percent.

SOURCES: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-25, No. 1024 (1988) (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office); and "Resident Population of the U.S., Regions, and States: April 1, 1990, Census and July 1, 1990, to July 1, 1995, Estimates" [Online] http://www.census.gov (December 1996) consistent with release CB96-88 (May 31, 1996); and SREB analysis of National Center for Education statistics data sets of fall enrollments in higher education.

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<sup>1</sup> South Carolina is not included in the regional rates because the number of students whose age was unknown exceeded 5 percent in 1987.

NOTES: "College" includes only two-year or four-year institutions offering associate's or higher degrees. The population data upon which these rates are based includes all persons residing in a state more than six months a year, including college students. The enrollment counts include all students enrolled in a state, regardless of students' state of origin.

TABLE 17
Estimated College Enrollment Rates of Recent High School Graduates

		ed Total I Graduates¹	Freshme	e College n Who Are S.Graduates²	Estimated College Enrollment Rates of Recent High School Graduates <sup>3</sup>
	1991-92	1993-94	Fall 1992	Fall 1994	
United States	2,469,986	2,468,376	1,332,476	1,418,338	56
SREB States	806,343	802,262	413,043	429,188	52
Alabama	42,533	38,621	23,768	24,757	60
Arkansas	26,789	26,013	12,242	12,535	47
Florida	103,566	97,852	46,598	48,192	47
Georgia	63,812	61,986	34,323	36,797	57
Kentucky	37,264	37,403	23,590	20,454	59
Louisiana	39,799	42,726	21,907	22,766	54
Maryland	46,289	44,739	25,559	24,700	55
Mississippi	26,641	27,280	16,208	18,713	65
North Carolina	64,348	60,721	31,811	30,960	50
Oklahoma	34,150	33,408	16,992	16,482	50
South Carolina	33,010	32,986	14,333	19,271	51
Tennessee	50,039	45,613	22,838	24,407	49
Texas	155,479	171,638	81,097	86,586	51
Virginia	61,924	60,720	31,650	32,385	52
West Virginia	20,700	20,556	10,127	10,183	49

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Public high school graduates plus nearest year of available private high school graduate data.

SOURCES: National Center for Education Statistics, Public & Private Elementary and Secondary Education Statistics: School Year 1991-92 Early Estimates (1992);

Digest of Education Statistics, 1993 (1993), 1994 (1994), and 1995 (1995); Statistics in Brief (May 1996; unpublished data from the tall 1988 (1990) and tall 1992 (1994) residence and migration surveys; Residence and Migration of First-Time Freshmen Enrollment in Higher Education Institutions: Fall 1994 (NCES96-846, E.D. Tabs, March 1996).



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> First-time freshmen who graduated from public or private high schools within the previous 12 months. The figures include "home state" students attending in their home state as well as those attending out of state.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Due to fluctuations in the data the college enrollment rates are more reliably reported through averages.

**TABLE 18**Age Distribution of College Students

	Unde	er 18	18 t	o 24	25 t	o 34	35 an	d Over	Age Unknown	
	1987	1993	1987	1993	1987	1993	1987	1993	1987	1993
United States	1.6	1.7	55.6	54.8	24.2	23.6	16.9	18.3	1.7	1.6
SREB States <sup>1</sup>	1.5	1.6	58.3	57.1	23.8	23.5	15.7	17.4	0.7	0.4
Alabama	1.2	2.0	62.6	61.1	20.6	20.6	12.8	15.7	2.9	0.6
Arkansas	2.4	2.2	60.1	64.2	20.9	18.9	14.1	14.4	2.5	0.3
Florida	2.2	2.7	54.4	52.5	25.0	25.4	17.5	18.9	0.9	0.5
Georgia	1.3	1.0	63.9	61.5	21.8	23.1	12.5	14.0	0.5	0.4
Kentucky	2.5	1.1	59.6	59.4	23.3	23.1	14.4	16.4	0.2	0.1
Louisiana	1.3	1.1	66.3	61.8	21.0	21.8	11.0	14.6	0.5	0.7
Maryland	0.8	0.7	52.7	49.0	26.5	28.4	19.5	21.6	0.5	0.3
Mississippi	2.4	1.2	66.2	64.9	19.0	18.2	10.8	13.2	1.6	2.5
North Carolina	1.8	1.8	60.5	60.3	21.5	21.5	15.6	16.0	0.6	0.4
Oklahoma	0.3	0.8	53.7	54.2	26.4	24.0	19.6	20.8	0.0	0.2
South Carolina	_	1.9		61.0	_	20.0		16.5	5.9	0.6
Tennessee	1.2	1.2	60.1	58.6	22.8	22.9	15.7	17.2	0.3	0.1
Texas	1.2	1.5	56.8	55.8	26.4	24.8	15.2	17.8	0.3	0.1
Virginia	1.3	2.4	56.9	55.7	23.2	22.9	18.2	18.4	0.4	0.6
West Virginia	1.7	1.9	61.0	62.9	21.0	17.3	16.2	17.8	0.2	0.1

<sup>&</sup>quot;--" indicates data not shown because the number of students whose age is unknown exceeded 5 percent.



<sup>1</sup> South Carolina is not included in the regional averages because the age of more than 5 percent of the students was unknown in 1987.

**TABLE 19** Migration of First-Time Freshmen

		let Gain or Loss rst-Time Freshm	-	Fi	cent of Home Starst-Time Freshm g College in Hor	en
	1988	1992	1994	1988	1992	1994
United States	0	0	0	81.1	84.7	84.1
SREB States	2,578²	2,048 <sup>2</sup>	2,226²	87.9	87.6	87.4
Alabama	6,142	5,322	4,685	92.1	92.9	92.9
Arkansas	296	613	450	86.2	86.4	85.5
Florida	4,393	2,796	2,391	83.0	84.7	84.5
Georgia	1,490	771	2,157	82.9	85.2	87.7
Kentucky	1,120	1,843	1,394	90.5	89.3	88.5
Louisiana	1,292	1,634	1,768	87.2	88.9	87.2
Maryland	-4,340	-3,026	-2,738	74.7	71.9	70.4
Mississippi	1,625	1,670	1,350	92.3	91.6	91.2
North Carolina	8,429	9,078	8,688	93.5	93.5	92.0
Oklahoma	-482	344	548	89.8	90.8	90.4
South Carolina	2,988	1,173	1,906	88.6	85.2	88.4
Tennessee	2,552	1,713	2,371	84.6	85.2	84.8
Texas	4,086	1,038	2,393	94.6	92.8	92.1
Virginia	6,176	3,806	4,039	77.7	79.5	80.1
West Virginia	2,903	1,938	1,981	85.4	84.9	84.9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>First-time freshmen entering the state to attend college minus those leaving the state to attend college.

SOURCES: National Center for Education Statistics, Digest of Education Statistics, 1993 (1993), 1995 (1995), and 1996 (1996) (Washington, OC: U.S. Government Printing Office).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The "SREB States" numbers are the averages of the 15 SREB state numbers, not a counting of net migration in and out of the region.

**TABLE 20**Full-Time-Equivalent Enrollment in Public Colleges and Universities

				Nun	nber, 1995-	96	_		
_			S	REB Categ	ories of Col	leges and l	Jniversitie	es¹	
				Four-	Year		·	Two-Year	
	Total	ı	II	111	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII
SREB States	2,877,107	585,054	275,738	418,613	225,739	132,688	90,591	1,101,920	46,764
Alabama	185,620	38,388	11,505	26,172	17,232	14,189	2,691	65,072	8,371
Arkansas	72,265	13,306	_	25,043	_	7,463	7,726	18,727	na
Florida	400,715	84,148	33,274	26,950	16,834	_	_	239,509	na
Georgia	212,758	30,230	35,594	13,998	22,054	31,140	11,473	35,165	33,104
Kentucky	112,554	18,645	14,199	33,233	7,369	8,992	2,142	27,974	na
Louisiana	145,956	23,108	27,564	36,144	29,356	14,157	· <del></del>	15,627	na
Maryland	137,549	26,300	8,384	_	34,039	5,509	1,578	61,739	_
Mississippi	91,056	13,008	23,626	5,745	· —	6,785	4,345	37,547	_
North Carolina	236,383	40,874	11,063	61,255	7,939	6,536	7,440	101,276	
Oklahoma	95,762	33,028		11,663	11,153	13,387	5,270	21,261	na
South Carolina	115,776	19,520	16,032	4,619	8,676	11,843	10,993	44,093	
Tennessee	151,740	22,681	17,004	32,447	20,937	5,602	· —	47,780	5,289
Texas	647,664	157,746	23,734	119,771	30,595	3,717	6,697	305,404	
Virginia	215,066	44,975	53,759	11,788	19,555	3,368	8,101	73,520	_
West Virginia	58,243	19,097	, <u> </u>	9,785	<i>'</i> —	, <u> </u>	22,135	7,226	na

<sup>&</sup>quot;--" indicates not applicable. There is no institution of this type in the state.

NOTES: Due to rounding, totals may not equal the sums of columns or rows. Full-time-equivalent enrollments are calculated according to the following procedure: first, undergraduate credit-hour FTE equals estimated annual undergraduate credit hours divided by 30 for semester systems, 45 for quarter systems; second, undergraduate contact-hour FTE equals estimated annual undergraduate contact hours divided by 900; third, total undergraduate FTE equals the sum of undergraduate credit-hour and contact-hour FTE; fourth, graduate FTE (including law students) equals estimated annual graduate credit hours divided by 24 for semester systems, 36 for quarter systems.



<sup>&</sup>quot;na" indicates data not available.

<sup>1</sup> See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on page 157. Institutional type is determined by highest level of degree conferred.

# TABLE 20 (cont.)

		Pe	rcent Distr	ibution, 19	95-96		_	
	SREB C	ategories o	f Colleges	and Univer	'sities'			
			Four-Year		·	Two-	-Year	
1	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	
20.3	9.6	14.5	7.8	4.6	3.1	38.3	1.6	SREB States
20.9	6.3	14.3	9.4	7.7	1.5	35.4	4.6	Alabama
18.4	_	34.9	_	10.3	10.7	25.9	na	Arkansas
21.0	8.3	6.7	4.2	_	_	59.8	na	Florida
14.2	16.7	6.6	10.4	14.6	5.4	16.5	15.6	Georgia
16.6	12.6	29.5	6.5	8.0	1.9	24.9	na	Kentucky
15.8	18.9	24.8	20.1	9.7	na	10.7	na	Louisiana
19.1	6.1	_	24.7	4.0	1.1	44.9	_	Maryland
14.3	25.9	6.3	na	7.5	4.8	41.2	_	Mississippi
17.3	4.7	25.9	3.4	2.8	3.1	42.8	_	North Carolina
34.5		12.2	11.6	14.0	5.5	22.2	na	Oklahoma
16.9	13.8	4.0	_	10.2	9.5	38.1		South Carolina
14.9	11.2	21.4	13.8	3.7		31.5	3.5	Tennessee
24.4	3.7	18.5	4.7	0.6	1.0	47.2	_	Texas
20.9	25.0	5.5	9.1	1.6	3.8	34.2	_	Virginia
32.8		16.8		_	38.0	12.4	na	West Virginia

SOURCE: SREB-State Data Exchange.



**TABLE 21**Enrollment in Two-Year Colleges

		F	Percent Change	•		
	Enrollment	1984 to	1989 to	1984 to	Percen	t Public
	Fall 1994	1989	1994	1994	1984	1994
United States	5,496,603	10.2	9.4	20.6	93.8	96.0
SREB States	1,699,588	21.3	12.0	35.9	94.6	97.5
SREB States as a						
Percent of the U.S.	30.9					
Alabama	81,823	35.3	17.1	58.4	91.2	98.3
Arkansas	21,407	28.5	7.1	37.6	80.4	98.4
Florida	331,762	45.4	4.6	52.0	96.4	98.5
Georgia	92,637	31.6	52.8	101.1	81.0	93.3
Kentucky	49,822	22.8	20.3	47.7	70.4	91.0
Louisiana	29,206	25.1	44.5	80.8	89.4	95.9
Maryland	112,583	8.5	4.1	13.0	99.7	99.0
Mississippi	51,946	18.6	5.3	24.9	95.2	98.0
North Carolina	149,738	5.2	8.9	14.6	94.5	98.3
Oklahoma	67,135	7.7	7.5	15.8	94.6	96.0
South Carolina	62,626	5.6	42.4	50.3	87.7	97.6
Tennessee	80,093	14.6	22.9	40.9	86.4	96.5
Texas	425,472	16.4	12.9	31.4	99.4	98.6
Virginia	135,277	25.4	3.0	29.1	98.6	96.6
West Virginia	8,061	3.7	-38.1	-35.9	77.6	89.4



TABLE 21 (cont.)

Percent	Women	Perce First- Fresh	Time	Total ( Educ	ent of Higher ation Iment	
1984	1994	1988	1994	1984	1994	
55.5	58.0	49.2	47.7	36.8	38.6	United States
56.9	58.8	45.1	44.4	35.5	38.5	SREB States
55.0	57.4	46.7	54.2	30.1	35.7	Alabama
64.9	62.4	29.5	25.4	19.7	22.2	Arkansas
57.7	59.2	59.9	56.5	49.2	52.3	Florida
55.9	59.7	39.7	45.0	23.4	30.0	Georgia
63.8	65.3	35.7	37.0	23.5	27.3	Kentucky
57.7	64.3	12.3	17.2	9.0	14.3	Louisiana
59.5	61.5	53.0	54.1	42.5	42.3	Maryland
56.9	59.4	66.9	65.6	39.9	43.0	Mississippi
57.3	60.6	45.3	34.5	42.3	40.5	North Carolina
55.9	58.2	50.4	51.8	34.5	36.3	Oklahoma
53.8	58.6	46.3	43.2	31.7	36.2	South Carolina
58.0	59.7	31.4	37.1	28.3	33.0	Tennessee
54.0	55.6	54.1	51.0	40.7	44.6	Texas
59.9	58.5	28.8	30.8	37.0	38.2	Virginia
64.0	66.8	18.4	16.5	15.9	9.2	West Virginia



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**TABLE 22**Enrollment in Predominantly Black and Historically Black Colleges

		Predominan	tly Black <sup>1</sup>			Historically	Black <sup>1</sup>	
	Total (All Races) Enrollment	Pe	rcent Chang	je 1984 to	Total (All Races) Enrollment	Per 1984 to	cent Change	e 1984 to
	Fall 1994	1989	1994	1994	Fall 1994	1989	1994	1994
United States SREB States SREB States as a	440,651 269,255	-52.5 -6.9	103.2 39.0	-3.5 29.3	277,192 241,116	69.3 15.4	-19.4 15.8	36.4 33.6
Percent of the U.S.	61.1				87.0			
Alabama Arkansas Florida	27,817 5,171 15,342	-10.3 -20.9 -0.7	41.8 14.9 48.1	27.2 -9.1 47.0	27,208 5,171 14,531	21.3 31.7 9.3	23.7 14.9 40.2	50.0 51.3 53.2
Georgia Kentucky Louisiana	36,326 — 28,221	-22.3 — 11.7	173.9 — 18.5	112.9 — 32.3	22,477 2,563 28,221	47.8 5.9 11.7	5.2 17.1 18.5	55.5 24.1 32.3
Maryland Mississippi North Carolina	35,883 14,923 33,214	-32.7 -2.1 3.0	194.0 -5.0 29.2	97.9 -7.0 33.1	16,967 14,604 30,392	66.0 2.0 18.4	-0.1 -7.1 10.9	65.8 -5.3 31.4
Oklahoma South Carolina Tennessee	3,408 10,388 19,188	28.1 -26.2 -32.8	47.7 33.5 68.8	89.1 -1.5 13.5	3,408 9,918 12,609	28.1 19.8 43.6	47.7 5.5 -22.5	89.1 26.3 11.3
Texas Virginia West Virginia	18,643 20,731 —	-20.5 11.3	2.7 5.8 —	-18.3 17.8 —	25,188 20,731 7,128	4.8 13.8 3.9	38.8 3.5 -0.4	45.4 17.8 3.4

<sup>&</sup>quot;---"indicates not applicable. There is no institution of this type in the state.



<sup>1 &</sup>quot;Predominantly Black"institutions are those in which black students comprise more than 50 percent of total enrollment. "Historically Black"institutions are those founded prior to 1964 as institutions for black students. "Historically Black"institutions are included in the "Predominantly Black"category if, and only if, black students make up more than 50 percent of their current enrollment.

TABLE 23 **Enrollment at the Undergraduate Level** 

					Per		_					
		_	cent Incre		First-			cent of To		Do.	and Dub	l:a
	F-11 4004	1984	1990	1984		lents		nrollmen			cent Pub 1990	1994
	Fall 1994	to 1990	to 1994	to 1994	1990	1994	1984	1990	1994	1984	1990	1994
United States	12,215,450	22.5	3.4	26.6	19.1	17.4	77.8	88.2	85.9	78.6	79.3	81.0
SREB States	3,829,627	28.8	6.8	37.6	18.6	16.7	79.1	89.2	86.9	84.2	84.1	86.4
SREB States as a												
Percent of the U.S.	31.4											
										Ì		
Alabama	202,408	30.3	4.2	35.8	21.7	20.5	86.8	93.1	88.2	86.9	85.8	90.2
Arkansas	87,197	24.7	5.7	31.8	21.6	18.8	84.0	93.2	90.6	83.4	83.3	88.0
Florida	562,961	37.8	17.7	62.2	15.8	12.7	78.1	83.4	88.8	80.8	92.9	86.0
Georgia	263,604	38.2	22.9	69.9	23.4	22.4	78.8	89.6	85.4	76.6	75.2	81.0
Kentucky	158,177	38.5	1.9	41.1	19.8	18.3	78.1	93.5	86.6	77.5	77.0	83.4
Louisiana	172,561	13.7	7.5	22.2	18.7	17.9	78.4	89.2	84.8	88.0	83.0	88.3
							00.0	00.0	00.0	04.0	07.0	00.0
Maryland	220,535	16.3	0.4	16.8	14.0	14.4	80.6	86.3	82.8	91.0	87.9	89.0
Mississippi	108,003	20.7	-2.1	18.1	26.7	23.9	87.6	94.8	89.3	89.6	84.3	90.3
North Carolina	327,812	29.3	3.7	34.0	20.0	15.7	79.1	91.6	88.7	79.6	79.4	83.3
01.1-6	150,000	45.5	C 0	23.3	20.2	18.6	76.9	84.8	86.0	86.6	87.8	88.3
Oklahoma	159,288	15.5	6.8	23.3 39.3	23.7	19.3	80.9	96.1	85.6	77.7	01.0 71.7	84.9
South Carolina	148,120	31.6	5.8		18.0	16.2	82.4		87.0	75.6	71.7 74.5	79.9
Tennessee	211,374	20.0	6.4	27.6	10.0	10.2	02.4	90.8	O1.U	75.0	14.3	13.3
Texas	832,145	24.4	5.5	31.3	16.6	15.3	79.7	89.8	87.2	89.5	87.8	90.1
Virginia	300,598	58.6	-0.5	57.9	15.9	15.1	67.3	87.7	84.9	83.9	82.5	83.2
West Virginia	74,844	19.3	0.3	19.6	22.8	21.3	79.2	90.5	85.3	85.1	84.1	85.0
	. 1,011	, 5.0	J.L	.5.0						55.1		



**TABLE 24**Enrollment at the Graduate Level

		Per 1984	Percent Change Percent First-Time Students			Percent Foreign National Students		Percent of Total Enrollment		Percent Public		
	Fall 1994		to 1994		1990	1994	1990	1994	1984	1994	1984	1994
United States SREB States SREB States as a	1,717,796 493,517	40.0 42.5	9.4 13.7	53.0 62.0	21.4 21.3	21.5 20.3	10.5 9.3	10.4 9.3	9.1 8.7	12.1 11.2	62.2 79.8	62.3 78.6
Percent of the U.S	. 28.7											
Alabama	23,269	57.0	15.1	80.7	23.5	24.2	9.8	8.0	7.5	10.1	93.9	93.4
Arkansas	7,392	0.9	16.2	17.1	37.5	22.6	5.6	7.3	8.0	7.7	95.1	96.8
Florida	62,623	60.8	19.3	91.8	16.0	16.4	8.6	8.4	7.4	9.9	56.2	64.4
Georgia	35,388	41.8	19.5	69.5	21.9	23.4	8.8	8.3	10.6	11.5	79.1	77.2
Kentucky	19,888	28.4	9.9	41.2	14.6	15.9	5.4	5.8	9.8	10.9	81.6	84.2
Louisiana	24,904	4.6	22.9	28.5	20.0	21.1	10.9	11.2	10.8	12.2	82.0	80.9
Maryland	41,506	52.1	14.6	74.3	18.7	18.6	9.8	9.4	10.2	15.6	59.3	58.1
Mississippi	10,986	32.0	5.5	39.3	24.6	22.2	11.2	10.1	7.6	9.1	88.1	88.2
North Carolina	35,049	47.6	18.1	74.2	25.0	24.5	8.5	7.7	6.5	9.5	80.0	79.8
Oklahoma	22,304	37.6	7.5	48.0	21.9	18.9	12.0	14.1	9.0	12.0	91.2	85.3
South Carolina	22,581	25.1	34.2	134.9	19.0	16.2	8.4	7.5	7.3	13.0	89.8	92.5
Tennessee	25,826	55.8	15.9	80.6	17.2	20.1	8.4	7.3	7.1	10.6	78.5	75.7
Texas	103,156	25.0	6.4	33.0	23.6	21.5	11.8	12.5	9.7	10.8	83.5	81.0
Virginia	47,132	107.2	4.3	116.2	25.2	20.9	6.1	6.8	7.7	13.3	87.4	82.1
West Virginia	11,513	7.1	30.3	39.5	15.7	17.3	6.7	6.1	10.4	13.1	96.8	96.4

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**Table 25** Enrollment at the First Professional Level<sup>1</sup>

								cent		
		Pe	rcent Cha	nge		First-Time	1	Total	Davase	4 Dublic
	F-11 4004	1984 to	1989 to	1984 to 1994	1990	tents 1994	1984	Iment 1994	1984	t Public 1994
	Fall 1994	1989	1994	1994	1990	1994	1904	1994	1904	1554
United States	294,054	-3.1	8.0	4.7	30.5	30.5	2.3	2.1	41.0	38.5
SREB States	85,708	-4.4	12.8	7.8	30.4	29.0	2.3	1.9	56.0	52.9
SREB States as a										
Percent of the U.S	S. 29.1									
Alabama	3,834	-1.9	25.7	23.3	28.1	30.2	1.8	1.7	68.5	60.4
Arkansas	1,705	0.5	20.5	21.1	35.9	31.3	1.8	1.8	91.5	100.0
Florida	8,653.	8.8	16.4	26.6	48.4	27.4	1.5	1.4	44.9	38.1
Georgia	9,595	3.6	18.1	22.3	24.8	25.2	4.0	3.1	36.2	31.6
Kentucky	4,512	-27.2	33.0	-3.2	30.1	23.0	3.2	2.5	56.7	63.2
Louisiana	6,102	3.4	7.6	11.2	31.5	31.2	3.0	3.0	49.0	43.3
Maryland	4,173	7.0	12.4	20.3	27.5	25.5	1.5	1.6	85.9	80.4
Mississippi	1,895	36.2	-12.7	19.0	27.5	43.1	1.5	1.6	80.0	63.3
North Carolina	6,525	12.1	-4.0	7.6	29.3	30.6	2.0	1.8	41.1	40.5
Oklahoma	3,582	  -17.0	2.3	-15.1	28.5	26.2	2.5	1.9	54.7	59.1
South Carolina	2,369	-7.1	-2.6	-9.5	19.7	26.7	2.0	1.4	70.5	79.7
Tennessee	5,766	-6.9	10.1	2.5	35.4	34.0	2.8	2.4	50.2	50.1
Texas	19,194	-20.7	23.8	-1.9	28.5	29.5	2.5	2.0	54.6	51.1
Virginia	6,419	6.7	5.3	12.3	30.5	31.0	2.0	1.8	72.9	65.9
West Virginia	1,384	10.3	-4.5	5.3	25.7	28.3	1.7	1.6	100.0	100.0

<sup>&</sup>quot;First Professional" includes enrollments in chiropractic, dentistry, law, medicine, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, professional theology and veterinary medicine.

**TABLE 26**Part-Time Enrollment

		P	ercent Chan	ge	of Fou Coll	cent r-Year lege	Perc of Two Coll	-Year ege
	Fall 1994	1984 to 1989	1989 to 1994	1984 to 1994	Enrol	1994	Enroll 1984	1994
United States SREB States SREB States as a	6,119,150 1,822,762	12.6 16.9	5.0 9.9	18.2 28.4	29.9 28.8	30.3 29.1	62.2 61.2	63.3 60.9
Percent of the U.S.	29.8							
Alabama	77,621	28.9	20.1	54.8	26.0	27.7	36.7	44.8
Arkansas	29,321	10.2	15.8	27.5	24.9	23.5	46.5	54.7
Florida	332,098	37.1	8.8	49.1	37.1	36.3	63.7	67.0
Georgia	105,768	26.5	31.0	65.8	27.2	26.9	49.4	51.5
Kentucky	63,208	28.4	5.6	35.7	29.3	28.7	42.9	50.4
Louisiana	59,199	-9.7	19.2	7.6	28.5	24.8	51.3	54.9
Maryland	141,555	11.5	2.5	14.2	38.1	40.0	72.8	71.1
Mississippi	30,420	10.0	7.6	18.3	22.4	21.6	28.0	29.9
North Carolina	134,153	8.6	6.0	15.1	22.0	22.8	59.2	56.1
Oklahoma	74,977	4.9	-0.4	4.5	29.8	29.5	67.2	59.7
South Carolina	65,584	21.3	39.4	69.1	23.9	27.0	41.5	57.0
Tennessee	86,949	11.6	15.9	29.3	25.0	25.0	54.9	57.8
Texas	440,035	10.8	9.2	21.0	30.5	31.5	67.8	64.3
Virginia	154,721	25.7	8.0	26.7	24.7	26.7	75.4	71.1
West Virginia	27,153	-6.5	1.8	-4.9	31.9	29.8	58.4	42.7



# TABLE 26 (cont.)

Percent of Undergraduate Enrollment		Percent of Graduate Enrollment		Percent Public		uate Percent			cent men	
1984	1994	1984	1994	1984	1994	1984	1994			
34.5	41.5	58.3	59.1	83.6	84.3	56.9	59.0	United States		
33.5	39.7	60.3	60.4	91.1	90.9	57.5	59.2	SREB States		
25.0	31.3	62.4	60.5	93.3	95.2	53.3	57.4	Alabama		
22.2	27.9	71.3	65.6	93.9	96.2	63.6	62.2	Arkansas		
44.7	51.8	56.2	63.9	87.6	89.6	56.7	58.8	Florida		
27.0	33.4	54.4	47.3	87.1	88.7	55.7	59.9	Georgia		
23.4	31.5	64.7	65.0	85.3	88.2	62.8	64.6	Kentucky		
22.6	26.0	59.9	56.1	90.1	88.0	60.2	63.2	Louisiana		
49.1	51.0	66.3	69.5	89.1	86.0	58.9	61.4	Maryland		
19.9	22.6	63.5	53.2	87.1	88.6	61.8	62.9	Mississippi		
28.2	34.3	57.5	60.9	92.6	91.7	57.5	59.6	North Carolina		
33.6	37.8	68.1	66.1	92.3	93.8	58.0	58.8	Oklahoma		
20.3	33.7	63.5	68.9	90.9	94.1	57.8	62.9	South Carolina		
27.2	34.1	60.4	56.3	90.1	90.4	58.0	59.3	Tennessee		
42.2	45.7	58.2	55.6	94.0	93.4	55.2	56.2	Texas		
27.2	41.6	55.1	61.7	93.7	88.9	59.1	59.0	Virginia		
26.4	25.5	76.5	69.8	89.6	91.4	64.4	65.5	West Virginia		



**TABLE 27**Enrollment of Women

		Percent Change			Percent		Percent of Total	
	Fall 1994	1984 to 1989	1989 to 1994	1984 to 1994	1984	1994	Enrolli 1984	ment 1994
United States	7,885,083	12.6	8.1	21.8	77.7	78.4	52.2	55.4
SREB States	2,461,735	18.7	11.6	32.5	84.6	85.5	52.8	55.8
SREB States as a								
Percent of the U.S.	31.2							
Alabama	127,236	27.3	12.2	42.8	86.6	89.8	51.9	55.4
Arkansas	54,940	16.8	8.9	27.2	84.7	89.5	54.8	57.1
Florida	354,839	34.6	12.9	52.0	83.7	85.4	52.6	55.9
Georgia	173,507	27.1	34.4	70.8	77.0	80.1	51.6	56.2
Kentucky	106,637	21.3	11.5	35.2	78.1	83.4	55.0	58.4
ouisiana	116,937	6.8	16.0	24.0	86.3	86.6	52.4	57.4
Maryland	153,790	10.6	6.9	18.3	86.5	84.2	55.5	57.8
Mississippi	68,665	16.2	4.5	21.5	87.9	89.0	54.2	56.8
North Carolina	210,303	15.8	8.8	26.0	81.4	82.8	54.0	56.9
Oklahoma	101,305	10.0	7.5	18.3	88.3	88.6	51.0	54.7
South Carolina	99,560	15.9	22.4	41.9	79.6	86.1	53.4	57.5
Tennessee	135,342	12.5	13.6	27.9	75.9	79.6	52.7	55.7
Texas	511,035	15.8	9.2	26.5	89.5	89.2	50.8	53.5
/irginia	198,652	22.8	3.8	27.5	86.2	82.5	55.0	56.1
Vest Virginia	48,987	6.9	6.9	14.3	85.8	85.7	54.3	55.8



### TABLE 27 (cont.)

Two-	Percent in Two-Year Colleges		Percent of Undergraduate Enrollment		Percent of Graduate Enrollment		ent of fessional <sup>1</sup> Iment	
1984	1994	1984	1994	1984	1994	1984	1994	
39.1	40.4	52.3	55.5	39.1	53.8	31.1	41.0	United States
38.3	40.6	52.8	56.0	42.9	54.5	31.9	38.8	SREB States
31.9	36.9	52.3	55.2	47.5	55.4	29.1	41.2	Alabama
23.4	24.3	54.6	57.1	49.9	61.1	26.4	44.2	Arkansas
53.9	55.3	52.3	56.1	36.2	52.3	32.8	42.9	Florida
25.4	31.9	52.2	56.0	45.5	57.0	27.0	38.1	Georgia
27.3	30.5	55.2	58.8	49.2	60.9	25.9	33.5	Kentucky
9.9	16.1	52.0	57.6	48.7	57.8	30.2	38.1	Louisiana
45.6	45.1	56.5	57.8	42.0	53.8	34.0	45.4	Maryland
41.9	45.0	54.6	56.9	42.0	50.8	24.1	32.3	Mississippi
44.8	43.2	53.3	56.6	43.4	55.4	29.3	39.7	North Carolina
37.8	38.6	50.4	55.0	51.0	53.0	28.6	37.8	Oklahoma
32.0	36.9	52.8	56.4	38.4	64.0	24.3	35.2	South Carolina
31.1	35.3	53.2	55.5	36.1	54.1	24.1	40.2	Tennessee
43.2	46.3	51.3	54.5	42.1	50.1	28.6	35.8	Texas
40.3	39.8	54.5	56.3	37.0	54.4	33.1	41.4	Virginia
18.8	11.0	53.1	54.5	53.6	63.3	27.8	40.8	West Virginia

<sup>&</sup>quot;First Professional" includes enrollments in chiropractic, dentistry, law, medicine, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, professional theology, and veterinary medicine.



**TABLE 28**Enrollment of Black Students

		Percent Increase 1984 to	Percent Women	Total En	ent of rollment aces)	Underg	ent of raduate Iment	Grad	ent of luate Iment
	Fall 1994	1994	1994	1984	1994	1984	1994	1984	1994
United States	1,443,800	33.9	62.1	8.7	10.1	9.4	10.7	4.8	6.4
SREB States	690,840	44.7	62.5	13.6	15.7	14.8	16.6	7.7	9.5
SREB States as a									
Percent of the U	J.S. 47.8			<u> </u>					
Alabama	52,178	43.0	61.4	21.3	22.7	22.5	23.9	11.9	14.7
Arkansas	13,660	16.4	62.9	14.9	14.2	16.1	14.9	7.0	7.9
Florida	80,268	98.8	63.4	9.1	12.7	9.8	13.2	5.6	7.9
Georgia	74,549	102.2	62.7	18.7	24.2	20.5	25.9	10.7	14.7
Kentucky	12,449	16.4	58.1	7.4	6.8	8.3	7.3	3.5	3.8
Louisiana	52,338	29.2	64.4	22.5	25.7	24.6	27.6	15.4	15.8
Maryland	55,824	46.4	64.4	16.3	21.0	17.7	22.8	8.4	12.1
Mississippi	35,159	17.5	62.6	28.7	29.1	30.1	30.5	21.7	19.1
North Carolina	73,276	31.7	63.2	18.0	19.8	19.7	20.9	9.2	11.3
Oklahoma	13,546	32.9	57.6	6.1	7.3	6.7	7.7	4.5	5.2
South Carolina	37,755	451	65.6	19.8	21.8	21.4	23.5	9.9	12.2
Tennessee	35,917	26.9	62.3	14.1	14.8	14.9	15.4	8.0	9.6
Texas	93,741	32.6	59.7	8.9	9.8	9.5	10.4	4.9	5.5
Virginia	56,728	45.8	63.0	13.7	16.0	15.8	17.1	7.5	9.8
West Virginia	3,452	11.0	48.9	3.9	3.9	4.3	4.2	2.7	2.4



#### TABLE 28 (cont.)

Percent of First Professional Enrollment		Percent in Two-Year Colleges		Percent in Predominantly Black Colleges <sup>2</sup>		Percent in Historically Black Colleges <sup>2</sup>		
 1984	1994	1984	1994	1984	1994	1984	1994	
4.8	7.0	42.5	42.3	29.4	23.6	15.3	15.8	United States
5.7	9.0	37.5	39.7	35.8	32.5	31.1	28.8	SREB States
6.7	8.8	31.4	36.3	49.8	43.7	43.7	42.8	Alabama
4.9	7.3	29.6	20.3	35.6	32.8	22.6	32.8	Arkansas
3.1	9.5	48.7	52.3	19.3	16.8	18.9	16.2	Florida
8.6	11.2	24.9	33.2	40.7	40.4	35.3	28.5	Georgia
2.9	4.2	43.7	31.2	19.7	na	8.3	10.0	Kentucky
7.6	12.7	11.4	15.0	48.3	50.8	48.3	50.8	Louisiana
10.6	13.9	47.4	46.0	38.0	48.7	21.6	25.2	Maryland
3.8	6.8	40.8	40.6	50.4	40.2	49.3	39.7	Mississippi
7.8	10.7	43.3	42.4	37.7	36.9	35.1	34.8	North Carolina
2.1	3.5	38.5	36.7	9.0	13.8	9.0	13.8	Oklahoma
4.7	7.1	41.3	41.9	36.5	26.1	28.6	25.1	South Carolina
12.9	15.2	32.9	35.2	41.8	37.8	29.7	26.6	Tennessee
3.8	5.9	47.8	50.6	22.2	16.9	18.4	18.2	Texas
4.1	10.1	34.1	37.9	40.0	31.4	40.0	31.4	Virginia
1.4	3.2	12.4	9.7	na	na	27.0	22.7	West Virginia

<sup>&</sup>quot;na" indicates not applicable. There is no institution of this type in the state.



<sup>&</sup>quot;First Professional" includes enrollments in chiropractic, dentistry, law, medicine, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, professional theology and veterinary medicine.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Predominantly Black" institutions are those in which black students comprise more than 50 percent of total enrollment. "Historically Black" institutions are those founded prior to 1964 as institutions for black students. "Historically Black" institutions are included in the "Predominantly Black" category if, and only if, black students make up more than 50 percent of their current enrollment.

**TABLE 29**Enrollment of Hispanic Students

	Total Hispanic Enrollment	Percent Increase Percent 1984 to Women		Total En	ent of rollment laces)	Percent of Undergraduate Enrollment		
	Fall 1994	1994	1994	1984	1994	1984	1994	
United States SREB States SREB States as a	1,041,814 305,726	52.3 83.2	55.7 55.1	5.5 4.7	7.3 6.9	6.0 5.0	7.9 7.4	
Percent of the U.S.	29.3							
Alabama	1,645	158.6	45.8	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.7	
Arkansas	633	118.3	55.3	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.7	
Florida	80,880	81.6	55.8	10.0	12.8	10.8	13.2	
Georgia	4,495	149.4	50.6	0.9	1.5	0.9	1.4	
Kentucky	1,096	103.0	48.2	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.6	
Louisiana	4,747	55.2	53.4	1.7	2.3	1.7	2.4	
Maryland	5,886	81.1	54.5	1.4	2.2	1.4	2.3	
Mississippi	598	75.4	50.3	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.5	
North Carolina	4,034	131.0	52.4	0.6	1.1	0.5	1.1	
Oklahoma	4,014	109.7	49.9	1.1	2.2	1.1	2.3	
South Carolina	1,454	102.5	50.8	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.9	
Tennessee	2,237	140.0	50.3	0.5	0.9	0.4	0.9	
Texas	186,206	78.8	55.3	13.1	19.5	14.0	21.0	
Virginia	7,346	171.2	54.6	1.0	2.1	0.9	2.2	
West Virginia	455	67.3	45.5	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.5	



# TABLE 29 (cont.)

(	Percent of Graduate Enrollment		ent of fessional ment <sup>1</sup>	Perce Two- Colle	Year	
1984	1994	1984	1994	1984	1994	
2.9	3.7	3.6	4.5	45.7	55.7	United States
2.8	3.9	2.9	4.4	53.0	51.8	SREB States
0.5	0.9	0.6	0.5	20.3	28.0	Alabama
0.3	0.6	0.2	0.9	29.0	24.2	Arkansas
5.2	8.9	9.0	11.4	57.5	55.7	Florida
1.0	1.4	1.5	2.3	23.3	28.0	Georgia
0.6	0.5	0.4	0.7	25.2	28.6	Kentucky
1.5	1.7	1.8	3.8	20.1	21.7	Louisiana
1.1	1.6	1.8	2.1	42.0	47.9	Maryland
0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	38.4	34.1	Mississippi
0.6	1.1	0.7	1.2	37.5	40.1	North Carolina
0.9	1.5	1.4	2.2	38.5	37.9	Oklahoma
0.4	0.5	0.5	1.2	51.0	41.6	South Carolina
0.4	0.8	0.8	1.1	23.9	27.1	Tennessee
6.7	9.5	6.0	9.4	54.3	53.3	Texas
0.8	1.4	0.8	1.5	49.1	47.6	Virginia
0.3	0.4	0.6	0.9	9.2	2.6	West Virginia

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "First Professional" includes enrollments in chiropractic, dentistry, law, medicine, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, professional theology and veterinary medicine.



**TABLE 30**Medical School Enrollment

		America	n Medica	l Associa	ation Sar	ctioned	Colleges				
					First-	Year	Physi In Resi		Os	teopathic	1
	To	tal	Wor		Stud		Train				Percent
		Percent		Percent		Percent		Percent			Increase
		Change		Change		Change		Change		First-	in Total
		1985-86 to		1985-86 to		1985-86 to	]	1985-86 to	Total	Year Students	1985-86 to
	1005-06	1995-96	1005-06	1995-96	1005-06		1995-96		1995-96	1995-96	
									1		
United States	66,906	0.5	27,976	29.4	17,024	0.6	73,664	243.4	8,475	2,274	28.3
SREB States SREB States as a	21,084	1.4	8,418	35.3	5,454	1.3	21,506	261.6	1,573	424	23.0
Percent of the U.S.	31.5		30.1		32.0		29.2		18.6	18.6	
TOTOGHE OF THE G.G.	01.0		00.1		02.0		25.2		10.0	10.0	
Alabama	960	9.0	351	50.6	240	7.1	819	247.6	na	na	na
Arkansas	571	6.9	226	65.0	152	1.3	480	239.9	na	na	na
Florida	1,446	-3.2	605	35.3	365	0.6	1,999	278.5	530	152	60.6
Georgia	1,540	9.7	608	49.8	393	5.6	1,594	255.7	na	na	na
Kentucky	925	4.8	377	25.7	240	7.6	893	228.3	na	na	na
Louisiana	1,713	0.5	685	30.5	448	0.7	1,338	233.5	na	na	na
Maryland	1,780	1.9	705	43.9	433	-3.3	2,495	378.5	na	na	na
Mississippi	383	-20.7	120	-4.0	105	-7.9	412	237.3	na	na	na
North Carolina	1,785	-1.5	745	26.3	460	-1.9	1,845	233.2	na	na	na
Oklahoma	592	-30.23	229	-2.1	160	-20.0	615	226.3	347	88	4.8
South Carolina	862	0.7	333	28.1	221	0.9	711	536.2	na	na	na
Tennessee	1,711	4.1	686	54.2	432	0.2	1,528	227.0	na	na	na
Texas	4,609	3.5	1,808	28.1	1,226	3.9	4,934	253.3	436	117	14.1
Virginia	1,654	8.7	721	57.4	429	5.1	1,420	321.2	na	na	na
West Virginia	553	2.8	219	35.2	150	7.9	423	254.4	260	67	10.2

<sup>&</sup>quot;na" indicates not applicable. There is no osteopathic medical school in the state.

SOURCES: American Medical Association, *Journal of the American Medical Association*, Vol. 256, No. 12 (1986) and Vol. 276, No. 9 (1996); American Association of Colleges of Osteopathic Medicine, *1987 Annual Statistic Report* (1987) and *1996 Annual Statistical Report* (1996).



SREB Fact Book 1996/1997

<sup>1</sup> Includes students repeating the first year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The total number of residents in accredited residency programs supervised by faculty of United States medical schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Oral Roberts University School of Medicine closed in 1989-90.

**TABLE 31**Nursing School Enrollment

							3	
	Admiss	ions to					Register	ed Nurses
	Registere	d Nursing	Enrollmen	ıt in Registe	red Nursin	g Programs	Enrol	led in
	Prog	rams		_			Master's	Programs
		Percent	1	Percent				Percent
		Change		Change				Increase
		1984 to	Total	1984 to	Parcan	t of Total		1984 to
	1994	1994	1994	1994	Black	Hispanic	1994	1994
						•		
United States	129,897	4.9	268,350	13.1	9.0	3.2	34,157	81.5
SREB States	46,979	18.7	94,284	36.1	11.3	3.3	10,437	93.2
SREB States as a								
Percent of the U.S.	36.2		35.1				30.6	
Alabama	3,847	22.6	8,380	46.3	17.6	0.4	626	61.3
Arkansas	1,751	33.5	3,347	60.1	7.1	0.4	312	171.3
Florida	4,835	14.2	8,918	31.2	12.7	9.5	1,270	210.5
Georgia	3,366	37.5	6,078	51.3	13.0	1.1	841	139.6
Kentucky	2,757	25.6	5,594	47.2	2.4	0.4	648	350.0
Louisiana	3,156	50.6	10,130	117.6	15.3	1.5	421	57.7
Maryland	2,269	1.2	4,099	2.3	15.9	1.2	720	67.4
Mississippi	2,211	16.1	3,761	12.6	10.7	0.5	247	137.5
North Carolina	4,141	19.3	7,251	26.6	10.9	0.6	948	58.3
Oklahoma	1,710	23.5	3,251	36.8	4.0	1.9	245	29.6
South Carolina	1,778	20.8	3,764	36.9	13.5	0.6	442	100.9
Tennessee	3,654	22.9	6,724	7.3	9.8	0.4	674	179.7
Texas	7,344	18.6	14,089	38.6	8.0	11.7	2,054	52.7
Virginia	3,027	5.2	6,260	25.1	16.8	1.4	803	65.6
West Virginia	1,133	-30.7	2,638	3.2	1.7	0.5	186	60.3

SOURCES: National League for Nursing, Nursing Data Review, 1992 (1992), 1994 (1994), and 1996 (1996).



**TABLE 32**Number of Higher Education Institutions

	Al	l Institutio	ns¹		Public			Private	
	Total 1995-96	Four-Year	Two Your	Total	Four-Year	Two Your	Total	Four-Year	Two Your
	1990-90	ruui- i cai	IWU-TEAT	1990-90	ruur tear	IWU- TEAL	1990-90	rour-rear	IWU-Tear
United States	3,787	2,244	1,462	1,655	608	1,047	2,053	1,636	415
SREB States SREB States as a	1,174	645	509	621	222	399	533	423	110
Percent of the U.S.	31.0	28.7	34.8	37.5	36.5	38.1	26.0	25.9	26.5
Alabama	84	36	47	54	18	36	29	18	11
Arkansas	39	20	18	26	10	16	12	10	2
Florida	114	68	46	38	9	29	76	59	17
Georgia	120	56	64	73	19	54	46	37	10
Kentucky	62	37	24	22	8	14	39	29	10
Louisiana	39	27	9	20	14	6	16	13	3
Maryland	62	36	23	35	15	20	24	21	3
Mississippi	47	21	25	31	9	22	15	12	3
North Carolina	122	58	63	74	16	58	47	42	5
Oklahoma	46	25	20	29	14	15	15	11	5
South Carolina	59	34	25	33	12	21	26	22	4
Tennessee	78	52	24	24	10	14	52	42	10
Texas	185	98	81	107	40	67	69	58	14
Virginia	89	54	35	39	15	24	49	39	11
West Virginia	28	23	5	16	13	3	12	10	2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes all institutions classified by the National Center for Education Statistics as of collegiate nature (that are assigned "FICE" codes). Proprietary institutions are included in the "private" columns. Less than two-year schools are included in two-year columns.



## TABLE 32 (cont.)

	<sup>2</sup>	listorically Black		ck²	edominantly Blac	Pre
-			Total			Total
	Two-Year	Four-Year	1995-96	Two-Year	Four-Year	1995-96
United States	13	88	101	55	104	159
SREB States SREB States as a	12	79	91	35	80	115
Percent of the U.S	92.3	89.8	90.1	63.6	76.9	72.3
Alabama	6	8	14	8	8	16
Arkansas	1	3	4	1	3	4
Florida	0	4	4	3	4	7
Georgia	0	10	10	11	12	23
Kentucky	0	1	1	0	0	0
Louisiana	1	5	6	1	5	6
Maryland	0	4	4	2	5	7
Mississippi	2	5	7	2 3 2	5	8
North Carolina	0	11	11	2	11	13
Oklahoma	0	1	1	0	1	1
South Carolina	1	6	7	3	6	
Tennessee	0	6	6	1	6	9 7
Texas	1	8	9	0	9	9
Virginia	0	5		ō	5	5
West Virginia	0	2	5 2	0	0	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Predominantly Black" institutions are those in which black students comprise more than 50 percent of total enrollment. "Historically Black" institutions are those founded prior to 1964 as institutions for black students. "Historically Black" institutions are included in the "Predominantly Black" category if, and only if, black students make up more than 50 percent of their current enrollment.

SOURCE: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics data on institutional characteristics.



SREB continuously monitors the availability of new comparative data and publishes the *SREB Fact Book Bulletin* containing updated and expanded information. SREB data is also available on the internet. http://www.peach.net/SREB



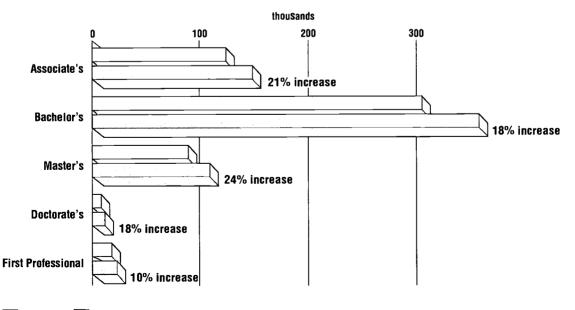


#### Associate's Degrees

Nationally, over 78,000 more associate's degrees were awarded by public and private colleges and universities in 1993-94 than in 1989-90. More than one-third of this growth occurred in the SREB region. The number of associate's degrees awarded in the SREB states increased by 21 percent, outpacing the national increase of 17 percent. The percent earned by women in the SREB states rose from 56 percent to 62 percent. By 1993-94, women earned over 60 percent of the associate's degrees in 12 of the 15 SREB states compared to only 8 states about a decade before.

Over the same period, the proportion of associate's degrees earned by black students remained basically the same (about 12 percent) in the SREB region. Nationally, the proportion earned by black students rose from 7.8 percent to 8.2 percent. By 1993-94, Hispanic students earned 6.0 percent of the associate's degrees nationally and 6.4 percent in the SREB region. In Florida they accounted for almost 11 percent, and in Texas, 18 percent. In the SREB region, more than 80 percent of the associate's degrees awarded to Hispanics were in Florida and Texas.

# **Increase in Degrees Earned, SREB States**



**1989-90 1993-94** 



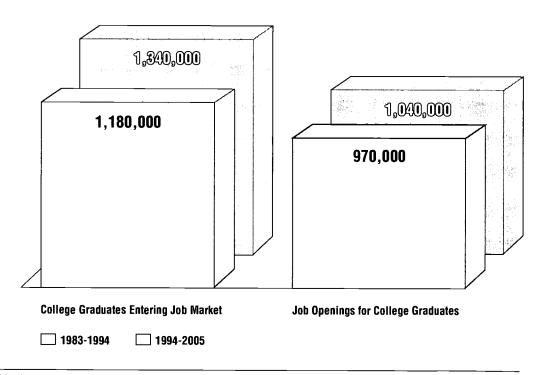
National Center for Education Statistics.

#### **Bachelor's Degrees**

Since the late 1980s, there have been over one million bachelor's degrees awarded nation-wide each year by public and private colleges and universities. In 1993-94 almost 1.2 million bachelor's degrees were awarded — an increase from 1989-90 of 10 percent. In the SREB region, the increase was 18 percent. Women earned about the same proportion of bachelor's degrees in the region by 1993-94 (55 percent) as nationwide. Ten years earlier women were earning about 50 percent.

The latest projections for the period from the mid-1990s to 2005 reveal that job openings requiring a bachelor's degree or higher are going to be the fastest growing types of jobs. For example, jobs requiring a bachelor's degree with no work experience are projected to increase 27 percent compared to an overall growth rate in job openings of 14 percent. However, the job market for college graduates is going to be highly competitive. Between 1983 and 1994 there were 210,000 more college-educated workers a year entering the job market than there were openings. This competitive job market for college graduates is projected to intensify.

# Average Annual College Graduates Entering the Labor Force and Job Openings\* 1983 to 1994 and Projections for 1994 to 2005, United States



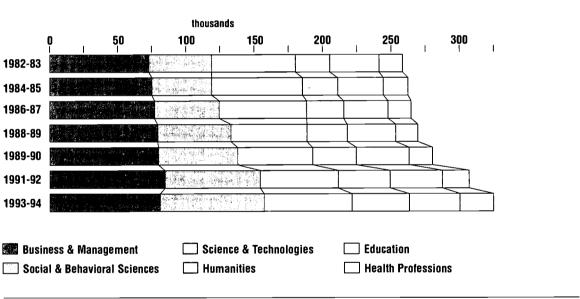
<sup>\*</sup> Bachelor's or higher degree. SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of the Census.



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More black students earned bachelor's degrees than in the late 1980s. Nationally, the number increased 38 percent. In the SREB states, the number increased 42 percent. These rates of increase were above the overall growth rate, so the share of bachelor's degrees earned by black students also increased. Nationwide, black students earned 7 percent of the bachelor's degrees, compared to 6 percent in 1989-90. In the SREB region, the figure is up to 12 percent, compared to 10 percent earlier. Almost half of the bachelor's degrees earned by black students in the SREB region were awarded by predominantly or historically black colleges and universities (which enroll about one-third of the black students). By 1993-94, Hispanic students' share of bachelor's degrees increased to 4.2 percent nationally and 4.6 percent in the SREB region (less than 2 percent of the bachelor's degrees in every SREB state except Florida and Texas.)

### Trends in Bachelor's Degrees Earned by Broad Field, SREB States



SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics.

From 1989-90 to 1993-94, the number of bachelor's degrees awarded in education rose 3 percent nationwide and fell 5 percent in the SREB region. This SREB regional decline was due to policy changes in three SREB states (Tennessee, Texas and Virginia) which have required prospective school teachers to major in a field other than education. Degrees in the sciences and technologies, increased 7 percent nationally, while in the SREB region, they jumped 15 percent. Over the same period, there were record increases in allied health and health sciences — 27 percent nationally and 47 percent in the SREB region. Degrees in business and management remained basically the same nationally while rising 2 percent in the SREB states. The growth in bachelor's degrees in humanities continued — up 21 percent nationwide and 30 percent in the SREB region. In social and behavioral sciences, the national growth rate was 21 percent; 31 percent in the SREB region.





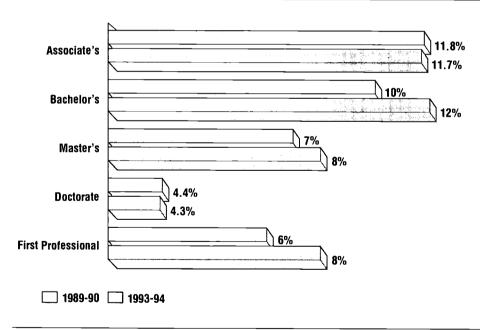
#### Master's Degrees

From 1989-90 to 1993-94, the SREB region's growth rate in the number of master's degrees (24 percent) exceeded the national growth rate of 20 percent. In 1993-94, women earned 56 percent of the master's degrees in the SREB region and 55 percent nationally, compared to 52 percent and 51 percent, respectively, in the late 1980s.

Since the late 1980s, there has been significant growth in the number of black students earning master's degrees, up 44 percent nationally and 36 percent in the SREB region. Black students received 8 percent of the SREB region's master's degrees and 5 percent of those awarded in the United States. These proportions are higher than they were in the late 1980s. Hispanic students earned 3.2 percent of the master's degrees in the SREB region and 2.9 percent nationally.

The number of master's degrees earned in all broad fields of study increased from the late 1980s to the early 1990s. Education remains the largest field of study for master's degrees — accounting for about 29 percent of all master's degrees in the SREB region — but education had the lowest growth rate (7 percent).

#### Percent of Degrees Earned by Black Students, SREB States



SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics.



#### **Doctoral Degrees**

From 1989-90 to 1993-94, the number of doctoral degrees awarded increased 14 percent nationally and 18 percent in the SREB region. By 1993-94, women received 40 percent of the doctorates in the region — up from 36 percent in the late 1980s.

In 1993-94, over 1,300 black students earned doctoral degrees nationwide — 244 more than in 1989-90. The number earned in the SREB region grew by 65 to a total of 495. Black students earned 3 percent of all doctoral degrees in the country and 4 percent in the SREB region.

By the early 1990s, students from foreign countries earned 27 percent of the doctoral degrees in the United States and 24 percent of those awarded in the SREB region. In some fields such as engineering, over half of the doctoral degrees go to foreign students.

From the late 1980s to the early 1990s, the number of doctorates earned in the humanities rose 22 percent nationwide and 21 percent in the SREB states. Regionally, in the social and behavioral sciences, the increase was 21 percent compared to a nationwide increase of 12 percent. The number of doctoral degrees awarded in education remained about the same nationwide (-0.2 percent) and they increased 4 percent in the SREB region. The number of doctorates nationwide in allied health and health sciences had the fastest growth rate — 23 percent nationally and 37 percent in the SREB states. The number of doctorates in the sciences and technologies grew 17 percent nationally and 20 percent in the SREB region.

#### First Professional Degrees

From the late 1980s to 1993-94, the number of first professional degrees in such fields as law, medicine, and dentistry increased 6 percent nationally and 10 percent in the SREB region — reversing a declining trend between 1985 and 1990. By the mid 1990s, women received 41 percent of first professional degrees nationally and 39 percent regionally. The number of first professional degrees awarded to black students increased 30 percent nationally and 48 percent in the SREB region. By 1993-94, black graduates made up 6 percent of the degree recipients nationwide and 8 percent in the SREB region.



**TABLE 33**Degrees Conferred by Public Postsecondary Education Institutions

			1994-95		
		Other			-
		Less Than			
	Associate's	Four-Year <sup>1</sup>	Bachelor's	Master's²	Doctoral
SREB States	135,963	80,105	270,728	140,507	9,297
Alabama	7,192	5,844	16,821	5,959	435
Arkansas	2,533	2,124	7,143	2,021	155
Florida	34,097	10,333	30,885	8,636	961
Georgia	6,857	9,623	19,286	7,316	668
Kentucky	4,938	83	12,017	3,707	284
Louisiana	2,746	5,939	14,880	3,991	373
Maryland	8,186	1,607	15,864	4,673	587
Mississippi	5,364	1,908	8,508	2,287	347
North Carolina	13,195	8,976	22,583	5,749	750
Oklahoma	6,048	983	12,480	3,603	347
South Carolina	5,435	3,253	11,620	6,102	351
Tennessee	5,690	11,443	13,412	4,495	452
Texas	22,614	14,868	54,607	17,202	2,380
/irginia	8,941	2,998	23,265	8,537	1,048
West Virginia	2,127	123	7,360	2,151	159

<sup>1</sup> Includes certificates requiring less than two years of study and certificates requiring two, but less than four, years of study.

SOURCE: SREB-State Data Exchange.



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes post-baccalaureate and post-master's certificates as well as Education Specialist degrees.

**TABLE 34**First Professional Degrees Conferred by Public Universities

			1994-95		
_	Law	Medicine	Dentistry	Veterinary Medicine	Other First Professional
SREB States	5,633	3,570	953	872	923
Alabama	180	219	53	86	53
Arkansas	234	135	0	0	113
Florida	476	208	74	76	105
Georgia	367	179	42	76	28
Kentucky	389	198	98	0	54
Louisiana	307	284	50	70	0
Maryland	551	148	91	0	18
Mississippi	180	90	30	41	88
North Carolina	309	242	72	140	16
Oklahoma	238	141	49	64	33
South Carolina	247	206	43	116	43
Tennessee	294	208	81	56	65
Texas	1,136	892	160	70	227
Virginia	707	289	84	77	15
West Virginia	135	131	26	0	65

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes degrees in chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy and podiatry.

SOURCE: SREB-State Data Exchange.



TABLE 35
Associate's Degrees¹ Awarded to Men and Women

		olic and Prives and University		Percent in T	otal			
		1993-94		1984-85 to			ercent Wom	
	Total	Men	Women	1989-90	1993-94	1984-85	1989-90	1993-94
United States	531,439	211,852	319,587	-0.7	17.2	55.5	55.2	60.1
SREB States SREB States as a	157,737	60,432	97,305	3.8	20.6	57.3	56.4	61.7
Percent of the U.S.	29.7	28.5	30.4					
Alabama	7,781	2,813	4,968	0.8	28.3	58.2	59.6	63.8
Arkansas	2,808	912	1,896	23.9	7.8	62.2	57.5	67.5
Florida	40,620	16,481	24,139	3.7	20.5	54.5	53.6	59.4
Georgia	9,419	3,567	5,852	20.9	27.5	61.6	57.9	62.1
Kentucky	6,416	1,950	4,466	-12.0	19.1	60.1	61.8	69.6
Louisiana	3,303	1,178	2,125	-3.1	28.9	59.4	57.2	64.3
Maryland	8,292	3,063	5,229	1.6	11.6	62.3	58.1	63.1
Mississippi	5,538	1,774	3,764	7.0	16.5	64.2	67.7	68.0
North Carolina	13,621	4,786	8,835	-3.6	27.9	60.2	60.2	64.9
Oklahoma	6,689	2,558	4,131	39.7	7.8	52.7	50.7	61.8
South Carolina	6,218	2,558	3,660	-1.8	20.7	59.0	54.9	58.9
Tennessee	6,894	2,675	4,219	-16.6	30.6	60.6	66.4	61.2
Texas	25,787	10,790	14,997	4.7	14.4	52.2	52.3	58.2
Virginia	11,339	4,194	7,145	13.5	35.3	58.4	55.7	63.0
West Virginia	3,012	1,133	1,879	-4.8	9.8	62.1	59.0	62.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Does not include certificates, diplomas or other non-degree awards.

SOURCES: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics data; National Center for Education Statistics, Historical Trends: State Education Facts 1969 to 1990 (1992) (Washington, D.C.: U.S. Government Printing Office).



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TABLE 36
Associate's Degrees' Awarded to Black Students

<del></del>		1993	-94				
	Total by Public and Private Colleges and Universities	Percent by Predominantly Black <sup>2</sup> Institutions	Percent by Historically Black <sup>2</sup> Institutions	Percent Change in Total 1989-90 to 1993-94	Percent Associate's		
United States	43,782	13.6	3.0	33.1	7.8	8.2	
SREB States	18,413	14.4	6.0	20.6	11.8	11.7	
SREB States as a							
Percent of the U.S.	42.1						
Alabama	1,354	34.1	33.6	11.9	20.3	17.4	
Arkansas	245	8.2	8.2	-36.0	14.7	8.7	
Florida	3,577	1.4	0.7	48.4	7.3	8.8	
Georgia	1,668	35.4	0.0	20.2	18.8	17.7	
Kentucky	331	_	3.9	7.5	5.8	5.2	
_ouisiana	672	26.8	26.8	4.5	25.2	20.3	
Maryland	1,173	49.9	0.0	9.8	14.5	14.1	
Mississippi	1,270	16.6	12.0	6.7	25.1	22.9	
North Carolina	1,594	4.2	0.4	22.9	12.2	11.7	
Oklahoma	409		0.0	6.2	6.7	6.1	
South Carolina	1,119	13.4	5.8	4.8	20.7	18.0	
Tennessee	820	31.5	4.6	38.3	11.2	11.9	
Texas	2,642	1.0	3.2	14.4	10.3	10.2	
Virginia	1,451	3.5	3.5	56.2	11.1	12.8	
West Virginia	88	_	21.6	-5.4	3.4	2.9	

<sup>&</sup>quot;---"indicates not applicable. There is no institution of this type in the state.





<sup>1</sup> Does not include certificates, diplomas or other non-degree awards.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Predominantly Black"institutions are those in which black students comprise more than 50 percent of the total enrollment."Historically Black"institutions are those founded prior to 1964 as institutions for black students. "Historically Black"institutions are included in the "Predominantly Black"category if, and only if, black students make up more than 50 percent of their current enrollment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> These percentages are calculated from the total of associate's degrees by race/ethnic group and are somewhat smaller than the totals reported in Table 35 because the race/ethnicity of some graduates is unknown.

**TABLE 37**Associate's Degrees¹ Awarded to Hispanic and Foreign Students

		Public	and Private Col	leges and Unive	ersities	
		Hispanic		F	oreign Students	3
•		Percent	of Total		Percent	of Total
	Number	Associate'	s Degrees²	Number	Associate's	s Degrees²
	1993-94	1989-90	1993-94	1993-94	1989-90	1993-94
United States	31,800	5.8	6.0	10,140	1.4	1.9
SREB States	10,033	6.1	6.4	2,395	1.4	1.5
SREB States as a	,,,,,,,			_,		
Percent of the U.S.	31.6			23.6		
				į		
Alabama	49	0.3	0.6	22	1.0	0.3
Arkansas	18	0.5	0.6	15	0.7	0.5
Florida	4,317	10.5	10.6	740	2.3	1.8
Georgia	122	1.0	1.3	132	1.2	1.4
Kentucky	26	0.3	0.4	50	0.3	0.8
Louisiana	114	4.3	3.5	8	1.1	0.2
		Ì				
Maryland	121	1.3	1.5	163	1.3	2.0
Mississippi	30	0.3	0.5	6	0.0	0.1
North Carolina	110	0.5	0.8	813	2.4	6.0
Oklahoma	108	1.8	1.6	29	1.4	0.4
South Carolina	57	0.7	0.9	54	1.4	0.9
Tennessee	47	0.7	0.7	6	0.3	0.1
Texas	4,692	16.7	18.2	283	1.0	1.1
/irginia	203	1.5	1.8	57	0.8	0.5
West Virginia	19	0.1	0.6	17	0.9	0.6

<sup>1</sup> Does not include certificates, diplomas or other non-degree awards.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These percentages are calculated from the total of associate's degrees by race/ ethnic group and are somewhat smaller than the totals reported in Table 35 because the race/ethnicity of some graduates is unknown.

 TABLE 38

 Bachelor's Degrees Awarded to Men and Women

		lic and Pri			Change			
	College	s and Univ	ersities		otal			
_		1993-94		1984-85 to	1989-90 to	Pe	rcent Wom	en
	Total	Men	Women	1989-90	1993-94	1984-85	1989-90	1993-94
United States	1,165,841	529,391	636,450	8.2	10.0	50.3	51.1	54.6
SREB States SREB States as a	357,060	159,345	197,715	7.6	17.9	51.5	51.7	55.4
Percent of the U.S.	30.6	30.1	31.1					
Alabama	21,150	9,288	11,862	4.4	24.0	51.5	52.3	56.1
Arkansas	8,549	3,729	4,820	4.5	14.4	50.5	52.7	56.4
Florida	44,075	20,312	23,763	13.0	24.6	48.7	49.4	53.9
Georgia	26,283	11,613	14,670	16.3	22.8	51.7	50.1	55.8
Kentucky	14,629	6,319	8,310	5.6	19.7	51.8	56.1	56.8
Louisiana	17,787	7,456	10,331	-1.2	12.0	50.7	54.0	58.1
Maryland	20,720	9,051	11,669	17.9	12.0	54.0	54.2	56.3
Mississippi	10,524	4,398	6,126	1.9	19.5	52.9	50.8	58.2
North Carolina	32,730	14,566	18,164	9.1	19.9	53.0	54.6	55.5
Oklahoma	15,734	7,021	8,713	2.4	15.7	47.8	51.0	55.4
South Carolina	15,318	6,732	8,586	6.4	15.9	52.6	50.4	56.1
Tennessee	19,992	9,108	10,884	2.5	14.5	50.3	51.4	54.4
Texas	69,298	31,447	37,851	6.1	15.6	51.4	49.9	54.6
Virginia	31,226	13,913	17,313	13.2	15.1	55.3	53.6	55.4
West Virginia	9,045	4,392	4,653	-6.1	22.0	49.3	48.2	51.4

SOURCES: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics data; National Center for Education Statistics, *Historical Trends: State Education Facts 1969 to 1990* (1992) (Washington, O.C.: U.S. Government Printing Office).





**TABLE 39**Bachelor's Degrees Awarded in Selected Fields

		Public a	and Private Col	leges and Unive	rsities	
•			Socia	al and	Scien	ce and
	Huma	ınities	Behaviora	l Sciences	Techno	ologies
		Percent		Percent		Percent
	Number	Increase 1989-90 to	Normalian	Increase	Maranhau	Increase
	Number 1993-94	1993-94	Number 1993-94	1989-90 to 1993-94	Number 1993-94	1989-90 to 1993-94
	1990-94	1990-94	1990-94	1990-94	1993-94	1993-94
United States	162,485	20.9	263,575	20.5	213,383	7.2
SREB States SREB States as a	41,699	30.4	76,467	30.7	63,927	15.2
Percent of the U.S.	25.7		29.0		30.0	
Alabama	1,584	22.0	3,682	42.1	3,769	13.8
Arkansas	714	17.6	1,317	32.2	1,479	21.7
Florida	5,005	38.5	9,225	49.1	6,680	2.4
Georgia	3,184	34.3	5,067	29.1	4,910	12.7
Kentucky	1,552	34.7	3,210	42.1	2,551	13.7
Louisiana	2,464	23.0	3,447	21.6	3,182	7.6
Maryland	2,468	13.7	4,989	12.9	3,433	10.7
Mississippi	811	41.3	1,883	41.8	2,007	23.2
North Carolina	3,761	16.7	8,920	27.7	6,483	32.4
Oklahoma	1,493	31.8	2,491	25.6	2,794	8.4
South Carolina	2,056	14.3	3,285	30.4	2,863	33.3
Tennessee	2,453	38.3	4,383	30.3	3,597	7.2
Texas	8,076	43.6	13,734	27.2	12,717	13.2
Virginia	5,350	28.3	9,180	26.8	6,044	26.9
West Virginia	728	51.7	1,654	52.2	1,418	22.5

NOTES: The broad subject areas were defined as follows: humanities (foreign languages and literature; English language, literature and letters; liberal arts and general studies; philosophy and religion; theology; and visual and performing arts); social and behavioral sciences (area, ethnic and cultural studies; home economics; psychology; protective services; public administration and services; and social sciences and history); science and technologies (agribusiness and agricultural production, and agricultural sciences; conservation and renewable natural resources; architecture and related programs; computer and information sciences; engineering; engineering-related technologies; vocational home economics; life and biological sciences; mathematics; physical sciences; science technologies; construction trades; mechanics and repairers; and precision production); business and management (business management and administrative services; marketing operations and distribution; and transportation and moving); education (all sub-fields); and allied health and health sciences (all sub-fields). Awards in communications; communications technologies; consumer, personal and miscellaneous services; industrial arts; military sciences; military technologies; multi-interdisciplinary studies; parks, recreation, leisure and fitness; law; library science; basic skills; citizenship and civic activities; health-related activities; interpersonal skills; and personal awareness were excluded.

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# TABLE 39 (cont.)

		sities	eges and Univer	nd Private Coll	Public a	
	ealth and Sciences		ation	Educ	ess and gement	
	Percent Increase 1989-90 to 1993-94	Number 1993-94	Percent Change 1989-90 to 1993-94	Number 1993-94	Percent Change 1989-90 to 1993-94	Number 1993-94
United States SREB States SREB States as a	26.5 47.2	74,421 24,526	2.8 -4.6	107,600 37,199	-0.3 2.3	250,224 81,630
Percent of the U.S		33.0		34.6		32.6
Alabama	55.3	1,971	31.3	3,393	13.1	5,577
Arkansas Florida	47.1 35.5	759 2,188	3.7 26.1	1,750 5,393	4.9 17.4	2,086 12,633
Georgia	41.0	1,579	49.5	3,847	7.0	6,286
Kentucky Louisiana	40.8 36.9	1,329 1,735	27.9 11.7	2,342 2,351	-6.3 -1.5	2,548 3,682
Maryland	44.1	1,434	35.0	1,681	-9.7	3,235
Mississippi North Carolina	70.1 50.2	980 1,957	15.4 8.9	1,651 3,212	-8.1 0.9	2,585 6,264
Oklahoma	32.2	1,207	14.5	2,863	-9.4	3,369
South Carolina Tennessee	24.3 62.2	858 1,434	26.8 -8.9	1,951 1,939	-7.6 -7.0	3,745 4,582
Texas	59.2	4,609	-70.0	2,561	3.5	16,929
Virginia West Virginia	39.4 66.7	1,579 907	-58.6 0.2	937 1,328	0.0 -0.6	6,239 1,870



**TABLE 40**Bachelor's Degrees Awarded to Black Students

		1993-94		i.		
	Total by Public and Private Colleges and Universities	Percent by Predominantly Black <sup>1</sup> Institutions	Percent by Historically Black <sup>1</sup> Institutions	Percent Change in Total 1989-90 to 1993-94		t of Total s Degrees <sup>2</sup> 1993-94
United States SREB States SREB States as a Percent of the U.S.	81,989 43,136 52.6	29.7 47.4	28.4 47.7	38.3 41.8	5.8 10.1	7.0 12.1
Alabama	3,494	51.8	51.8	50.7	13.6	16.5
Arkansas	854	49.3	49.3	19.8	9.6	10.0
Florida	4,253	35.2	35.2	83.4	6.6	9.6
Georgia	4,698	55.4	51.5	50.7	14.6	17.9
Kentucky	649	na	18.5	31.6	4.1	4.4
Louisiana	3,963	67.9	67.9	33.6	18.7	22.3
Maryland	3,051	42.9	41.8	43.1	11.6	14.7
Mississippi	2,480	64.1	64.1	33.9	21.3	23.6
North Carolina	5,193	59.4	59.4	34.7	14.1	15.9
Oklahoma	943	18.6	18.6	57.2	4.4	6.0
South Carolina	2,421	42.8	42.8	28.8	14.2	15.8
Tennessee	2,116	31.0	38.8	29.7	9.5	10.6
Texas	4,585	28.7	28.7	35.6	5.7	6.6
Virginia	4,203	53.8	53.8	42.7	10.9	13.5
West Virginia	233	na	24.0	7.4	2.9	2.6

<sup>&</sup>quot;na" indicates not applicable. There is no institution of this type in the state.



<sup>1 &</sup>quot;Predominantly Black" institutions are those in which black students comprise more than 50 percent of total enrollment. "Historically Black" institutions are those founded prior to 1964 as institutions for black students. "Historically Black" institutions are included in the "Predominantly Black" category if, and only if, black students make up more than 50 percent of their current enrollment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These percentages are calculated from the total of bachelor's degrees by race/ethnic group and are somewhat smaller than the totals reported in Table 38 because the race/ethnicity of some graduates is unknown.

 TABLE 41

 Bachelor's Degrees Awarded to Hispanic and Foreign Students

	_	Public	and Private Col	leges and Unive	ersities	
_		Hispanic		1	Foreign Student	S
		Percent	of Total		Percent	of Total
	Number	Bachelor's	Degrees <sup>1</sup>	Number	Bachelor's	Degrees¹
	1993-94	1989-90	1993-94	1993-94	1989-90	1993-94
United States	49,032	4.3	4.2	34,150	2.6	2.9
SREB States	16,296	3.5	4.6	8,193	2.4	2.3
SREB States as a	,			,		
Percent of the U.S.	33.2			24.0		
Alabama	133	0.6	0.6	361	1.9	1.7
Arkansas	46	0.4	0.5	251	3.3	2.9
Florida	4,620	8.4	10.5	1,420	3.5	3.2
Georgia	330	1.1	1.3	524	2.2	2.0
Kentucky	64	0.5	0.4	289	1.6	2.0
Louisiana	324	1.8	1.8	332	3.5	1.9
Maryland	404	1.7	1.9	587	2.2	2.8
Mississippi	22	0.3	0.2	210	0.9	2.0
North Carolina	280	0.6	0.9	398	1.3	1.2
Oklahoma	229	1.1	1.5	833	4.4	5.3
South Carolina	90	0.5	0.6	287	1.5	1.9
Tennessee	114	0.5	0.6	281	1.4	1.4
Texas	9,065	9.9	13.1	1,689	2.9	2.4
Virginia	508	0.9	1.6	497	1.8	1.6
West Virginia	67	0.4	0.7	234	1.8	2.6

¹ These percentages are calculated from the total of bachelor's degrees by race/ethnic group and are somewhat smaller than the totals reported in Table 38 because the race/ethnicity of some graduates is unknown.



TABLE 42
Master's Degrees' Awarded to Men and Women

		blic and Priv Jes and Univ			Change otal		Pareant Moman	
		1993-94		1984-85 to	1989-90 to	Pe	ercent Wom	en
	Total	Men	Women	1989-90	1993-94	1984-85	1989-90	1993-94
United States	399,464	179,973	219,491	16.5	19.7	49.8	50.3	54.9
SREB States	109,422	48,564	60,858	15.2	24.4	53.6	52.1	55.6
SREB States as a								
Percent of the U.S.	27.4	27.0	27.7					
Alabama	6,092	2,460	3,632	8.7	28.2	51.8	53.5	59.6
Arkansas	2,035	819	1,216	1.4	16.0	57.7	61.7	59.8
Florida	14,337	6,699	7,638	29.7	28.6	49.9	47.2	53.3
Tiorida	1 1,001	0,000	1,000		20.0	10.0		00.0
Georgia	9,251	3,792	5,459	18.0	25.1	58.0	56.0	59.0
Kentucky	4,169	1,551	2,618	9.4	11.4	60.9	58.8	62.8
Louisiana	5,340	2,314	3,026	-0.8	31.3	56.2	51.6	56.7
Maryland	8,352	3,681	4,671	24.8	28.3	51.7	48.7	55.9
Mississippi	2,693	1,184	1,509	10.8	7.0	54.3	47.4	56.0
North Carolina	7,459	3,329	4,130	18.6	18.9	56.1	57.2	55.4
Oklahoma	4,954	2,315	2,639	5.7	25.6	50.6	51.0	53.3
South Carolina	4,643	1,826	2,817	26.2	20.1	59.5	53.9	60.7
Tennessee	5,855	2,360	3,495	17.2	20.9	57.1	61.5	59.7
Texas	21,964	10,845	11,119	4.7	22.3	49.7	48.9	50.6
Virginia	10,242	4,556	5,686	42.5	38.1	54.4	50.2	55.5
West Virginia	2,036	833	1,203	-1.7	16.4	57.6	56.3	59.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes post-baccalaureate and post-master's certificates as well as Education Specialist degrees.

SOURCES: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics data; National Center for Education Statistics, *Historical Trends: State Education Facts 1969 to 1990* (1992) (Washington, D.C.: U.S. Government Printing Office).



TABLE 43
Master's Degrees¹ Awarded to Black Students

		1993-94				
	Total by Public and Private Colleges and Universities	Percent by Predominantly Black <sup>2</sup> Institutions	Percent by Historically Black <sup>2</sup> Institutions	Change in Total 1989-90 to 1993-94	Percent Master's I 1989-90	
United States	21,648	15.3	14.8	43.9	4.8	
SREB States	8,643	30.3	30.6	36.3	7.2	7.9
SREB States as a Percent of the U.S.	39.9					
Alabama	720	29.6	29.6	66.3	9.2	11.8
Arkansas	106	8.5	8.5	12.8	5.4	5.2
Florida	1,119	11.8	11.8	54.6	6.5	7.8
Georgia	1,149	37.8	37.8	51.4	10.3	12.4
Kentucky	140	na	5.7	27.3	3.0	3.4
Louisiana	666	59.2	59.2	50.3	10.9	12.5
Maryland	868	38.8	38.8	78.2	7.5	10.4
Mississippi	434	47.2	47.2	5.1	16.5	16.1
North Carolina	641	40.6	40.6	21.6	8.4	8.6
Oklahoma	227	1.8	1.8	73.3	3.3	4.6
South Carolina	333	23.1	23.1	1.8	8.5	7.2
Tennessee	434	15.2	20.3	-8.4	9.8	7.4
Texas	1,031	27.2	27.2	21.2	4.8	4.7
Virginia	723	28.5	28.5	32.7	7.3	7.1
West Virginia	52	na	0.0	147.6	1.2	2.6

<sup>&</sup>quot;na" indicates not applicable. There is no institution of this type in the state.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes post-baccalaureate and post-master's certificates as well as Education Specialist degrees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Predominantly Black" institutions are those in which black students comprise more than 50 percent of total enrollment. "Historically Black" institutions are those founded prior to 1964 as institutions for black students. "Historically Black" institutions are included in the "Predominantly Black" category if, and only if, black students make up more than 50 percent of their current enrollment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> These percentages are calculated from the total of master's degrees by race/ethnic group and are somewhat smaller than the totals reported in Table 42 because the race/ethnicity of some graduates is unknown.

**TABLE 44**Master's Degrees¹ Awarded in Selected Fields

		Public	and Private Co	lleges and Unive	ersities	
				al and	•	ce and
	Huma	anities	Behaviora	al Sciences	Techn	ologies
	Number 1993-94	Percent Change 1989-90 to 1993-94	Number 1993-94	Percent Increase 1989-90 to 1993-94	Number 1993-94	Percent Change 1989-90 to 1993-94
United States SREB States SREB States as a	31,221 7,536	17.2 28.5	55,543 14,199	28.3 37.3	63,463 17,709	14.9 28.5
Percent of the U.S.	24.1		24.2		27.9	
Alabama Arkansas Florida	243 99 577	42.1 52.3 52.2	759 266 2,000	39.3 53.8 70.6	809 237 2,142	12.2 17.9 39.5
Georgia Kentucky Louisiana	363 360 529	36.5 3.2 11.1	871 707 861	19.0 28.3 47.4	1,334 455 900	31.9 0.0 51.8
Maryland Mississippi North Carolina	707 147 581	42.3 13.1 44.2	1,453 293 936	23.1 3.2 43.1	1,446 481 1,248	4.6 49.8 34.2
Oklahoma South Carolina Tennessee	251 262 371	71.9 -36.1 15.2	877 468 570	43.5 67.1 8.0	759 647 763	36.3 26.4 19.4
Texas Virginia West Virginia	1,955 959 132	27.5 52.0 51.7	2,484 1,451 203	39.2 33.0 18.0	4,307 1,858 323	34.1 23.7 51.6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes post-baccalaureate and post-master's certificates as well as Education Specialist degrees.

NOTES: The broad subject areas were defined as follows: humanities (foreign languages and literature; English language, literature and letters; liberal arts and general studies; philosophy and religion; theology; and visual and performing arts); social and behavioral sciences (area, ethnic and cultural studies; home economics; psychology; protective services; public administration and services; and social sciences and history); science and technologies (agribusiness and agricultural production, and agricultural sciences; conservation and renewable natural resources; architecture and related programs; computer and information sciences; engineering; engineering-related technologies; vocational home economics; life and biological sciences; mathematics; physical sciences; science technologies; construction trades; mechanics and repairers; and precision production); business and management (business management and administrative services; marketing operations and distribution; and transportation and moving); education (all sub-fields); and allied health and health sciences (all sub-fields). Awards in communications; communications technologies; consumer, personal and miscellaneous services; industrial arts; military sciences; military technologies; multi-interdisciplinary studies; parks, recreation, leisure and fitness; law; library science; basic skills; citizenship and civic activities; health-related activities; interpersonal skills; and personal awareness were excluded.



TABLE 44 (cont.)

		sities	leges and Univer	nd Private Col	Public a	Public and Private Colleges and Universities										
	ealth and Sciences		ation	Educ	ss and ement	Busine Manag										
	Percent Change 1989-90 to 1993-94	Number 1993-94	Percent Change 1989-90 to 1993-94	Number 1993-94	Percent Increase 1989-90 to 1993-94	Number 1993-94										
United States SREB States SREB States as a	38.5 52.5	29,104 8,662	14.9 7.4	105,982 31,382	21.6 29.9	94,728 25,237										
Percent of the U.		29.8		29.6		26.6										
Alabama	8.9	525	24.3	2,454	35.8	1,062										
Arkansas	89.4	233	-11.9	778	27.7	346										
Florida	49.5	960	3.5	3,391	26.5	4,757										
Georgia	71.2	731	16.5	3,678	27.5	2,042										
Kentucky	67.3	328	4.6	1,740	6.2	362										
Louisiana	44.9	555	32.2	1,383	17.5	886										
Maryland	52.7	719	40.8	1,538	36.1	2,066										
Mississippi	-0.6	167	-16.9	983	46.9	526										
North Carolina	47.0	791	-16.0	1,694	24.8	1,809										
Oklahoma	50.9	258	3.6	1,400	6.8	1,057										
South Carolina	67.8	458	-4.1	1,575	73.5	1,008										
Tennessee	84.2	525	2.6	2,309	46.9	1,074										
Texas	54.4	1,555	-3.4	4,712	26.8	5,852										
Virginia	63.3	694	49.5	2,963	48.0	2,120										
West Virginia	85.2	163	-5.2	784	14.4	270										





**TABLE 45**Master's Degrees¹ Awarded to Hispanic and Foreign Students

		Public	and Private Col	leges and Unive	rsities	
		Hispanic			Foreign Student	ls
		Percent	of Total		Percent	of Total
	Number	Master's	Degre es²	Number	Master's	Degrees <sup>2</sup>
	1993-94	1989-90	1993-94	1993-94	1989-90	1993-94
United States	11,705	2.8	2.9	47,347	11.2	11.9
SREB States	3,460	2.6	3.2	11,188	9.0	10.2
SREB States as a				<u> </u>		
Percent of the U.S.	29.6			23.6		
Alabama	54	0.7	0.9	478	9.2	7.0
Arkansas	5	0.7	0.9	187	4.3	7.8
Florida	1,115	6.1	7.8	1,178	8.7	9.2
Tioriua	1,110	0.1	1.0	1,176	0.7	8.2
Georgia	97	1.2	1.0	688	8.1	7.4
Kentucky	22	0.5	0.5	257	5.5	6.2
Louisiana	83	2.0	1.6	844	13.1	15.8
Maryland	125	1.1	1.5	852	9.4	10.2
Mississippi	7	0.2	0.3	326	6.8	12.1
North Carolina	76	0.5	1.0	572	5.3	7.7
Oklahoma	71	1.0	1.4	905	19.7	18.3
South Carolina	20	0.7	0.4	473	7.3	10.2
Tennessee	35	0.7	0.6	247	3.8	4.2
Texas	1,594	6.3	7.3	3,326	11.3	15.1
Virginia	143	0.8	1.4	729	8.2	7.1
West Virginia	13	0.3	0.6	126	6.7	6.2

¹ Includes post-baccalaureate and post-master's certificates as well as Education Specialist degrees.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These percentages are calculated from the total of master's degrees by race/ethnic group and are somewhat smaller than the totals reported in Table 42 because the race/ethnicity of some graduates is unknown.

**TABLE 46**Doctoral Degrees Awarded to Men and Women

		lic and Prives and Univ			Change otal			
	Ouncy	1993-94	Grantica		1989-90 to	Pe	rcent Wom	en
	Total	Men	Women	1989-90	1993-94	1984-85	1989-90	1993-94
United States	43,146	26,523	16,623	15.4	13.5	34.1	34.4	38.5
SREB States	11,584	6,962	4,622	21.9	17.8	35.9	35.6	39.9
SREB States as a								
Percent of the U.S	26.8	26.2	27.8					
Alabama	476	259	217	34.1	34.5	44.7	42.9	45.6
Arkansas	146	101	45	5.5	8.1	31.3	25.2	30.8
Florida	1,644	902	742	27.4	31.4	38.1	41.9	45.1
Georgia	813	492	321	12.2	1.6	36.6	39.3	39.5
Kentucky	401	266	135	25.5	25.3	21.6	30.6	33.7
Louisiana	447	273	174	58.2	10.4	27.7	32.1	38.9
Maryland	934	539	395	17.2	14.5	44.0	36.3	42.3
Mississippi	352	233	119	19.6	20.1	34.7	30.4	33.8
North Carolina	988	595	393	23.5	14.8	36.3	28.7	39.8
Oklahoma	387	254	133	1.0	-5.1	30.2	34.6	34.4
South Carolina	459	272	187	52.7	34.2	29.5	26.0	40.7
Tennessee	672	389	283	4.7	7.3	38.8	42.7	42.1
Texas	2,732	1,699	1,033	22.6	21.2	34.9	35.6	37.8
Virginia	1,006	612	394	29.7	19.9	34.5	32.7	39.2
West Virginia	127	76	51	11.3	-0.8	37.4	34.4	40.2

SOURCES: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics data; National Center for Education Statistics, *Historical Trends: State Education Facts 1969 to 1990* (1992) (Washington, D.C.: U.S. Government Printing Office).



**TABLE 47**Doctoral Degrees Awarded to Black Students

		1993-94			-	
	Total by Public and Private Colleges and Universities	Percent by Predominantly Black <sup>1</sup> Institutions	Percent by Historically Black <sup>1</sup> Institutions	Change in Total Number 1989-90 to 1993-94	Percent Doctoral 1989-90	
United States SREB States	1,344 495	9.7 16.4	9.7 16.4	244 65	3.0 4.4	3.1 4.3
SREB States as a Percent of the U.S.	36.8					1.0
Alabama	17	0.0	0.0	10	2.0	3.6
Arkansas	6	0.0	0.0	3	2.2	4.1
Florida	104	2.9	2.9	24	6.4	6.3
Georgia	73	38.4	38.4	-11	10.5	9.0
Kentucky	11	na	0.0	8	1.0	2.7
ouisiana	17	35.3	35.3	8	2.2	3.8
Maryland	42	14.3	14.3	9	4.1	4.5
Mississippi	22	31.8	31.8	8	4.8	6.3
North Carolina	35	0.0	0.0	7	3.2	3.5
Oklahoma	10	0.0	0.0	-2	2.9	2.6
South Carolina	34	44.1	44.1	14	5.8	7.4
Tennessee	18	33.3	33.3	-26	7.1	2.7
Texas	71	11.3	11.3	5	2.9	2.6
/irginia	35	5.7	5.7	9	3.1	3.5
West Virginia	0	na	0.0	-1	0.8	0.0

<sup>&</sup>quot;na" indicates not applicable. There is no institution of this type in the state.



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<sup>1 &</sup>quot;Predominantly Black" institutions are those in which black students comprise more than 50 percent of total enrollment. "Historically Black" institutions are those founded prior to 1964 as institutions for black students. "Historically Black" institutions are included in the "Predominantly Black" category if, and only if, black students make up more than 50 percent of their current enrollment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These percentages are calculated from the total of doctoral degrees by race/ethnic group and are somewhat smaller than the totals reported in Table 46 because the race/ethnicity of some graduates is unknown.

**TABLE 48**Doctoral Degrees Awarded to Hispanic and Foreign Students

		Public a	and Private Coll	leges and Unive	rsities	
		Hispanic			oreign Student	s
	Number	Percent	of Total'	Number	Percent	of Total
	1993-94	1989-90	1993-94	1993-94	1989-90	1993-94
United States	870	2.1	2.0	11,527	23.9	26.7
SREB States	227	1.9	2.0	2,779	20.4	24.0
SREB States as a						
Percent of the U.S.	26.1			24.1		
Alabama	2	0.0	0.4	128	22.4	26.9
Arkansas	2	2.2	1.4	25	13.3	17.1
Florida	66	3.3	4.0	271	18.2	16.5
Georgia	8 2	1.1	1.0	209	20.8	25.7
Kentucky	2	0.3	0.5	93	18.2	23.2
Louisiana	5	2.5	1.1	98	27.7	21.9
Maryland	14	1.0	1.5	305	24.8	32.7
Mississippi	1	0.3	0.3	88	14.8	25.0
North Carolina	9	1.3	0.9	214	18.0	21.7
Oklahoma	E	10	1.0	114	00.5	00.5
South Carolina	5 3	1.2	1.3	114	22.5	29.5
		1.2	0.7	100	19.2	21.8
Tennessee	10	0.3	1.5	104	13.5	15.5
Texas	89	3.2	3.3	785	23.4	28.7
Virginia	8	1.9	0.8	208	17.8	20.7
West Virginia	3	0.0	2.4	37	21.7	29.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These percentages are calculated from the total of doctoral degrees by race/ethnic group and are somewhat smaller than the totals reported in Table 46 because the race/ethnicity of some graduates is unknown.



**TABLE 49**Doctoral Degrees Awarded in Selected Fields

		Public :	and Private Co	lleges and Unive	rsities	
•				al and		ce and
	Huma	nities	Behaviora	I Sciences	Techn	ologies
	Number 1993-94	Percent Change 1989-90 to 1993-94	Number 1993-94	Percent Increase 1989-90 to 1993-94	Number 1993-94	Percent Change 1989-90 to 1993-94
United States SREB States SREB States as a	5,340 1,167	22.2 21.3	8,246 1,889	12.4 21.2	18,548 4,642	16.8 20.2
Percent of the U.S.	21.9	•	22.9		25.0	
Alabama	21	133.3	61	27.1	182	37.9
Arkansas Florida	5 85	150.0 30.8	10 397	-28.6 50.4	71 448	12.7 21.7
Georgia Kentucky Louisiana	111 108 68	1.8 -6.9 -17.1	117 60 74	5.4 46.3 76.2	317 118 176	26.3 43.9 -15.4
Maryland Mississippi North Carolina	90 50 106	28.6 163.2 37.7	162 40 144	11.0 17.6 9.1	420 89 505	16.0 3.5 10.7
Oklahoma South Carolina Tennessee	20 41 85	5.3 17.1 25.0	60 28 113	-20.0 -24.3 9.7	156 180 222	-1.3 36.4 18.7
Texas Virginia West Virginia	313 59 5	36.1 5.4 0.0	382 223 18	25.2 18.6 0.0	1,248 473 37	30.4 22.2 12.1

NOTES: The broad subject areas were defined as follows: humanities (foreign languages and literature; English language, literature and letters; liberal arts and general studies; philosophy and religion; theology; and visual and performing arts); social and behavioral sciences (area, ethnic and cultural studies; home economics; psychology; protective services; public administration and services; and social sciences and history); science and technologies (agribusiness and agricultural production, and agricultural sciences; conservation and renewable natural resources; architecture and related programs; computer and information sciences; engineering; engineering-related technologies; vocational home economics; life and biological sciences; mathematics; physical sciences; science technologies; construction trades; mechanics and repairers; and precision production); business and management (business management and administrative services; marketing operations and distribution; and transportation and moving); education (all sub-fields); and allied health and health sciences (all sub-fields). Awards in communications; communications technologies; consumer, personal and miscellaneous services; industrial arts; military sciences; military technologies; multi-interdisciplinary studies; parks, recreation, leisure and fitness; law; library science; basic skills; citizenship and civic activities; health-related activities; interpersonal skills; and personal awareness were excluded.



# TABLE 49 (cont.)

		sities	leges and Univer	nd Private Col	Public a	_
-	ealth and Sciences		ation	Educ	ess and Jement	
-	Percent Change 1989-90 to 1993-94	Number 1993-94	Percent Change 1989-90 to 1993-94	Number 1993-94	Percent Increase 1989-90 to 1993-94	Number 1993-94
United States SREB States SREB States as a	22.6 36.6	1,892 623	-0.2 3.6	6,908 2,504	19.6 38.0	1,364 55.2
Percent of the U.S		32.9		36.2		40.5
Alabama	39.5	60	10.3	107	25.0	30
Arkansas	NA	2	15.2	53	-50.0	5
Florida	69.4	61	14.8	528	137.8	88
Georgia	-7.4	25	-19.5	190	-28.1	41
Kentucky	106.7	31	37.2	59	0.0	17
Louisiana	45.5	32	103.4	59	94.7	37
Maryland	22.2	99	2.3	136	77.8	16
Mississippi	25.0	5	4.2	125	33.3	36
North Carolina	81.3	58	-0.7	135	22.2	11
Oklahoma	-50.0	6	-11.8	105	76.9	23
South Carolina	133.3	28	62.1	141	-25.7	26
Tennessee	85.7	13	-18.1	185	48.1	40
Texas	17.0	158	-1.7	455	50.5	143
Virginia	30.4	30	9.8	179	112.5	34
West Virginia	114.3	15	-20.3	47	0.0	5

<sup>&</sup>quot;NA" indicates not reported in the earlier year.



**TABLE 50**First Professional Degrees¹ Awarded to Men and Women

_	Public and Private Colleges and Universities			Percent Change in Total					
	1993-94			1984-85 to 1989-90		o Percent Women			
	Total	Men	Women	1989-90	1993-94	1984-85	1989-90	1993-94	
United States	75,263	44,586	30,677	-2.3	5.5	29.3	36.3	40.8	
SREB States	21,312	13,059	8,253	-3.4	9.5	26.7	35.2	38.7	
SREB States as a									
Percent of U.S.	28.3	29.3	26.9						
Alabama	908	551	357	-7.8	9.1	26.6	31.9	39.3	
Arkansas	441	240	201	-10.7	36.1	23.7	35.2	45.6	
Florida	2,382	1,378	1,004	21.3	11.4	32.1	38.9	42.1	
Georgia	2,015	1,241	774	1.3	9.8	23.7	34.8	38.4	
Kentucky	1,118	691	427	-12.2	-0.8	22.7	30.3	38.2	
Louisiana	1,582	1,012	570	-6.4	8.4	26.7	32.4	36.0	
Maryland	972	575	397	7.3	0.1	22.4	35.7	40.8	
Mississippi	478	331	147	23.3	0.2	18.1	20.1	30.8	
North Carolina	1,673	1,008	665	0.9	4.8	26.7	36.8	39.7	
Oklahoma	846	520	326	-7.0	-8.3	27.3	34.3	38.5	
South Carolina	627	395	232	-10.8	6.8	22.5	31.5	37.0	
Tennessee	1,296	800	496	-20.2	3.7	24.5	31.0	38.3	
Texas	4,768	2,968	1,800	-9.9	22.1	27.3	39.8	37.8	
Virginia	1,839	1,122	717	14.2	6.2	29.3	35.9	39.0	
West Virginia	367	227	140	-23.7	21.5	26.5	30.8	38.1	

Includes degrees in chiropractic, dentistry, law, medicine, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, professional theology and veterinary medicine.



TABLE 51 First Professional Degrees<sup>1</sup> Awarded to Black Students

		1993-94		Percent Change in Total 1989-90 to	_	
	Total by Public and Private Colleges and	Percent by Predominantly Black <sup>2</sup>	Percent by Historically Black <sup>2</sup>		Percent of Total First Professional Degrees to Black Students <sup>3</sup>	
	Universities	Institutions	Institutions	1993-94	1989-90	1993-94
United States SREB States SREB States as a	4,325 1,631	703 465	688 465	29.6 48.1	4.7 5.7	5.7 7.7
Percent of the U.S.	37.7					
Alabama	59	22	22	18.0	6.0	6.5
Arkansas Florida	19 174	0 19	0 19	35.7 75.8	4.3 4.6	4.3 7.3
Georgia	199	84	84	20.6	9.0	9.9
Kentucky Louisiana	40 161	na 71	0 71	42.9 21.1	2.5 9.1	3.6 10.2
Maryland	121	0	0	39.1	9.0	12.4
Mississippi North Carolina	31 150	0 46	0 46	82.4 61.3	3.6 5.8	6.5 9.0
Oklahoma	35	0	0	40.0	2.7	4.1
South Carolina Tennessee	33 157	0 69	0 69	32.0 19.8	4.3 10.5	5.3 12.1
Texas	282	120	120	147.4	2.9	5.9
Virginia West Virginia	161 9	34 na	34 0	37.6 200.0	6.8 1.0	8.8 2.5

<sup>&</sup>quot;na" indicates not applicable. There is no institution of this type in the state.



Includes degrees in chiropractic, dentistry, law, medicine, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, professional theology and veterinary medicine.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Predominantly Black" institutions are those in which black students comprise more than 50 percent of total enrollment. "Historically Black" institutions are those founded prior to 1964 as institutions for black students. "Historically Black" institutions are included in the "Predominantly Black" category if, and only if, black students make up more than 50 percent of their current enrollment.

<sup>3</sup> These percentages are calculated from the total of first professional degrees by race/ethnic group and are somewhat smaller than the totals reported in Table 50 because the race/ethnicity of some graduates is unknown.

**TABLE 52**First Professional Degrees<sup>1</sup> Awarded to Hispanic and Foreign Students

	Public and Private Colleges and Universities								
	Hispanic			Foreign Students					
	Number	Percent of Total		Number	Percent of Total				
<u></u>	1993-94	1989-90	1993-94	1993-94	1989-90	1993-94			
United States	3,037	4.1	4.0	1,437	1.5	1.9			
SREB States	859	3.4	4.0	340	1.1	1.6			
SREB States as a									
Percent of the U.S.	28.3			23.7					
Alabama	14	0.2	1.5	7	0.1	0.8			
Arkansas	3	0.6	0.7	1	0.0	0.2			
Florida	251	11.5	10.5	14	0.8	0.6			
Georgia	30	1.6	1.5	56	2.1	2.8			
Kentucky	8	0.6	0.7	16	1.3	1.4			
Louisiana	44	1.9	2.8	15	0.7	0.9			
Maryland	19	1.6	2.0	10	1.1	1.0			
Mississippi	1	1.5	0.2	4	1.0	8.0			
North Carolina	14 .	0.8	0.8	53	2.8	3.2			
Oklahoma	17	1.1	2.0	6	0.9	0.7			
South Carolina	1	0.5	0.2	12	0.9	1.9			
Tennessee	20	0.9	1.5	23	0.9	1.8			
Texas	413	6.8	8.7	103	0.8	2.2			
Virginia	24	0.8	1.3	19	0.9	1.0			
West Virginia	0	1.3	0.0	1	1.7	0.3			

Includes degrees in chiropractic, dentistry, law, medicine, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, professional theology and veterinary medicine.



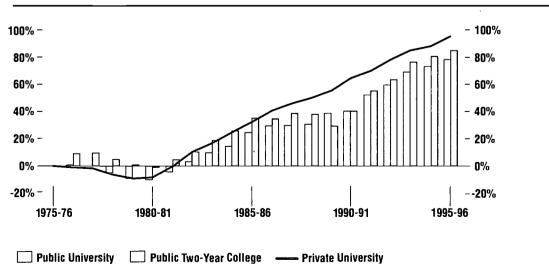
#### **Tuition and Fees**

Over the past 20 years, tuition and fee increases have exceeded inflation by a large margin. At public universities, the increases approached 80 percent when adjusted for inflation. At public two-year colleges, the increases were over 80 percent. At private universities, tuition and fees nearly doubled.

In 1995-96, the median annual tuition and required fees for full-time in-state undergraduate students attending public four-year colleges or universities were \$2,523 nationwide and \$1,958 in the SREB region. Compared to two years earlier, in-state students were paying 13 percent more nationally and 11 percent more in the SREB region. At these levels, the national median tuition represents 7.4 percent of the median household income. In the SREB region, the median tuition level represents 6.7 percent of the median household income. Among SREB states, tuition and required fees at public colleges and universities range from 11 percent of median household income in Virginia to 5 percent of median household income in North Carolina.

Out-of-state students pay about three times more than in-state students. Nationally, at public four-year colleges they pay \$7,000 a year; in the SREB region, they pay \$6,161. In 1995-96, out-of-state students in the SREB region were paying 12 percent more than two years previously, while those nationwide paid 13 percent more.

# Inflation-Adjusted Tuition and Fee Increases, United States



National Center for Education Statistics; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

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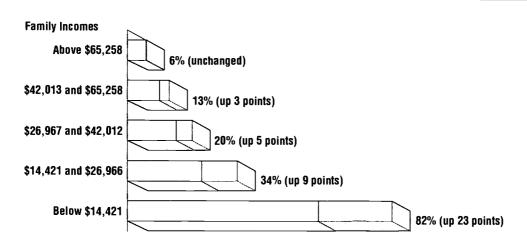
#### **College Attendance Costs**

Tuition and fees are but a fraction of the total cost of attending college. Other expenses include housing, meals, books, supplies, transportation and miscellaneous items. Over the past 20 years, the rising cost of attending college has had more impact on some income groups than others. In the SREB region, 47 percent of the students enrolling attend a public four-year college, 6 percentage points more than across the nation. The additional proportion of income required to attend a four-year college jumped 23 percentage points from 59 percent to 82 percent of income for families earning less than \$14,420. For families earning between \$14,421 and \$26,966, college costs grew 9 percentage points to 34 percent of income. For the middle fifth of the population (those earning between \$26,967 and \$42,012), the "cost burden" increased 5 percentage points to 20 percent of income. For those in the higher income brackets, the increases were negligible, because their incomes grew at the fastest rates. Those earning between \$42,013 and \$65,258 experienced an increase of 3 percentage points to 13 percent of income. For the highest income fifth of the population (those earning above \$65,258), one year's cost of attending a public four-year college remained virtually unchanged at about 6 percent of income.

For students attending private four-year colleges — 21 percent of the nation's students and 14 percent of the SREB region's students — the increased "cost burden" is dramatic. Public two-year colleges, which enroll 37 percent of students nationwide and 38 percent of those in the SREB states, are about as affordable today as they were 20 years ago.

These increasing costs may have affected students' access to a college education. From the late 1960s until the late 1970s, the average family income of college freshmen came down, suggesting increasing access. Beginning about 1980, the median family income of college freshmen started rising, suggesting decreased access to college.

# Proportion of Family Income Required to Pay For One Year at a Public Four-Year College and Change 1976-77 to 1995-96, United States (adjusted for inflation)

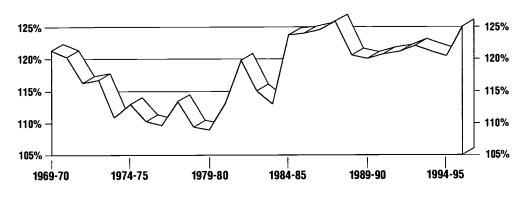


NOTE: Cost of attendance consists of undergraduate in-state tuition, required fees, room and board. SOURCES: Nation Center for Education Statistics; U.S. Bureau of the Census.



# MOUTH

## Median Family Income of College Freshmen as a Percent of All Families' Median Income, United States

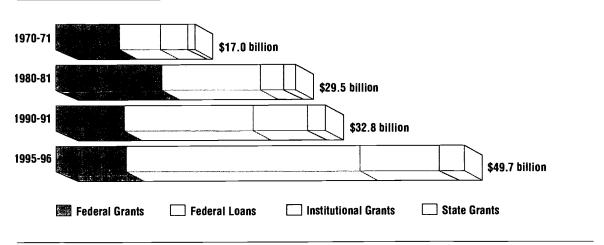


SOURCES: Cooperative Institutional Research Program, American Council on Education, University of California, Los Angeles; U.S. Bureau of the Census.

#### Student Financial Aid

The dramatic shift away from grants to loans as the primary form of student financial aid continues. In 1970-71, loans accounted for 29 percent of student aid. By 1995-96, 58 percent of all student financial aid was in the form of loans. Adjusting for inflation, since 1970-71, federally sponsored grants were up by 8 percent, federally sponsored loan funds increased nearly five fold, and aid provided by colleges and universities doubled, as have state grant funds.

# Student Financial Aid Trends, United States (constant dollars 1995-96)

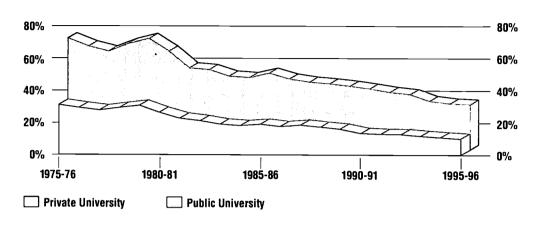


SOURCE: Washington Office of the College Board.





## Percent of College Costs Covered by Maximum Federal Pell Grant



SOURCE: The Mortenson research letter, Postsecondary Opportunity

In 1995-96, \$49.7 billion in student financial aid was available in the United States, and 75 percent of it came through federally sponsored aid programs. Even when adjusted for inflation, this figure is approaching three times the amount available 25 years ago.

Over the period from 1984-85 to 1995-96, the largest increases in federal Pell Grant funding were in public higher education. In 1995-96, students attending colleges in the SREB states received Pell Grants totaling \$1.8 billion — an increase of 119 percent since 1984-85 compared to a national increase of 80 percent. At the same time, the number of students getting Pell Grants grew 50 percent in the SREB region and 26 percent nationally.

The "buying power" of a Pell Grant declined significantly over the past 20 years. In 1975-76 the maximum Pell Grant, available to only the neediest students, covered 72 percent of the cost of attending a public university or 31 percent of the cost of attending a private university. By 1995-96, the maximum would have paid 31 percent of costs at public universities and 10 percent of costs at private colleges.

In 1994-95, students in the SREB states received \$203.8 million through the federal College Work/Study Program, \$190.3 million through the Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant, and \$217.1 million through the Perkins Loan Program. Guaranteed Student Loan Programs supplied over \$3.1 billion to students in the SREB region.

In 1994-95, \$541.5 million in state scholarships and grants were available to students in the SREB states; \$2.8 billion was available nationwide. Over the previous 10 years, state student aid in the SREB region grew faster than the national average.



Table 53

Trend in Median Annual Tuition and Required Fees for Full-Time Undergraduate Students

		Public Four-Year College	es and Universitie	s
	In-Stat	e Students	Out-of-S	tate Students
	1995-96	Percent Increase 1993-94 to 1995-96	1995-96	Percent Increase 1993-94 to 1995-96
Jnited States Median	\$2,523	12.9	\$7,000	13.2
SREB States Median SREB States as a	1,958	10.6	6,161	12.2
Percent of U.S.	77.6		88.0	
Alabama	2,024	13.3	3,851	22.2
Arkansas	1,970	15.9	3,826	9.6
Florida	1,798	2.3	6,700	0.6
Georgia	1,884	8.9	5,094	13.4
Kentucky	1,970	12.6	5,330	12.2
Louisiana	2,017	1.8	4,609	16.7
Maryland	3,260	13.4	6,660	18.4
Misśissippi	2,385	3.3	4,933	9.8
North Carolina	1,618	17.0	8,432	13.4
Oklahoma	1,666	10.8	3,871	5.5
South Carolina	3,060	3.7	6,446	9.3
Tennessee	1,932	9.2	6,062	9.2
Texas	1,790	16.7	7,549	34.5
Virginia	4,022	6.6	9,086	6.3
West Virginia	2,050	8.6	4,780	12.0

SOURCES: SREB-State Data Exchange; SREB analysis of the National Center for Education Statistics Data Base.



**Table 54**Median Annual Tuition and Required Fees for Full-Time Undergraduates at Public Colleges and Universities

				1995				
			SREB Categ	ories of Col		niversities¹		
				Four-				
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	11		1/	1
	In-	Out-of-	In-	Out-of-	In-	Out-of-	In-	Out-of-
	State	State	State	State	State	State	State	State
United States Median	\$3,056	\$8,757	\$2,998	\$8,346	\$2,061	\$7,166	\$2,760	\$6,750
SREB Median	2,193	6,980	2,463	7,531	1,917	6,683	1,932	6,161
SREB States as a								
Percent of the U.S.	71.8	79.7	82.1	90.2	93.0	93.3	70.0	91.3
Alabama	2,312	6,337	2,604	4,914	2,256	3,799	2,016	4,502
Arkansas	2,190	5,382		· —	2,010	3,824		
Florida	1,798	6,700	1,824	6,727	1,757	6,660	1,806	6,708
Georgia	2,559	6,846	2,353	7,531	1,965	5,175	1,884	5,094
Kentucky	2,594	7,114	2,470	6,990	1,910	5,270	2,000	5,360
Louisiana	2,663	5,963	2,140	5,336	2,018	4,599	2,067	4,238
Maryland	3,794	9,738	3,852	8,680	_	_	3,166	6,551
Mississippi	2,591	5,411	2,507	5,327	2,380	4,974		_
North Carolina	1,686	9,802	1,868	9,824	1,604	8,446	1,664	8,506
Oklahoma	2,234	5,924	_	_	1,731	3,936	1,613	3,818
South Carolina	3,280	8,324	3,112	8,316	3,716	6,672	3,060	6,120
Tennessee	2,164	6,294	2,094	6,224	1,878	6,008	1,928	6,058
Texas	1,967	7,727	2,004	7,764	1,892	7,652	1,701	7,461
Virginia	4,351	12,373	4,149	11,619	4,014	8,294	3,114	7,265
West Virginia	2,244	6,351	· —	_	2,004	6,134	-	

<sup>&</sup>quot;--" indicates not applicable. There is no institution of this type in the state.

See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on page 157.

NOTES: The medians for the United States and SREB States are the middle values of all institutions of each type. The amounts shown for each state are the medians (middle values) of the institutions of each type in each state.



## Table 54 (cont.)

-					1995			_
_			Iniversities	leges and t	ories of Col			
-			Two-				Four-	
-		V		V		v		
	Out-of-	In-	Out-of-	In-	Out-of-	In-	Out-of-	In-
	State_	State	State	State	State	State	State	State
United States Median	\$1,632	\$840	\$3,887	\$1,267	\$6,580	\$2,488	\$6,119	\$2,445
SREB Median	1,599	786	3,497	1,000	4,978	1,925	5,008	1,900
SREB States as a								
Percent of the U.S.	98.0	93.6	90.0	78.9	75.6	77.4	81.8	77.7
Alabama	2,070	1,103	2,385	1,260	3,105	1,575	3,496	1,959
Arkansas	na	na	1,920	897	3,898	1,786	3,773	1,952
Florida	na	na	3,990	1,073	_	_		
Georgia	1,583	816	3,510	1,128	4,929	1,719	5,037	1,827
Kentucky	na	na	2,940	980	5,130	1,860	5,340	1,980
Louisiana	840	420	2,256	1,060		_	4,609	1,930
Maryland	_	_	4,969	1,886	8,735	5,435	6,750	2,802
Mississippi	_		2,070	970	4,763	2,261	4,890	2,342
North Carolina	_		4,515	557	7,450	1,410	7,971	1,330
Oklahoma	na	na	2,935	1,135	3,823	1,618	3,871	1,666
South Carolina	_	_	1,702	1,000	6,446	2,689	6,020	3,010
Tennessee	na	412	3,956	1,030	· —	<u> </u>	6,088	1,958
Texas	_	_	2,000	715	7,550	1,790	7,450	1,690
Virginia	_	_	4,710	1,429	7,986	3,390	9,842	4,370
West Virginia	na	na	3,761	1,301	4,672	2,005	_	_

<sup>&</sup>quot;na" indicates data not available.

SOURCES: SREB State Data Exchange; SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics data set of institutional characteristics.





**Table 55**Median Annual Tuition and Required Fees for Full-Time In-State Undergraduates at Public Colleges and Universities as a Percent of Median Household Income

		SR	EB Catego	ries of Co	lleges and	Universit	ies¹ 1995-	96	
				Fou	r-Year			Two	-Year
	All Four Year	<u> </u>		III	łV	V	VI	VII	VIII
United States Median	7.4	9.0	8.8	6.0	8.1	7.2	7.3	3.7	2.5
SREB Median	6.7	7.5	8.5	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.6	3.4	2.7
Alabama	7.8	8.9	10.0	8.7	7.8	7.5	6.1	4.8	4.2
Arkansas	7.6	8.5	_	7.8	_	7.6	6.9	3.5	na
Florida	6.0	6.0	6.1	5.9	6.1		_	3.6	na
Georgia	5.5	7.5	6.9	5.8	5.5	5.4	5.0	3.3	2.4
Kentucky	6.6	8.7	8.3	6.4	6.7	6.6	6.2	3.3	na
Louisiana	7.2	9.5	7.7	7.2	7.4	6.9	_	3.8	1.5
Maryland	7.9	9.2	9.4	_	7.7	6.8	13.2	4.6	_
Mississippi	9.0	9.8	9.4	9.0	_	8.8	8.5	3.7	_
North Carolina	5.1	5.3	5.8	5.0	5.2	4.2	4.4	1.7	_
Oklahoma	6.3	8.5		6.6	6.1	6.3	6.1	4.3	na
South Carolina	10.5	11.3	10.7	12.8	10.5	10.4	9.2	3.4	_
Tennessee	6.7	7.5	7.2	6.5	6.6	6.7	_	3.5	1.4
Texas	5.6	6.1	6.3	5.9	5.3	5.3	5.6	2.2	_
Virginia	11.1	12.0	11.5	11.1	8.6	12.1	9.4	3.9	_
West Virginia	8.2	9.0		8.1		_	8.1	5.2	na

<sup>&</sup>quot;--" indicates not applicable. There is no institution of this type in the state.

NOTES: The medians for the United States and SREB States are the middle values of all institutions of each type. The amounts for each state are the medians (middle values) of the institutions of each type in each state. Institutional type is determined by the highest level of degree conferred. The state and United States median household income is the middle value of all households. The SREB states' median household income figure is the middle SREB state.

SOURCES: SREB-State Data Exchange; SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics data set of institutional characteristics; U.S. Bureau of the Census, "Money Income in the U.S.: 1995," Current Population Reports, P60-193 (1996).



<sup>&</sup>quot;na" indicates data not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on page 157.

**Table 56**Percent Distribution of Student Financial Aid

					1995-96¹			
_			dent Financi pus-Based	al Aid		State and		
	Peli Grants	Supplementary Educational Opportunity Grants	<u> </u>	Perkins Loans	Guaranteed Student Loans	Local Government Student Financial Aid	Privately Funded Student Financial Aid	Institutionally Funded Student Financial Aid
United States	13.5	1.9	1.9	2.4	53.9	7.1	2.4	16.8
SREB States	16.2	1.7	1.8	2.0	56.6	4.9	2.7	13.9
Alabama	20.5	1.9	2.2	2.1	54.4	2.6	2.2	13.8
Arkansas	24.8	2.0	3.2	3.0	43.1	4.4	3.4	15.9
Florida	16.9	1.7	1.4	1.4	59.7	6.5	1.9	10.4
Georgia	12.8	1.4	1.5	1.4	55.5	12.2	2.7	12.4
Kentucky	18.8	1.7	3.2	2.5	51.0	5.3	2.2	15.0
Louisiana	18.1	1.3	1.6	1.8	58.4	1.9	1.2	15.6
Maryland	12.2	1.7	1.8	2.3	51.4	5.6	2.0	22.7
Mississippi	22.5	2.2	2.8	2.4	54.5	0.4	2.2	12.9
North Carolina	15.3	2.2	2.0	3.1	47.7	6.3	4.6	18.5
Oklahoma	17.9	1.5	1.7	2.7	58.9	3.5	2.7	10.9
South Carolina	14.5	1.8	1.9	1.9	60.8	3.7	2.8	12.4
Tennessee	14.1	1.9	1.6	2.3	57.0	2.7	2.2	18.0
Texas	17.6	1.7	1.9	1.4	60.5	1.6	4.0	11.1
Virginia	10.6	1.5	1.5	1.9	58.3	8.5	2.6	14.9
West Virginia	17.2	2.3	2.4	3.3	52.1	6.4	2.1	14.0

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Because of rounding, these figures do not add to 100 percent. The institutionally funded student financial aid is estimated based upon 1993-94 data.

SOURCE: Thomas G. Mortenson, "Federal, State, Private and Institutional Financial Aid by State, 1994-95," Postsecondary Opportunity, Number 54 (Iowa City, IA) (1996).



**TABLE 57**Federal Pell Grants<sup>1</sup>

				An	nounts			_
	To	otal	Pu	blic	Priv	ate	Propr	ietary
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	8	Percent		Percent
	1995-96 (000s)	Increase 1984-85 to 1995-96	Amount 1995-96 (000s)	Increase 1984-85 to 1995-96	Amount 1995-96 (000s)	Increase 1984-85 to 1995-96	Amount 1995-96 (000s)	Change 1984-85 to 1995-96
United States SREB States SREB States as a	\$5,477,018 1,793,771	80.1 119.3	\$3,762,034 1,368,817		\$1,027,409 228,638		\$687,575 196,316	8.5 18.9
Percent of the U.S.	32.8		36.4		22.3		28.6	
Alabama Arkansas Florida	101,513 54,174 266,057	72.3 63.7 154.0	83,691 44,636 186,980	117.2	12,752 7,467 30,802	70.4	5,070 2,071 48,275	-44.6 -74.6 54.3
Georgia Kentucky Louisiana	125,326 89,946 124,436	157.3 66.5 123.6	87,936 67,448 102,887	130.4	22,446 12,764 10,207		14,945 9,734 11,342	36.7 -37.6 -8.5
Maryland Mississippi North Carolina	71,755 78,914 113,617	89.4 82.3 96.6	56,210 68,593 87,528	91.1	7,501 7,157 22,804	94.2 41.4 45.0	8,044 3,164 3,286	48.1 36.5 -45.2
Oklahoma South Carolina Tennessee	89,110 69,547 94,810	152.8 84.5 51.7	73,330 50,263 67,863	129.6	8,362 14,278 18,947	44.0 51.5 13.7	7,418 5,005 8,000	59.9 -21.5 -44.2
Texas Virginia West Virginia	365,414 106,595 42,556	223.7 105.6 80.2	286,835 73,523 31,094	130.3	33,001 14,073 6,076	85.7 52.8 74.0	45,578 18,998 5,386	105.1 77.2 -1.7

<sup>1</sup> Pell Grants were known as Basic Educational Opportunity Grants (BEOG) until 1980. Pell grant program is the largest need-based student grant program in the country.



TABLE 57 (cont.)

				pients	Reci			
-	ietary	Propr	ate	Priv	olic	Put	ital	To
-	Percent Change 1984-85 to 1995-96	1995-96	Percent Increase 1984-85 to 1995-96	1005.06	Percent Increase 1984-85 to		Percent Increase 1984-85 to	1005.06
	1990-90	1995-90	1995-90	1995-96	1995-96	1995-96	1995-96	1995-96
United States SREB States SREB States as a	-14.3 -3.2	495,052 142,050	11.2 24.6	665,340 149,076	42.9 69.7	2,622,353 963,316	25.6 50.4	3,782,745 1,254,442
Percent of the U.S.		28.7		22.4		36.7		33.2
Alabama	-48.1	3,956	-5.9	7,755	25.7	61,391	13.0	73,102
Arkansas Florida	-77.9	1,463	39.7	4,872	38.8	29,683	14.3	36,018
Florida	26.0	33,517	15.1	20,548	104.8	131,218	70.7	185,283
Georgia	5.0	10,388	47.2	14,697	142.8	72,812	96.3	97,897
Kentucky	-44.0	7,365	13.6	8,154	23.4	45,052	6.6	60,571
Louisiana	-31.4	7,752	55.6	6,530	61.3	65,697	42.2	79,979
Maryland	22.5	6,257	75.2	5,445	40.9	42,426	41.2	54,128
Mississippi	12.6	2,255	24.4	4,576	20.8	43,539	20.7	50,370
North Carolina	-56.6	2,506	18.5	14,619	61.5	62,780	40.2	79,905
Oklahoma	22.8	5,610	21.6	5,557	86.5	50,319	70.2	61,486
South Carolina	-36.0	3,913	20.4	8,834	54.7	37,894	33.5	50,641
Tennessee	-49.5	6,204	-6.0	12,330	36.3	46,593	9.3	65,127
Texas	57.4	32,704	55.0	21,893	125.9	201,484	106.4	256,081
Virginia	43.6	14,544	26.6	9,460	64.0	51,953	54.1	75,957
West Virginia	-24.4	3,616	27.8	3,806	40.7	20,475	25.0	27,897

SOURCES: Office of Postsecondary Education, U. S. Department of Education, "Institutional Agreement and Authorization Report, Summary Statistics, 1984-85" (1985), and "1995-96" (1996).



**TABLE 58**Federal Campus-Based Student Financial Aid

			Amo	unts		
•	College Study P		Perkins	: Loans¹	Supple: Educa Opportun	•
	1994-95 (000s)	Percent Change 1989-90 to 1994-95	1994-95 (000s)	Percent Change 1989-90 to 1994-95	1994-95 (000s)	Percent Increase 1989-90 to 1994-95
United States SREB States SREB States as a	\$757,276 203,760	15.3 10.3	\$970,957 217,141	7.6 4.6	\$755,024 190,292	62.0 60.9
Percent of the U.S.	26.9		22.4		25.2	
Alabama	11,125	-7.3	10,431	0.4	9,837	39.0
Arkansas	7,108	-5.9	6,556	1.0	4,473	54.1
Florida	21,643	14.1	22,151	3.8	26,338	94.8
Georgia	14,034	25.5	13,014	-2.7	13,839	77.6
Kentucky	15,446	17.2	11,971	-0.5	8,353	74.3
Louisiana	11,239	-3.9	12,926	20.9	9,109	62.0
Maryland	10,316	7.8	13,696	6.0	10,219	42.3
Mississippi	9,881	34.3	8,427	-13.0	7,931	37.3
North Carolina	14,621	1.2	23,118	7.9	16,486	45.6
Oklahoma	9,110	11.0	13,929	18.3	8,060	62.1
South Carolina	9,033	9.8	8,854	-2.1	8,575	57.0
Tennessee	11,514	2.3	16,089	-5.1	13,103	65.6
Texas	37,890	16.7	29,247	5.4	33,900	56.4
Virginia	14,950	15.7	18,605	10.3	14,396	62.6
West Virginia	5,850	4.0	8,127	19.1	5,675	65.9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Perkins Loans were known as National Direct Student Loans (NDSL) until 1987.



## TABLE 58 (cont.)

		-	ients	Recip	_	
_	tional	Suppler Educa	Langi	Davida a		College
	Percent Increase 1989-90 to 1994-95	Opportun Number 1994-95	Percent Change 1989-90 to 1994-95	Perkins Number 1994-95	Percent Change 1989-90 to 1994-95	Study P Number 1994-95
United States SREB States SREB States as a	45.2 48.0	1,056,560 292,543	15.7 13.7	663,347 135,077	3.6 -5.4	700,805 189,531
Percent of the U.S		27.7		20.4		27.0
Alabama	20.7	13,804	22.2	6,194	-23.0	9,892
Arkansas	-2.7	8,322	-7.3	4,026	-29.1	7,011
Florida	121.1	43,536	6.4	16,677	-10.4	17,863
Georgia	50.0	19,273	3.9	8,185	15.7	13,746
Kentucky	51.4	14,708	-11.6	8,296	0.1	11,621
Louisiana	2.5	12,556	27.7	7,193	-14.2	10,625
Maryland	58.0	17,467	19.1	8,233	2.7	8,921
Mississippi	7.7	11,060	2.0	5,234	4.4	10,178
North Carolina	43.8	22,657	30.9	13,132	-3.3	18,016
Oklahoma	18.6	12,805	11.7	8,467	-11.1	8,512
South Carolina	44.8	14,315	7.0	5,690	3.3	9,545
Tennessee	27.9	17,511	18.2	9,491	-21.7	11,563
Texas	63.4	56,614	23.6	17,461	5.7	31,144
Virginia	69.3	20,987	24.5	11,188	3.1	14,442
West Virginia	48.9	6,928	4.1	5,610	-15.1	6,452

SOURCES: Division of Analysis and Forecasting, Office of Postsecondary Education, U.S. Department of Education, "Distribution of Awards in the Campus-Based Programs for 1989-90" (1990) and "1994-95" (1996).



**TABLE 59**Guaranteed Student Loans<sup>1</sup>

			Amo	unts		
			Parent L	oans for		
			Undergradua	ate Students	Supplement	al Loans to
	Stafford	Loans	(PL	US)	• •	is (SLS)
	Amount 1992-93 (000s)	Percent Increase 1987-88 to 1992-93	Amount 1992-93 (000s)	Percent Increase 1987-88 to 1992-93	Amount 1992-93 (000s)	Percent Increase 1987-88 to 1992-93
United States	\$12,471,488	34.7	\$1,312,467	142.7	\$3,060,172	51.6
SREB States	2,509,916	81.2	219,961	114.6	395,510	86.0
Alabama	80,479	46.1	5,393	73.0	5,052	92.2
Arkansas	79,434	83.7	4,076	6.1	7,605	171.7
Florida	302,571	74.5	28,631	574.8	71,097	379.0
Georgia	195,235	219.6	16,860	185.3	27,962	653.1
Kentucky	128,694	135.5	6,195	187.6	12,542	486.6
Louisiana	103,239	97.7	5,716	171.1	10,979	326.0
Maryland	130,485	40.9	20,502	183.1	27,595	122.7
Mississippi	110,015	130.3	5,843	48.4	10,162	136.9
North Carolina	108,244	103.8	7,031	5.0	13,050	115.8
Oklahoma	144,900	137.6	12,323	75.0	26,597	62.9
South Carolina	88,697	164.1	9,874	325.1	8,078	—
Tennessee	148,816	82.8	11,021	169.1	18,229	123.4
Texas	558,297	62.9	56,503	279.5	84,910	311.4
Virginia	196,338	116.7	33,105	648.3	33,791	1,402.5
West Virginia	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

<sup>&</sup>quot;---" indicates not applicable. The state did not join the program until 1989-90.



<sup>&</sup>quot;NA" The Higher Education Assistance Foundation (HEAF) became the designated guarantor of Stafford Loans for West Virginia in 1987-88. HEAF is a multi-state guarantor of student loans. Data are not available for individual states served by this guarantor.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Effective July 1, 1988, Guaranteed Student Loans were renamed Stafford Loans. PLUS Loan and SLS continue to exist as separate programs. These three programs use private loan capital supplied primarily by commercial lenders but also by other lenders including state agencies. These loans are guaranteed by the individual state or private nonprofit guaranty agencies and reinsured by the federal government.

## TABLE 59 (cont.)

			ients	Recip		
	tal Loans to		oans for ate Students US)	Undergradu	I Loans	Stafford
	Percent Increase 1987-88 to 1992-93	Number 1992-93	Percent Change 1987-88 to 1992-93	Number 1992-93	Percent Increase 1987-88 to 1992-93	Number 1992-93
United States	217.3	807,716	93.4	343,830	12.5	4,072,399
SREB States	445.2	130,246	83.2	60,090	55.0	864,949
Alabama	318.9	1,533	44.9	1,430	20.4	27,301
Arkansas	317.8	2,248	-6.2	1,232	61.3	30,040
Florida	573.0	23,899	446.8	7,097	70.8	108,127
Georgia	1,030.4	9,032	146.0	4,504	159.6	63,397
Kentucky	709.2	4,329	136.4	1,917	104.8	50,174
Louisiana	3,375.0	3,892	120.1	1,719	62.3	36,453
Maryland	293.9	7,952	105.6	4,921	21.2	41,631
Mississippi	232.4	3,607	75.3	2,125	99.9	39,923
North Carolir	268.0	4,478	-5.7	2,015	72.5	40,531
Oklahoma	1,326.7	10,543	55.4	3,891	93.7	54,796
South Carolii	—	2,681	263.2	2,873	172.3	31,188
Tennessee	169.1	6,588	141.7	3,394	70.0	57,216
Texas	357.1	31,980	249.6	17,435	47.8	204,019
Virginia	1,434.8	12,127	567.3	9,783	100.9	70,093
West Virginia	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

SOURCES: National Council of Higher Education Loan Programs, Inc., 1990 Guaranty Agency Survey (1990) (New York: New York Higher Education Services Corporation);
Office of Student Financial Assistance, U.S. Department of Education, "Updated Tables and Graphs for the FY 1991"; and the FY 1992 Loan Programs Data Book.



**TABLE 60**State Scholarship and Grant Funds

		Need-E	lased		Non Need-Based				
	Underg	raduate	Grad	luate	Undergr	aduate	Grad	uate	
	Dollars 1994-95 (000s)	Percent Change 1984-85 to 1994-95	Dollars 1994-95 (000s)	Percent Change 1984-85 to 1994-95	Dollars 1994-95 (000s)	Percent Change 1984-85 to 1994-95	Dollars 1994-95 (000s)	Percent Change 1984-85 to 1994-95	
United States SREB States SREB States as a Percent of the U.S.	\$2,327,577 263,381 11.3	101.8 145.5	\$28,121 8,833 31.4	61.0 105.4	\$360,856 251,032 69.6	204.9 306.5	\$35,936 18,318 51.0	304.4 809.5	
Alabama	2,281	1.7	42	133.3	6,806	71.0	2,978	4,553.1	
Arkansas	8,907	134.9	11	NA	740	271.9	156	NA	
Florida	36,824	163.7	na	-100.0	61,886	342.6	743	146.0	
Georgia	5,147	27.4	na	na	111,410	966.9	na	-100.0	
Kentucky	25,517	209.6	na	na	na	na	na	na	
Louisiana	6,429	232.9	na	na	6,650	429.5	12	-87.4	
Maryland	24,571	233.8	262	-34.3	7,064	395.7	230	489.7	
Mississippi	1,248	-3.8	na	NA	58	-94.6	48	-81.7	
North Carolina	13,774	208.2	2,900	181.8	28,940	59.4	770	NA	
Oklahoma	13,325	105.4	1,636	54.9	2,986	3,935.1	255	1,316.7	
South Carolina	17,297	26.0	na	na	na	na	na	na	
Tennessee	18,313	123.1	na	na	833	NA	na	na	
Texas	29,102	30.6	2,436	35.5	na		na	na	
Virginia	53,885	1,131.9	1,546	NA	17,339		10,352	1,310.4	
West Virginia	6,761	39.4	na	na	6,320		2,774	NA	

<sup>&</sup>quot;na" indicates none reported.

SOURCES: Kenneth R. Reeher and Jerry S. Davis, 15th Annual Survey Report, 1984-85 Academic Year (1985) (Harrisburg, PA: National Association of State Scholarship and Grant Programs) and 26th Annual Survey Report, 1994-95 Academic Year (1995) (New York State Higher Education Services Corporation, National Association of State Student Grant and Aid Programs).



<sup>&</sup>quot;NA" indicates none reported in 1984-85.

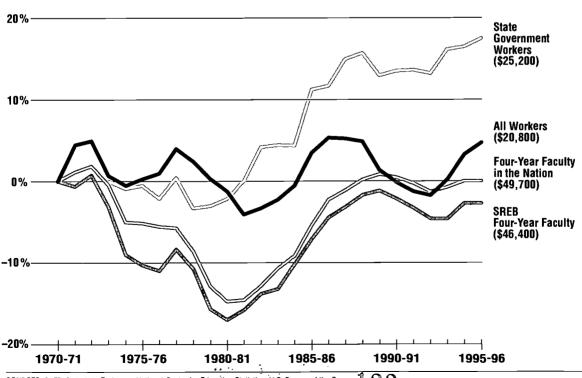
NOTE: Beginning with the 1994-95 report by the National Association of State Student Grant and Aid programs, the information on all types of need-based and non need-based state student aid programs became much less complete. Therefore, unless more complete information again becomes available, there is no comparability between a 1994-95 grand total of state student financial aid and the totals of previous years.

#### **Faculty Salaries**

Compared to other workers, faculty in public four-year colleges in the SREB region have not fared well during the past 25 years. Since 1970-71 their salaries declined 3 percent when adjusted for inflation, even though the national average salary remained unchanged when adjusted for inflation. In contrast, inflation-adjusted median family income (like the "all workers" average) is 5 percent higher; state government workers' incomes rose 18 percent.

College faculty earnings are relatively high compared to median household incomes — more so in the SREB region than nationally. But the average inflation-adjusted salaries of full-time teaching faculty in public four-year colleges and universities in the SREB region now stands \$3,786 below the national average. This average is 92.6 percent of the U.S. average and

## Changes in Annual Salaries (adjusted for inflation)



ES: SREB-State Data Exchange; National Center for Education Statistics; U.S. Bureau of the Census 🛚 2 🖠

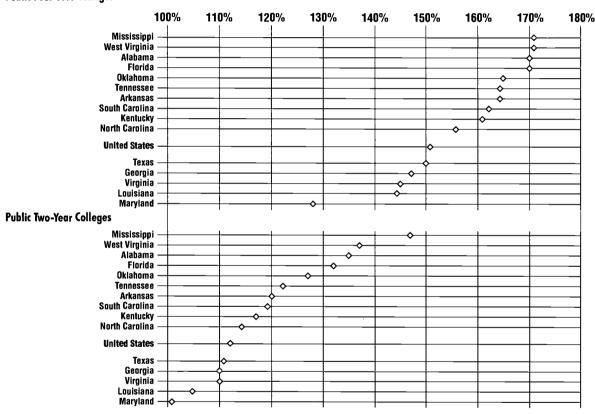
SREB Fact Book 1996/1997

CULIY

has only been lower in eight of the past 26 years. During the past five years, inflation-adjusted salaries of full-time teaching faculty in public four-year colleges and universities dropped 0.4 percent nationally and 1 percent in the SREB region. Only Alabama, Arkansas, Kentucky, Mississippi and Tennessee had faculty salaries that rose more than inflation.

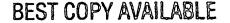
### Faculty Salaries as a Percent of Median Household Income, 1995-96

#### **Public Four-Year Colleges**



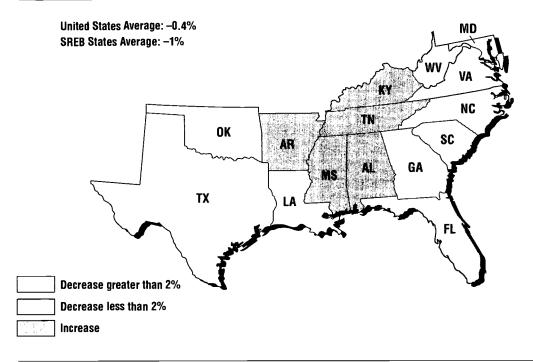
SOURCES: SREB-State Data Exchange; U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Inflation-adjusted salaries in comprehensive public two-year colleges went down 2 percent nationally and 1 percent in the SREB region. In Alabama, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma and West Virginia, two-year college salaries increased more than inflation. The average annual salary for two-year college faculty in the SREB region now stands \$5,353 below the national average.





# Inflation-Adjusted Change in Average Salaries of Full-Time Instructional Faculty Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities, 1990-91 to 1995-96

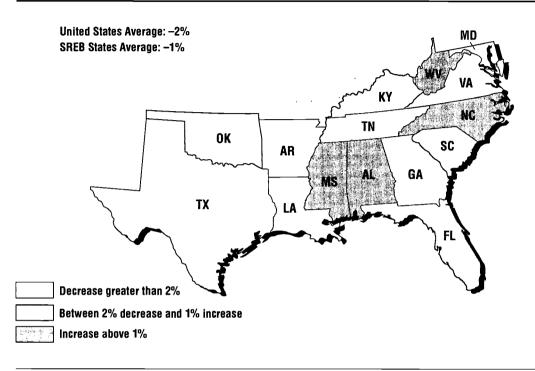


SOURCES: SREB-State Data Exchange; American Association of University Professors; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

In 1995-96, average salaries for assistant professors and instructors (faculty who are generally younger and less experienced) in the SREB states are closer to the national average than salaries of professors and associate professors (faculty who are generally older and more experienced). In the SREB region, average salaries for business and management faculty are highest, followed by those for faculty in the sciences and technologies, social and behavioral sciences, education, nursing and the humanities, in that order. Over the previous two years, in every discipline except nursing, averages for the SREB region lost ground to the national averages.



## Inflation-Adjusted Change in Average Salaries of Full-Time Instructional Faculty Public Two-Year Colleges, 1990-91 to 1995-96



SOURCES: SREB-State Data Exchange; American Association of University Professors; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

#### Administrative Salaries in Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities

Between 1993-94 and 1995-96, average salaries for administrators at public four-year colleges and universities in the SREB region gained ground on the national averages. In the case of single-campus chancellors and presidents in the SREB region, average salaries rose 12 percent to \$130,692 (\$1,785 above the national average). For administrators such as chief academic and chief business officers, the SREB region averages rose 9 percent, while the national averages rose 7 percent. For academic deans, the regional averages rose 11 percent compared to 9 percent nationwide. Student services administrators in the SREB region averaged a 9 percent salary increase compared to 7 percent nationally.

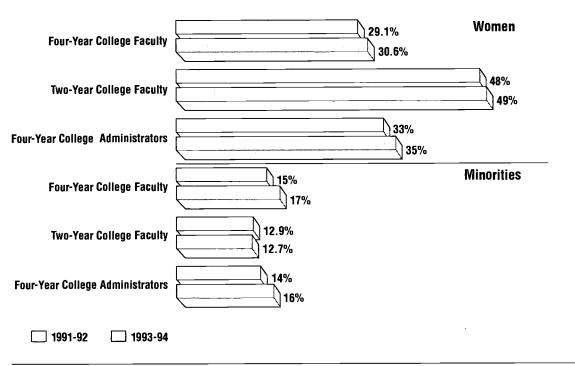
#### **Faculty and Administrator Profile**

By 1993-94, there were over 121,900 full-time faculty in public colleges and universities in the SREB states — 72 percent of them were at four-year institutions. There were almost 19,500 full-time administrators in public four-year colleges and universities in the SREB states. There are proportionately more women among public four-year college and university full-time faculty, public two-year college faculty, and public four-year college faculty administrators than in 1991-92. Women now account for about one-third of four-year college faculty and administrators. Minorities make up a larger portion of four-year college faculty and administrators, but not of public two-year college faculty.



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## Women and Minorities' as a Percent of Full-Time Staff Public Colleges and Universities, SREB States



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Black, Hispanic, Asian and Native American faculty.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics.



TABLE 61

Average Salaries and Salary Rankings of Full-Time Instructional Faculty at Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities'

	All Ranks		<u> </u>		Adjusted			_
	Average	Percent			Change <sup>2</sup>			
	Salary	1990-91 to	1994-95 to	1990-91 to	1994-95 to	Salary Ranking		
	1995-96	1995-96	1995-96	1995-96	1995-96	1990-91	1994-95	1995-96
United States	\$51,504	15.1	2.9	-0.4	-0.1			
SREB States SREB States as a	47,718	14.3	2.9	-1.1	0.0			
Percent of the U.S.	92.6							
Alabama	44,298	12.6	-0.4	0.7	-3.3	10	10	11
Arkansas	42,309	17.9	3.0	1.9	0.1	14	13	14
Florida	50,489	15.4	3.3	-0.6	0.4	4	4	3
Georgia	50,060	18.7	5.8	-0.1	2.8	6	6	4 7
Kentucky	47,871	19.0	3.4	2.5	0.4	9	8	7
Louisiana	40,366	8.7	1.4	-4.6	-1.4	12	15	15
Maryland	52,525	11.6	5.0	-5.4	2.0	2	2	2
Mississippi	45,359	28.3	2.4	11.5	-0.5	15	11	10
North Carolina	49,942	13.9	1.9	-0.5	-1.0	3	3	5
Oklahoma	43,416	11.6	2.3	-2.9	-0.6	11	12	12
South Carolina	47,036	15.3	4.2	-1.5	1.2	8	9	9
Tennessee	47,638	16.1	-0.8	4.1	-3.6	7	5	8
Texas	47,947	13.4	3.2	-2.2	0.3	5	. 7	6
Virginia	52,658	9.6	3.7	-5.8	0.7	1	1	1
West Virginia	42,496	18.0	6.1	-1.0	3.1	13	14	13

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> SREB classifies four-year colleges and universities into six categories. See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on Page 157.

SOURCES: SREB State Data Exchange; American Association of University Professors, unpublished data.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 1995-96 academic year base.

TABLE 62
Full-Time Faculty by Sex and Race/Ethnic Group at Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities'

					•				ent of
					Percent		Black Faculty		
	Number, 1993-94			Wo	men	Minorities <sup>2</sup>		at PBI or HBI <sup>3</sup>	
	Total	Women	Minorities <sup>2</sup>	1991-92	1993-94	1991-92	1993-94	1991-92	1993-94
United States	269,805	80,813	41,036	28.5	30.0	13.2	15.2	40.0	38.2
SREB States SREB States as a	87,709	26,872	14,567	29.1	30.6	14.9	16.6	62.4	60.1
Percent of the U.S.	32.5	33.3	32.0					i	
Alabama	6,446	2,016	951	29.4	31.3	13.6	14.8	63.0	60.0
Arkansas	2,823	952	378	31.6	33.7	12.1	13.4	55.6	56.8
Florida	8,541	2,389	1,494	26.4	28.0	15.0	17.5	44.0	47.7
Georgia	6,314	2,072	1,006	31.8	32.8	13.7	15.9	49.2	45.4
Kentucky	5,210	1,603	573	29.3	30.8	8.6	11.0	19.9	16.2
Louisiana	4,199	1,659	1,076	35.0	39.5	20.9	25.6	79.6	86.6
Maryland	4,480	1,399	1,117	29.7	31.2	21.5	24.9	69.4	70.0
Mississippi	2,780	877	642	30.0	31.5	21.3	23.1	83.4	83.1
North Carolina	8,238	2,432	1,473	28.4	29.5	16.1	17.9	72.0	72.2
Oklahoma	3,476	1,003	478	28.9	28.9	12.2	13.8	45.8	44.8
South Carolina	4,152	1,254	502	29.7	30.2	12.8	12.1	54.2	50.2
Tennessee	5,369	1,728	730	30.2	32.2	12.8	13.6	40.0	37.2
Texas	13,798	4,076	2,439	27.9	29.5	16.2	17.7	72.1	65.9
Virginia	8,772		1,402	24.9	27.6	13.6	16.0	57.4	53.0
West Virginia	3,111	992	306	31.3	31.9	9.4	9.8	32.4	35.1

Includes instruction, research and public service faculty. SREB classifies four-year colleges and universities into six categories. See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on Page 157.

SOURCE: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics data on higher education staff.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Minorities" refers to blacks, Hispanics, Asians, Pacific Islanders, Native Americans and Alaskan Natives.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> "PBI" refers to predominantly black institutions. "HBI" refers to "Historically Black" institutions. "Predominantly Black" institutions are those in which black students comprise more than 50 percent of the total enrollment. "Historically Black" institutions are those founded prior to 1964 as institutions for black students. "Historically Black" institutions are included in the "Predominantly Black" category if, and only if, black students are more than 50 percent of their current enrollment.

TABLE 63
Average Salaries of Full-Time Instructional Faculty by Rank at Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities¹

			1995-96			Additional Benefits
	Professor	Associate Professor	Assistant Professor	Instructor	All Ranks	as a Percent of Salary²
United States	\$65,084	\$48,816	\$40,525	\$29,943	\$51,504	24.8
SREB States	61,455	46,324	38,904	29,350	47,718	23.1
SREB States as a						
Percent of the U.S.	94.4	94.9	96.0	98.0	92.6	
Alabama	57,522	44,143	36,790	28,427	44,298	22.7
Arkansas	54,578	43,197	37,148	27,491	42,309	21.8
Florida	63,253	46,827	41,245	31,897	50,489	29.0
Georgia	63,879	48,267	40,372	34,533	50,060	
Kentucky	59,770	46,525	38,329	29,847	47,871	23.1
Louisiana	53,117	41,384	35,170	26,212	40,366	20.5
Maryland	69,623	50,594	42,631	33,579	52,525	22.6
Mississippi	56,626	45,723	39,203	29,327	45,359	21.2
North Carolina	65,243	48,278	41,281	35,310	49,942	21.0
Oklahoma	55,549	43,092	37,369	29,128	43,416	24.0
South Carolina	59,502	45,633	38,062	27,779	47,036	26.8
Tennessee	59,434	46,327	37,946	27,725	47,638	21.6
Texas	63,147	45,609	38,891	29,146	47,947	23.0
Virginia	67,322	49,660	40,744	30,445	52,658	22.7
West Virginia	51,888	41,477	35,012	28,883	42,496	22.4

<sup>&</sup>quot;-" indicates data not available.



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> SREB classifies four-year colleges and universities into six categories. See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on Page 157. The faculty salary averages by faculty rank for each SREB institutional category are available upon request.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Calculated on the "all ranks" salary average.

## TABLE 63 (cont.)

Percent Increase <sup>3</sup> 1990-91 to 1995-96										
	Associate	Assistant								
Professor	Professor	Professor	Instructor	All Ranks						
15.0	14.4	14.2	15.6	15.1	United States					
14.7	13.0	13.2	13.8	14.3	SREB States					
10.7	44.4	10.4	44.0	10.0	Alabama					
12.7	11.1	10.4	11.6	12.6	Alabama					
18.6	18.0	19.3	16.2	17.9	Arkansas					
13.1	15.9	15.4	13.4	15.4	Florida					
20.5	20.1	17.0	21.2	18.7	Georgia					
20.6	18.0	15.7	19.3	19.0	Kentucky					
13.5	8.4	8.1	8.4	8.7	Louisiana					
11.1	8.1	9.8	15.8	11.6	Maryland					
26.7	27.5	26.8	34.2	28.3	Mississippi					
13.1	10.6	13.3	12.2	13.9	North Carolina					
14.2	8.1	9.1	5.0	11.6	Oklahoma					
14.4	13.7	14.0	13.8	15.3	South Carolina					
16.6	15.1	13.2	15.9	16.1	Tennessee					
14.2	12.1	12.8	14.2	13.4	Texas					
9.4	7.8	8.6	6.3	9.6	Virginia					
15.2	13.5	18.9	28.0	18.0	West Virginia					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Not adjusted for inflation.

SOURCES: SREB-State Data Exchange; American Association of University Professors, unpublished data.



**TABLE 64**Estimated Average Salaries of Full-Time Faculty By Teaching Field at Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities'

			t	Inited State:	S			
_		SI	REB Categor	Year Colleg	es			
_		Percent						
		Change						
		1993-94 to			1995-	96		
	All	1995-96	SREB I	SREB II	SREB III	SREB IV	SREB V	SREB VI
Humanities	\$43,274	7.3	\$47,903	\$42,324	\$39,402	\$41,400	\$37,491	\$37,460
Foreign Languages	45,174	7.3	47,351	41,284	42,807	44,031	38,545	40,236
Letters	44,356	7.6	49,035	40,928	41,999	43,738	39,486	39,949
Philosophy and Religion	48,619	5.8	51,014	47,344	46,811	47,493	44,510	44,454
Visual and Performing Arts	44,350	7.3	46,705	42,883	43,107	44,782	39,758	39,859
Social & Behavioral Sciences	50,574	8.4	55,236	49,164	47,103	47,485	42,641	43,290
Area and Ethnic Studies	51,097	5.7	51,251	46,514	52,794	51,090	37,214	46,175
Home Economics	45,964	7.9	48,960	44,827	40,787	38,928	37,572	37,293
Protective Services	44,464	5.0	52.615	43.967	43,849	41,421	41,651	37,712
Psychology	50,813	7.3	57,079	50,127	47,233	47,340	42,454	44,961
Public Administration and Services	62,607	14.0	62,607		.,200	.,,,,,,,	-	- 11,001
Social Sciences and History	51,133	8.2	56,342	49,580	47,765	48,153	43,107	43,073
Social Work	50,920	17.0	50,920		—	-	-	
Sciences and Technologies	55,995	7.6	61.090	55,225	48,912	50,517	43,796	43,092
Agribusiness and Agriculture Production	53,670	8.1	57,471	50,865	47,774	42,573	42,822	37,537
Agricultural Sciences	52.848	6.9	52.848		.,,,,,	12,010	12,022	01,001
Architecture and Environmental Design	51,563	8.7	52,246	46,897	50,010	58.626	48,011	
Computer and Information Science	57,496	8.3	66,596	63,180	53,214	52,646	46,675	45,330
Engineering	65.068	7.4	68.055	62,192	55,616	61,586	49,930	44,861
Engineering Related Technologies	46,334	5.7	49,597	47,337	46,233	48,191	43,330	42,037
Life Sciences	53,349	6.9	58,416	50,552	46,675	48,020	43,535	43,002
Mathematics	50,858	7.6	58,541	49,839	45,627	47,269	40,715	43,002
Physical Sciences	55,960	7.8	62,552	49,039 54,054	48,471	49,899	44,538	41,373
Business Management and								
Administrative Services	61,583	9.7	72,827	63,575	56,230	54,863	51,284	42,251
Education	46,513	7.3	50,437	45,942	44,597	45,542	41,269	39,916
Nursing	42,256	7.3	46,787	43,033	40,913	41,650	37,187	37,415
Other	54.602	10.7	64.931	44,380	41,738	44,032	36,747	39,733
Communications	44,974	7.9	49,305	41,380	41,938	44,321	37,706	40,306
Law	90,206	9.6	90,206	T1,000	T1,300	77,021	J1,100	<del>-1</del> 0,300
Library and Archival Sciences	43,127	6.5	51,843	45,956	37.503	38,887	30.285	36,333
Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies	48,546	13.3			•		•	
many studies	40,040	13.3	49,298	67,641	46,939	47,283	38,367	39,905

<sup>&</sup>quot;--" indicates 10 or fewer faculty.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> SREB classifies four-year colleges and universities into six categories. See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on page 157.



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## TABLE 64 (cont.)

			SREB	States				
		SREB Ca	tegories of	Four-Year	Colleges			
All	Percent Change 1993-94 to 1995-96	SREB I	SREB II	1995 SREB III	5-96_ SREB IV	SREB V	SREB VI	
			<del>-</del>				-	Universität en
\$37,983 41,485	6.1 5.2	\$39,905 43,793	\$38,281 40,672	\$36,381	\$36,613	\$36,752	\$36,342	Humanities
40,080	5.6	43,793	40,672	38,719	38,459	36,190	38,111	Foreign Languages
				37,787	37,182	37,733	38,469	Letters
45,623	4.8	48,715	46,055	41,768	41,043	42,096	41,812	Philosophy and Religion
41,328	7.1	43,615	42,735	39,806	39,997	38,793	37,621	Visual and Performing Arts
47,166	7.0	52,125	49,595	42,877	41,841	41,293	41,842	Social & Behavioral Sciences
50,554	6.0	51,827	53,666	42,449	32,000	45,314	_	Area and Ethnic Studies
43,860	7.3	47,110	47,812	38,966	35,465	36,270	40,098	Home Economics
42,314	5.1	52,027	44,508	42,037	36,941	39,783	35,690	Psychology
46,954	6.3	52,635	50,731	42,995	41,517	41,610	43,343	Protective Services
62,855	11.2	62,855	_	_	· —	· —	_	Public Administration and Services
47,610	6.7	52,955	49,588	43,548	42,707	41,629	41,844	Social Sciences and History
48,457	16.6	48,457	_	· —	· —	· —	· —	Social Work
52,742	6.0	57,262	57,208	45,495	43,689	41,093	42,133	Sciences and Technologies
50,554	6.4	54,772	56,098	42,656	42,326	41,752	37,904	Agribusiness and Agriculture Production
50,294	5.7	50,294	· —	· —	· —	· —	´—	Agricultural Sciences
49,301	6.6	50,421	47,912	42,778	35,000	_	_	Architecture and Environmental Design
55,565	8.6	63,344	66,134	50,130	46,655	43,924	45,555	Computer and Information Science
62,284	6.8	64,205	63,075	53,177	55,543	47,992	45,121	Engineering
44,201	7.0	50,027	46,853	44,278	40,381	39,565	38,604	Engineering Related Technologies
49,651	4.0	54,959	50,752	42,971	42,410	42,133	42,458	Life Sciences
46,591	6.1	53,595	51,256	41,581	40,239	38,022	40,555	Mathematics
52,437	5.7	58,392	55,348	45,445	44,305	42,380	43,296	Physical Sciences
	ľ							Business Management and
60,022	8.8	71,324	64,934	53,914	51,552	51,486	46,172	Administrative Services
44,303	7.3	48,240	46,747	42,195	41,294	40,779	38,811	Education
40,518	9.0	44,285	45,324	40,028	37,431	37,687	36,963	Nursing
54,522	6.2	66,777	47,786	39,591	36,127	35,511	37,219	Other
42,832	7.0	47,722	42,567	39,877	38,141	37,268	35,610	Communications
88,834	9.3	88,834			.55,	- ,200		Law
41,415	2.6	52,038	50.840	36,186	26.162	29,778	39.012	Library and Archival Sciences
51,982	17.6	55,963	79,837	43,625	34,048	40,060	41,942	Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies

SOURCES: Office of Institutional Research, Oklahoma State University, and College and University Personnel Association, unpublished data.



**TABLE 65**Average Salaries of Full-Time Instructional Faculty by Type of Public Four-Year College and University<sup>1</sup>

			All Ranks Av	erage, 1995-96		
		SREB Categ	ories of Four-Y	ear Colleges an	d Universities	•
<u> </u>	SREB I	SREB II	SREB III	SREB IV	SREB V	SREB VI
United States	\$57,461	\$50,592	\$46,965	\$47,781	\$42,788	\$42,156
SREB States SREB States as a	54,662	52,248	43,766	42,250	41,521	40,796
Percent of the U.S.	95.1	103.3	93.2	88.4	97.0	96.8
Alabama	48,631	47,474	42,439	37,366	38,366	43,664
Arkansas	48,087		41,256		39,223	36,611
Florida	52,970	49,595	46,514	43,311	_	
Georgia	54,439	58,794	42,755	43,220	43,685	41,506
Kentucky	55,296	49,991	44,537	39,571	42,523	40,554
Louisiana	46,448	41,634	38,448	36,909	36,148	_
Maryland	59,422	50,781	_	47,956	42,513	48,097
Mississippi	48,854	48,293	40,627	_	39,241	36,892
North Carolina	58,253	46,277	45,843	45,464	44,544	43,377
Oklahoma	48,447	_	44,260	38,728	36,997	34,476
South Carolina	53,366	51,283	41,512	40,905	41,054	40,841
Tennessee	54,512	49,077	43,373	45,372	44,600	_
Texas	54,115	49,188	41,641	39,763	40,213	38,166
Virginia	58,320	53,492	47,533	43,661	42,578	42,959
West Virginia	48,396	· —	42,180	· —	· —	36,887

<sup>&</sup>quot;---" indicates not applicable. There is no institution of this type in the state.



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> SREB classifies four-year colleges and universities into six categories. See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on page 157.

## TABLE 65 (cont.)

-				rcent Change <sup>2</sup> 19		-
-			SREB IV	ries of Four-Yea SREB III	SREB II	SREB I
United States	6.6	-0.6	8.3	2.2	 7.7	8.0
SREB States	12.4	8.6	6.6	7.5	10.1	9.6
Alabama	11.3	5.4	-1.1	4.8	6.3	6.1
Arkansas	4.4	5.4	<del></del>	1.3		6.3
Florida	<del></del>	_	3.7	11.5	8.0	7.7
Georgia	9.5	9.8	9.9	12.0	12.2	12.0
Kentucky	8.6	4.4	6.0	8.6	5.1	6.0
Louisiana	_	-0.3	8.8	0.1	4.4	2.9
Maryland	20.4	3.7	8.5	_	NA	10.2
Mississippi	21.8	19.4	_	12.4	9.2	7.4
North Carolina	6.3	8.8	8.1	7.9	6.4	8.9
Oklahoma	0.5	-0.9	3.9	6.3	_	6.5
South Carolin	12.4	8.6	NA	9.9	10.1	12.4
Tennessee	_	6.0	6.7	3.8	5.4	8.0
Texas	2.2	9.1	4.4	5.3	2.3	5.3
Virginia	7.9	8.3	8.4	7.8	6.9	7.1
West Virginia	9.9	_	_	7.6	_	10.1

<sup>&</sup>quot;NA" indicates not reported in the earlier year.

SOURCES: SREB-State Data Exchange; American Association of University Professors, unpublished data.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Not adjusted for inflation.

**TABLE 66**Average Salaries of Full-Time Instructional Faculty by Type of Public Two-Year College<sup>1</sup>

	All Ranks Av	erage Salary		Percent	Change	
_	199	5-96	1990-91 1	o 1995-96	1994-95 1	o 1995-96
	Two-Year VII	Two-Year VIII	Two-Year VII	Two-Year VIII	Two-Year VII	Two-Year VIII
United States	\$41,499	\$38,061	13.4		2.4	0.4
SREB States	36,146	33,118	14.5	3.4	5.0	8.2
SREB States as a	,	•				
Percent of the U.S.	87.1	87.0				
Alabama	38,286	38,097	17.4	-0.7	0.9	-0.4
Arkansas	30,596	na	12.0	na	2.5	na
Florida	37,792	na	15.6	na	3.6	na
Georgia	37,593	35,409	16.4	6.9	7.1	3.2
Kentucky	33,250	na	16.5	na	3.1	na
Louisiana	32,624	32,730	-5.0	NA	5.4	23.4
	•	·				
Maryland	45,234		13.3		6.2	
Mississippi	35,161		28.6	_	9.3	_
North Carolina	32,296	_	25.7	_	10.5	_
Oklahoma	35,457	na	15.7	na	9.5	na
South Carolina	32,221	<del></del>	11.9	—	5.6	
Tennessee	34,925	23,930	14.7	NA	-1.6	3.5
	,3	,				0.0
Texas	36,654	_	10.9		4.8	
Virginia	38,114	_	9.2	_	3.8	
West Virginia	34,126	na	19.8	na	6.3	na

<sup>&</sup>quot;--" indicates not applicable. There is no institution of this type in the state.



<sup>&</sup>quot;na" indicates data not available.

<sup>&</sup>quot;NA" indicates not reported in the earlier year.

<sup>1</sup>SREB classifies two-year institutions into two categories. See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on page 157.

## TABLE 66 (cont.)

Inflati	on-Adjusted	Percent Ch	ange²		-	Salary	Ranking	_		
1990-91 t	o 1995-96	1994-95 t	o 1995-96		Two-Year VI			Two-Year VI	II	
Two-Year VII	Two-Year VIII	Two-Year VII	Two-Year VIII	1990-91	1994-95	1995-96	1990-91	1994-95	1995-96	
-1.9 -0.9	-10.6	-0.5 2.0	-2.5 5.1							United States SREB States
1.5 -3.1 0.0	-8.9 na na	-2.0 -0.4 0.7	-3.2 na na	6 14 5	2 14 4	2 15 4	1 na na	1 na na	1 na na	Alabama Arkansas Florida
0.7 0.8 -17.8	-0.3 na NA	4.1 0.1 2.4	0.3 na 19.9	7 10 3	6 10 8	5 11 12	2 na na	2 3 4	2 na 3	Georgia Kentucky Louisiana
-2.0 11.3 8.8	_ _ _	3.2 6.2 7.3	_ _ _	1 13 15	1 14 15	1 8 13	  -  -	<del>-</del> -	_ _ _	Maryland Mississippi North Carolina
0.1 -3.2 -0.7	na — NA	6.4 2.6 -4.4	na — 0.6	8 12 9	6 13 9	7 14 9	3 — na	na — 5	na — 4	Oklahoma South Carolina Tennessee
-4.0 -5.5 3.6	— na	1.8 0.8 3.3	— — na	4 2 11	3 2 12	6 3 10	— — na	  na	  na	Texas Virginia West Virginia

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 1995-96 academic year base.

SOURCES: SREB-State Data Exchange; and American Association of University Professors, unpublished data.



**TABLE 67**Estimated Average Salaries of Full-Time Administrators at Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities'

			Unit	ed States,	1995-96					
<del>-</del>	SREB Categories of Four-Year Colleges and Universities									
_		Percent Change 1993-94 to								
	All	1995-96	SREB I	SREB II	SREB III	SREB IV	SREB V	SREB VI		
<b>Executive</b> Chief Executive Officer/Single Institution	\$128,907	. 8.6	\$170,885	\$148,169	\$125,578	\$116,201	\$113,782	\$106,013		
Administrative and Academic Support Chief Academic Officer Chief Business Officer Chief Planning Officer Chief Budgeting Officer Chief Personnel Officer	78,187 107,828 96,382 80,486 63,801 64,983	7.2 7.3 7.8 3.3 7.1 6.2	101,405 141,548 123,186 92,255 78,519 85,189	88,245 125,877 111,641 79,283 66,132 71,644	74,756 103,800 96,619 80,327 59,811 61,491	69,190 97,243 88,274 68,800 55,678 56,718	66,979 92,089 84,620 80,871 55,198 55,554	61,816 83,768 74,422 67,374 56,901 49,348		
Chief Information Systems Officer Chief Development Officer Chief Public Relations Officer Director of Library Services Director of Institutional Research Director, Computer Center	78,567 85,547 66,102 57,896 74,868	8.4 9.5 6.2 2.4 6.1	106,040 111,338 90,140 69,767 103,184	94,252 102,211 82,833 62,425 87,084	74,255 80,223 64,190 58,453 72,611	70,004 76,317 51,925 54,874 66,167	65,333 69,334 48,479 53,544 61,612	59,592 67,700 45,884 50,143 54,485		
Operations/Administrative Director, Computer Center Operations/Academic	64,490 67,996	4.4 6.0	80,052 91,210	71,573 67,844	64,123 57,613	59,094 62,405	50,845 62,632	48,022 45,646		
Academic	94,786	8.6	116,315	102,117	86,404	78,753	73,835	45,646 65,732		
Dean, Architecture Dean, Agriculture Dean, Afs and Letters Dean, Ats and Sciences Dean, Business Dean, Communications Dean, Continuing Education Dean, Education Dean, Education Dean, Engineering Dean, Fine Arts Dean, Graduate Programs Dean, Home Economics Dean, Humanities Dean, Library and Information Sciences Dean, Music Dean, Sciences Dean, Social Sciences Dean, Social Sciences Dean, Undergraduate Programs	104,954 109,288 83,438 94,529 101,945 96,193 82,018 88,750 124,154 85,406 89,473 103,736 90,274 90,556 69,562 101,527 90,918 91,313 98,709 86,107	7.7 9.1 4.6 7.2 7.3 10.0 13.9 7.9 11.1 4.5 8.3 20.5 13.5 11.8 -6.7 14.5 4.2 9.2 11.2 11.3	106,489 122,694 112,022 121,486 137,594 105,266 95,442 112,230 140,401 105,332 110,336 103,736 111,511 101,549 — 104,461 123,664 115,645 111,235 99,197	97,937 95,218 88,474 106,315 115,043 — 88,884 99,639 119,405 92,022 97,505 — 94,048 89,785 — 90,524 109,233 99,355 91,735 79,717	84,224 89,411 94,544 83,150 76,500 85,024 110,716 82,592 79,176 — 82,718 74,974 79,001 — 89,091 93,161 83,936 83,936	76,314 82,489 87,591 68,295 72,863 76,196 88,607 70,740 76,121 — 84,064 69,883 73,449 — 75,254 70,449 68,831	64,897 79,528 78,141	70,284 67,250 70,324 — 63,563 63,426 — 54,706 76,034 — 67,778 — 57,808 — 63,827 60,269		
Student Services Chief Student Services Officer Chief Admissions Officer Registrar Director, Student Financial Aid	64,855 87,294 57,454 56,823 54,158	7.1 7.7 5.3 5.2 7.1	80,396 109,664 70,711 70,209 67,554	71,076 97,852 59,892 62,236 57,565	76,219 62,724 84,640 56,516 54,316 53,790	62,782 78,150 53,162 54,528	58,377 78,150 53,162 54,528 46,131	50,667 69,069 47,213 45,336 42,984		

<sup>&</sup>quot;—" indicates three or fewer administrators.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> SREB classifies four-year colleges and universities into six categories. See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on page 157.



## TABLE 67 (cont.)

		SRE	B States,	1995-96			_	
	SREB Categ				nd Univers	ities	_	
	Percent Change 1993-94 to						25-5-1/	
AII	1995-96	SREB I	SREB II	SREB III	SREB IV	SREB V	SREB VI	
\$130,692	11.7	\$174,004	\$155,802	\$126,205	\$116,493	\$105,322	\$104,224	Executive Chief Executive Officer/Single Institution
75,322	8.5	94,507	93,060	70,964	65,403	63,412	60,520	Administrative and Academic Support
108,275	9.6	142,248	134,242	100,890	94,662	89,445	84,843	Chief Academic Officer
95,899	10.7	117,787	120,015	93,269	84,033	81,804	74,409	Chief Business Officer
78,279	0.3	84,254	_	76,013	74,569	_	_	Chief Planning Officer
57,725	6.3	69,229	61,338	54,876	49,015	49,443		Chief Budgeting Officer
59,336	8.0	78,573	72,584	56,463	52,087	45,632	42,450	Chief Personnel Officer
74,570	7.9	96,733	103,006	70,299	63,604	58,076	55,346	Chief Information Systems Officer
84,642	12.5	107,239	107,518	76,423	74,655	69,898	72,513	Chief Development Officer
61,435	10.5	80,109	91,267	57,853	48,884	47,787	41,493	Chief Public Relations Officer
57,491	2.4	69,767	62,622	54,447	54,061	52,444	47,055	Director of Library Services
70,640	6.9	93,399	84,687	68,764	62,598	57,290	55,892	Director of Institutional Research
								Director, Computer Center Operations/
50,772	-11.4	65,530	59,132	51,092	44,664	42,355	37,313	Administrative
								Director, Computer Center Operations/
51,578	-13.9	64,227		42,025	43,421	_		Academic
93,400	11.2	113,954	106,680	83,142	75,057	74,601	64,533	Academic
104,486	11.6	105,718	99,559	-	-	- 1,007		Dean, Architecture
121,389	32.7	121,389	_	_	_	_	_	Dean, Agriculture
75,947	2.0		86,415	80,357	76.390	64,591	65,605	Dean, Arts and Letters
95,331	10.7	115,761	108,285	87,599	77,544	76,643		Dean, Arts and Sciences
101,317	6.8	137,795	125,970	92,468	86,509	81,382	67,623	Dean, Business
95,788	14.3	108,737		81,279		_	-	Dean, Communications
80,717	20.4	93,540	88,154	67,836	67,196		_	Dean, Continuing Education
87,072	9.7	111,404	103,134	82,558	75,243	72,922	61,116	Dean, Education
123,461	10.9	136,201	125,423	107,914	73,244			Dean, Engineering
85,899	10.7	106,069		77,568	70,919	_	_	Dean, Fine Arts
86,568	11.4	106,126	101,350	76,445	75,106	68,032		Dean, Graduate Programs
102,354	24.2	102,354			_	_	_	Dean, Home Economics
79,798	4.7	· —		79,798	_	_	_	Dean, Humanities
85,472	9.2	96.009	_	72,541	66,793	_	_	Dean, Library and Information Sciences
76,282	1.6	_	_	76,282	_	_	_	Dean, Mathematics
102,581	29.4	102,581			_	_		Dean, Music
91,319	8.6	131,037	110,773	86,679	70,723	74,739	65,110	Dean, Sciences
80,488	4.7	116,739	102,944	_	·—	· —	62,026	Dean, Social Sciences
91,447	12.0	103,237			67,867		, <u> </u>	Dean, Social Work
81,419	10.5	97,820	74,314	72,122	· —	_	_	Dean, Undergraduate Programs
61,160	8.7	74,996	68,361	59,273	56,285	52,631	49,738	Student Services
							49,738 66.456	Chief Student Services Officer
83,391 53,969	9.5 7 <i>.</i> 5	104,093 64,803	98,473 58,946	80,302 52,928	74,226 47,402	72,662 45,699	47,336	Chief Admissions Officer
54,249	6.7	67,121	58,199	52,926 51,526	51,663	45,699 47,777	47,330 42,491	Registrar
50,178	9.8	62,556	54,745	49,154	47,164	41,720	42,329	Director, Student Financial Aid

SOURCE: College and University Personnel Association, unpublished data.



**TABLE 68**Estimated Distribution of Full-Time Faculty By Teaching Field at Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities'

_				Faculty, Unit			
<u> </u>				ories of Fou		<del>-</del>	
	AII	SREB I	SREB II	SREB III	SREB IV	SREB V	SREB VI
Humanities	20.6	18.6	21.4	22.3	23.0	22.1	23.4
Foreign Languages	3.8	4.8	3.3	3.0	3.0	2.4	3.1
Letters	7.1	5.5	7.2	7.9	9.0	9.9	10.4
Philosophy and Religion	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.1	1.5
Visual and Performing Arts	8.2	6.8	9.3	9.7	9.5	8.7	8.4
Social & Behavioral Sciences	18.5	18.1	18.1	20.1	17.9	17.9	19.2
Area and Ethnic Studies	0.5	0.8	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.3
Home Economics	1.5	2.0	1.3	1.5	0.5	0.6	0.3
Protective Services	0.5	0.2	0.6	0.7	0.6	1.0	0.6
Psychology	3.8	3.1	4.1	4.4	4.6	4.2	4.4
Public Administration and Services	0.1	0.3	T. 1	7.7 —	T.0	<del></del>	T.T
Social Sciences and History	11.7	10.8	12.0	13.0	12.0	11.9	13.6
Social Work	0.4	0.9				<del></del>	
Sciences and Technologies	34.8	42.4	31.6	27.7	27.3	27.2	30.0
Agribusiness and Agriculture Production	1.0	1.4	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.6	0.2
Agricultural Sciences	2.0	4.4	<del></del>	<del></del>	U.T	<del></del>	U.Z
Architecture and Environmental Design	1.2	2.0	1.3	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.0
Computer and Information Sciences	2.3	1.5	2.9	2.7	3.0	3.3	3.3
Engineering	7.4	11.1	8.3	4.0	3.3	2.3	1.4
Engineering Related Technologies	1.0	0.5	0.9	1.5	0.9	1.6	3.3
Life Sciences	6.4	7.9	4.7	5.0	5.3	5.6	5.5 6.9
Mathematics	5.8	5.1	5.4	6.0	6.9	7.4	7.7
Physical Sciences	7.7	8.5	7.5	6.9	7.2	6.3	7.7 7.2
Business Management and							
Administrative Services	9.1	6.6	11.6	11.5	10.8	12.4	8.2
Education	9.7	7.4	11.4	10.7	13.0	12.6	10.7
Nursing	2.9	1.7	3.3	3.5	4.2	4.6	5.5
Other	4.4	5.3	2.7	4.2	3.9	3.1	2.9
Communications	2.5	2.2	2.1	3.0	3.1	2.3	1.8
.aw	0.9	2.0			<del></del>		
Library and Archival Sciences	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.3
Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies	0.6	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.8

<sup>&</sup>quot;-" indicates 10 or fewer faculty.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> SREB classifies four-year colleges and universities into six categories. See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on page 157.



## TABLE 68 (cont.)

				States, 19				
		SREB VI	SREB V	Year College SREB IV	ies of Four- SREB III	IEB Categor SREB II	SREB I	All
							ONED I	AII
	Humanities	24.2	22.3	22.3	20.7	19.5	17.0	19.5
jes	Foreign Languages	3.1	2.2	2.7	2.5	2.9	4.1	3.3
	Letters	11.6	10.6	9.5	8.0	6.5	5.4	7.2
	Philosophy and Rel	1.2	0.8	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.4
rming Arts	Visual and Perform	8.3	8.7	9.0	8.9	8.5	6.0	7.6
vioral Sciences	Social & Behavio	18.2	15.7	17.4	18.5	17.3	16.2	17.1
Studies	Area and Ethnic Stu	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2
:S	Home Economics	0.3	0.7	8.0	1.9	1.0	2.0	1.6
	Psychology	8.0	8.0	0.6	0.9	0.7	0.2	0.5
ces	Protective Services	3.6	3.6	4.4	4.2	4.2	2.7	3.5
ration and Services	Public Administrati	_	_	_	_	_	0.4	0.2
	Social Sciences	13.5	10.6	11.6	11.4	11.3	9.7	10.7
	Social Work	_	_	_	_	_	0.9	0.4
Technologies	Sciences and Te	28.7	25.8	24.5	27.2	34.0	44.4	35.0
d Agriculture Prode	Agribusiness and A	0.3	0.7	0.8	1.1	0.3	1.7	1.1
	Agricultural Science	_		_	_	_	6.1	2.6
	Architecture and En	_	_	_	0.5	1.4	2.2	1.2
	Computer and Infor	3.1	3.0	2.7	2.9	3.3	1.7	2.5
	Engineering	1.0	0.6	1.8	3.8	11.2	11.7	7.5
ated Technologies	Engineering Related	3.0	1.2	0.6	1.6	0.8	0.4	0.9
<b>-</b>	Life Sciences	6.8	6.0	5.5	4.7	4.2	7.3	6.0
	Mathematics	7.7	8.2	6.8	6.2	5.3	5.3	6.0
es:	Physical Sciences	6.8	6.1	6.3	6.4	7.5	8.0	7.2
acement and	Business Manag							
-	Administrative S	10.5	13.8	12.0	12.0	13.1	7.2	10.2
	Education	9.4	14.3	15.4	13.1	10.2	8.5	11.0
	Nursing	7.3	5.2	5.2	4.2	3.4	1.5	3.3
	Other	1.7	2.8	3.1	4.3	2.3	5.4	4.2
S	Communications	1.2	2.0	2.4	3.1	1.8	2.2	2.3
	Law	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	1.1
ival Sciences	Library and Archiva	0.2	0.7	0.4	0.8	0.2	0.5	0.5
	Multi/Interdisciplina	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3

 $SOURCES: Of fice of Institutional \ Research, \ Oklahoma \ State \ University; \ College \ and \ University \ Personnel \ Association, \ unpublished \ data.$ 



**TABLE 69**Percent Distribution of Full-Time Faculty by Type of Public Four-Year College<sup>1</sup>

			199	3-94		
		SREB Catego	ories of Four-Ye	ar Colleges and	Universities	
	SREB I	SREB II	SREB III	SREB IV	SREB V	SREB VI
United States	44.2	13.3	21.2	9.5	7.3	4.4
SREB States	40.5	16.7	21.7	9.9	6.5	4.7
Alabama	31.8	24.6	24.8	8.7	9.0	1.1
Arkansas	29.5	_	43.6	_	11.9	15.0
Florida	66.4	13.9	11.6	8.2		_
Georgia	30.7	24.0	9.7	10.5	17.9	7.2
Kentucky	32.3	22.0	29.6	6.5	7.3	2.3
Louisiana	na	25.3	39.0	21.7	13.1	_
Maryland	49.3	8.8	_	34.0	5.6	2.3
Mississippi	26.8	39.9	11.5	_	13.3	8.5
North Carolina	41.2	6.9	38.8	4.2	4.1	4.8
Oklahoma	51.7	_	11.3	14.1	16.6	6.3
South Carolina	34.4	26.5	6.5	6.8	13.0	12.8
Tennessee	34.3	14.3	29.3	17.2	4.8	<del></del>
Texas	49.7	5.8	33.5	7.6	1.9	1.5
Virginia	38.4	38.9	5.8	10.6	1.7	4.5
West Virginia	51.5	_	17.1	<del></del>	<del></del>	31.4

<sup>&</sup>quot;---" indicates not applicable. There is no institution of the type in the state.



<sup>&</sup>quot;na" indicates data not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>SREB classifies four-year institutions into six categories. See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on page 157.

TABLE 69 (cont.)

			-92	1991				
		SREB Categories of Four-Year Colleges and Universities						
	SREB VI	SREB V	SREB IV	SREB III	SREB II	SREB I		
United States	4.2	7.5	9.8	21.4	13.7	43.3		
SREB States	4.8	6.2	9.9	22.2	16.1	40.8		
Alabama	1.1	8.4	8.9	24.1	24.1	33.4		
Arkansas	13.7	12.2	12.3	32.3	_	29.5		
Florida			7.0	18.2	22.3	52.5		
Georgia	7.0	19.7	7.4	9.7	27.1	29.0		
Kentucky	2.4	7.2	6.7	30.3	21.7	31.8		
Louisiana	_	9.8	20.0	31.7	10.7	27.8		
Maryland	7.7	2.3	33.4	8.8	_	47.8		
Mississippi	7.5	12.1	_	11.0	41.6	27.8		
North Carolina	4.8	4.1	4.3	37.6	7.3	41.9		
Oklahoma	11.5	11.7	14.3	10.1	_	52.4		
South Carolin	12.4	19.8	_	7.1	26.1	34.6		
Tennessee	<del></del>	4.6	17.0	28.3	14.3	35.8		
Texas	1.4	0.7	7.9	33.3	5.6	51.1		
Virginia	3.6	1.8	11.4	5.8	37.6	39.8		
West Virginia	28.9	_	_	18.0		53.0		

SOURCE: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics' data sets on higher education staff.



TABLE 70

Percent Distribution of Full-Time Instructional Faculty by Rank at Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities<sup>1</sup>

			1995-96		
	Professor	Associate Professor	Assistant Professor	Instructor	Other
United States	38.3	28.4	24.6	5.1	3.6
SREB States	34.0	28.4	26.7	7.3	3.6
Alabama	29.8	29.7	29.8	9.2	1.5
Arkansas	31.2	25.0	26.0	16.1	1.8
Florida	37.4	31.1	23.7	6.8	0.9
Georgia	32.7	30.4	30.1	6.8	0.0
Kentucky	36.0	30.0	27.3	3.7	3.0
Louisiana	28.8	24.1	31.0	15.8	0.4
Maryland	33.2	29.0	24.4	5.3	8.1
Mississippi	32.7	25.3	30.0	12.1	0.0
North Carolina	32.5	28.5	23.6	1.3	14.2
Oklahoma	31.1	25.0	31.3	12.6	0.0
South Carolina	35.6	29.6	23.4	8.1	3.2
Tennessee	38.6	26.2	27.2	7.8	0.2
Texas	34.6	26.4	26.8	5.3	6.9
Virginia	36.4	33.1	22.9	6.1	1.5
West Virginia	35.7	29.5	27.9	6.2	0.7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> SREB classifies four-year colleges and universities into six categories. See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on page 157.



TABLE 70 (cont.)

			1993-94		
	Other	Instructor	Assistant Professor	Associate Professor	Professor
United State	3.4	5.2	25.6	27.8	38.0
SREB States	3.6	7.5	27.2	28.1	33.6
Alabama	1.4	9.7	31.2	28.4	29.3
Arkansas	1.3	14.3	27.9	25.7	30.8
Florida	1.3	4.6	24.3	31.9	38.0
Georgia	0.0	7.6	29.3	29.3	33.8
Kentucky	2.6	3.7	28.2	29.2	36.3
Louisiana	0.0	14.2	32.6	24.5	28.7
Maryland	5.3	7.5	27.3	30.2	29.7
Mississippi	0.3	13.6	29.2	24.8	32.2
North Caroli	15.1	1.6	23.6	27.8	31.9
Oklahoma	0.0	13.1	32.0	23.1	31.9
South Caroli	3.2	8.0	24.7	30.2	34.0
Tennessee	0.3	8.7	26.8	26.0	38.2
Texas	6.7	6.1	26.7	26.0	34.4
Virginia	1.3	6.5	24.0	33.1	35.0
West Virgini	1.8	7.6	28.6	28.1	33.9

SOURCES: SREB-State Data Exchange; American Association of University Professors, unpublished data.



**TABLE 71**Distribution of Full-Time Faculty by Sex and Race/Ethnic Group at Public Two-Year Colleges<sup>1</sup>

				Ī					
									ent of
					Percent	t of Total		Black	Faculty
	N	<u>um</u> ber, 19	993-94	Wo	men	Min	orities²	at PBI	or HBI³
	Total	Women	Minorities <sup>2</sup>	1991-92	1993-94	1991-92	1993-94	1991-92	1993-94
United States	96,080	43,351	11,442	43.3	45.1	11.3	11.9		16.8
SREB States SREB States as a	34,232	16,780	4,348	48.3	49.0	12.9	12.7	8.4	16.2
Percent of the U.S.	35.6	38.7	38.0						
Alabama	1,934	963	341	48.5	49.8	11.9	17.6	23.4	54.6
Arkansas	481	247	30	49.4	51.4	7.8	6.2		_
Florida	5,165	2,458	434	45.9	47.6	15.4	8.4	_	_
Georgia	2,593	1,352	340	54.2	52.1	13.8	13.1	_	21.7
Kentucky	na	na	na	52.5	na	7.9	na		
Louisiana	566	329	106	54.9	58.1	25.0	18.7	47.7	55.3
Maryland	1,943	931	261	46.9	47.9	11.3	13.4	_	41.2
Mississippi	2,128	1,238	229	57.4	58.2	11.4	10.8	33.0	20.4
North Carolina	4,267	2,126	458	47.3	49.8	10.4	10.7	_	_
Oklahoma	1,136	521	101	47.6	45.9	9.3	8.9	_	
South Carolina	1,660	868	226	50.4	52.3	12.8	13.6	15.6	12.9
Tennessee	1,501	755	200	48.6	50.3	13.1	13.3	_	23.0
Texas	8,681	3,989	1,419	47.2	46.0	15.6	16.3	8.9	
Virginia	2,012	924	198	43.8	45.9	8.9	9.8	_	
West Virginia	165	79	5	47.1	47.9	4.3	3.0		<del></del>

<sup>&</sup>quot;na" indicates data not reported.

SOURCE: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics data of higher education staff.



<sup>&</sup>quot;--" indicates not applicable. There is no institution of the type in the state.

Includes instruction, research and public service faculty. SREB classifies two-year institutions into two categories. See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on page 157. Only the two-year college category SREB VII is shown here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Minorities" include blacks, Hispanics, Asians, Pacific Islanders, Native Americans and other races.

<sup>3 &</sup>quot;PBI" refers to "Predominantly Black" institutions. "HBI" refers to "Historically Black" institutions. "Predominantly Black" institutions are those in which black students comprise more than 50 percent of total enrollment. "Historically Black" institutions are those founded prior to 1964 as institutions for black students. "Historically Black" institutions are included in the "Predominantly Black" category if, and only if, black students are more than 50 percent of their current enrollment.

TABLE 72
Full-Time Administrators by Sex and Race/Ethnic Group at Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities¹

					Percent	of Total			ent of Faculty
	Nı	umber, 19	93-94	Wo	men	Mine	prities²	at PBI	or HBI³
	Total	Women	Minorities <sup>2</sup>	1991-92	1993-94	1991-92	1993-94	1991-92	1993-94
United States	52,602	19,278	7,325	35.9	36.6	13.0	13.9	27.8	30.8
SREB States SREB States as a	19,496	6,794	3,071	33.4	34.8	13.7	15.8	53.4	53.9
Percent of the U.S.	37.1	35.2	41.9						
Alabama	1,231	379	117	29.7	30.8	10.1	9.5	60.2	44.6
Arkansas	474	157	88	29.2	33.1	14.9	18.6	68.9	76.2
Florida	2,090	732	390	33.1	35.0	11.8	18.7	na	47.2
Georgia	2,224	695	307	29.9	31.3	13.8	13.8	50.8	42.8
Kentucky	1,000	309	80	30.6	30.9	7.5	8.0	35.2	35.2
Louisiana	1,009	373	279	35.2	37.0	18.1	27.7	67.9	76.8
Maryland	802	290	237	33.0	36.2	30.9	29.6	74.6	75.7
Mississippi	463	132	134	30.4	28.5	24.5	28.9	87.1	86.3
North Carolina	1,911	680	328	33.0	35.6	17.2	17.2	62.8	61.8
Oklahoma	980	368	113	36.3	37.6	10.8	11.5	44.4	39.6
South Carolina	798	235	72	24.3	29.4	8.5	9.0	43.9	45.9
Tennessee	933	298		31.2	31.9	10.9	13.2	24.3	24.3
Texas	2,750	987	493	36.3	35.9	13.5	17.9	44.4	61.6
Virginia	1,965	815	256	39.1	41.5	12.7	13.0	40.5	33.6
West Virginia	866	344		39.4	39.7	6.2	6.2	25.0	28.2

<sup>&</sup>quot;na" indicates data not available.

SOURCE: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics data of higher education staff.



<sup>1</sup> SREB classifies four-year colleges and universities into six categories. See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on page 157.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Refers to blacks, Hispanics, Asians, Pacific Islanders, Native Americans and other races.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> "PBI" refers to "Predominantly Black" institutions. "HBI" refers to "Historically Black" institutions. "Predominantly Black" institutions are those in which black students comprise more than 50 percent of total enrollment. "Historically Black" institutions are those founded prior to 1964 as institutions for black students. "Historically Black" institutions are included in the "Predominantly Black" category if, and only if, black students are more than 50 percent of their current enrollment.

SREB continuously monitors the availability of new comparative data and publishes the *SREB Fact Book Bulletin* containing updated and expanded information. SREB data is also available on the internet. http://www.peach.net/SREB



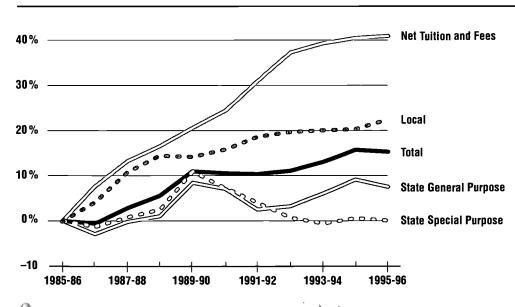
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## **Funds for Higher Education**

Colleges, universities and their supporting student aid, coordinating and governing agencies are big business in the SREB states. Over \$16.3 billion of tax revenues will be spent in 1996-97 for their operating expenses — up 4.2 percent from the previous year. Over the past five years, both nationally and in the SREB region, the growth in state tax funds for higher education was the lowest of any five-year period since the mid-1970s.

All told, over the past 10 years, inflation-adjusted higher education funding from state appropriations and tuition and fees rose 11 percent nationally and 16 percent in the SREB region. At the same time, demand for higher education was rising: full-time-equivalent enrollment rose 16 percent nationally and 26 percent in the SREB region. State appropriations for general purpose programs at public colleges and universities (instruction and public service) were basically unchanged nationally, but rose 8 percent in the SREB region. State appropriations for special purpose programs (research, agriculture and medicine) fell 4 percent nationally, but remained unchanged in the SREB region. Revenues from tuition and fees (revenues collected from tuition and fees minus state-funded student financial aid) rose 36 percent nationally and 42 percent in the SREB region.

# Changes in Sources of Revenues for Public Colleges and Universities, SREB States (adjusted for inflation)



: D. Kent Halstead, State Profiles: Financing Public Higher Education.

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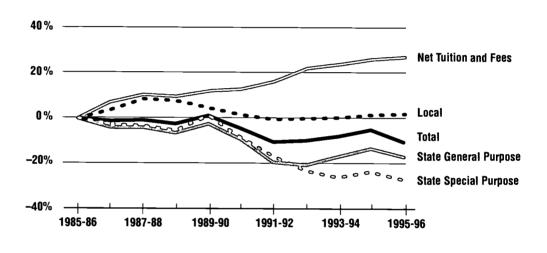
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# **Per-Student Funding**

Adjusting for enrollment growth as well as for inflation alters this picture of growth. Total per student funding when adjusted for inflation, fell 6 percent nationally and 9 percent in the SREB region. State general purpose appropriations for instruction and public service on a per full-time-equivalent student basis fell 14 percent both nationally and in the SREB region. On a per student basis, state special purpose appropriations for research, agriculture and medicine fell 17 percent in the nation and 21 percent in the SREB region. Net revenues from tuition and fees rose 35 percent nationally and 36 percent in the SREB region.

# Change in Revenues Per Full-Time-Equivalent Student Public Colleges and Universities, SREB States (adjusted for inflation)

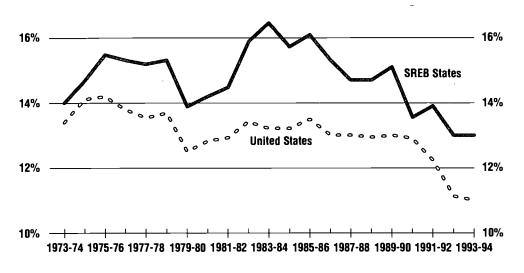


SOURCE: D. Kent Halstead, State Profiles: Financing Public Higher Education.

In contrast to the previous 20 years, by the early 1990s the proportion of state taxes appropriated to higher education institutions and agencies was lower both nationally and in the SREB region. Nine SREB states (Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia and West Virginia) appropriated smaller proportions of state taxes to higher education than in the early 1970s.



# Higher Education-Related Appropriations as a Percent of State Taxes

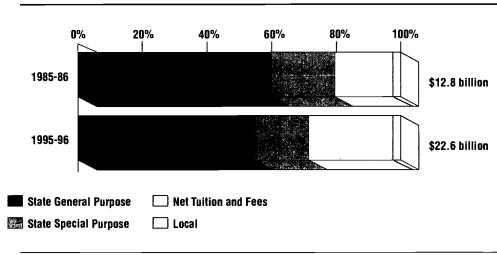


SOURCES: Center for Higher Education, Illinois State University; U.S. Bureau of the Census.

## A Changing Mixture of Revenue for Higher Education

As the growth in revenues from state governments for public higher education slowed, tuition revenues replaced them. In the mid-1980s, net tuition revenues were 20 percent of the unrestricted revenues nationally and 18 percent in the SREB region. By the mid-1990s, tuition was 28 percent of unrestricted revenues nationally and 26 percent in the SREB region. In the SREB region, the proportion of higher education budgets from state general purpose funds fell from 60 percent to 55 percent. The proportion from state special purpose funds fell from 20 percent to 17 percent.

# A Changing Mixture of Revenue for Higher Education, SREB States



SOURCE: D. Kent Hatstead, State Profiles: Financing Public Higher Education.



## **Revenues and Expenditures**

Higher education is a billion dollar annual investment in 14 of 15 SREB states — totaling \$51.9 billion in the SREB region when both public and private colleges and universities are counted. Since the early 1980s, total revenues for the region's public two-year colleges grew faster (125 percent) than those of public four-year colleges and universities (110 percent). In private four-year colleges and universities, the growth was 147 percent.

Spending patterns within colleges and universities for the major functions of instruction, research, public service, academic and administrative support (including libraries), plant operation and maintenance, and scholarships and fellowships, tend to change slowly over time. From the early 1980s to the early 1990s, significant shifts in spending have occurred in public four-year colleges and universities in every SREB state. Two- and four-year colleges and universities are spending proportionately less on instruction, academic and administrative support, and building operations and maintenance, and more on research, public service, and scholarships and fellowships for students. Spending for instruction fell, on average, from 42 percent of educational and general expenditures to 39 percent; spending for research efforts rose from 13 to 16 percent; spending for public service rose from 6.8 to 7.1 percent; academic and administrative support fell from 22 to 21 percent; spending for building operation and maintenance fell from 11 to 8 percent; and spending for scholarships and fellowships rose from 5 to 7 percent.

In public two-year colleges, spending for instruction fell in 11 of 15 SREB states, on average, from 48 to 45 percent; spending for academic and administrative support fell from 31 to 29 percent; building operation and maintenance fell from 12 to 9 percent; and spending for scholarships and fellowships for students increased from 7 percent of educational and general expenditures to 12 percent.

In the SREB states, federal support for research and development in colleges and universities exceeds \$3.2 billion. Twenty-nine universities in the region (21 public and 8 private) are among the nation's top 100 recipients of federal support for research and development — down from a total of 35 (27 public and 8 private) in the top 100 in 1990.



 TABLE 73

 Appropriations of State Tax Funds for Higher Education-Related Operating Expenses

	Appropriations			Percent Change	+	
	1996-97 (000s)	1995-96 to 1996-97	1976-77 to 1981-82	1981-82 to 1986-87	1986-87 to 1991-92	1991-92 to 1996-97
United States	\$46,507,624	4.8	64.9	40.7	24.0	16.0
SREB States	16,315,527	4.2	83.6	35.2	25.3	23.6
SREB States as a						
Percent of the U.S.	35.1					
Alabama	962,449	0.5	40.0	67.8	29.5	17.5
Arkansas	472,467	2.8	60.1	47.0	41.6	23.3
Florida	2,016,909	10.2	84.5	59.4	12.9	39.7
Georgia	1,302,566	6.5	87.8	43.2	22.5	49.0
Kentucky	706,655	4.3	65.0	35.1	39.3	10.5
Louisiana	645,904	8.8	112.2	9.9	17.9	9.6
Maryland	850,040	3.8	57.6	47.7	25.7	18.6
Mississippi	669,000	1.5	95.2	8.5	20.8	69.7
North Carolina	1,852,013	5.3	85.9	54.5	23.3	28.1
Oklahoma	616,700	12.0	113.8	17.9	41.3	13.7
South Carolina	698,488	2.7	71.7	39.7	21.0	14.5
Tennessee	934,487	3.3	72.3	69.6	9.3	37.6
	33.,.31	0.0	'2.0	00.0	5.0	01.0
Texas	3,175,774	-1.8	107.4	3.3	43.4	12.5
Virginia	1,071,897	9.3	72.1	65.8	6.7	11.3
West Virginia	340,178	4.0	54.0	25.8	17.5	19.7

NOTES: State appropriations exclude dollars for capital outlay and debt service. Also excluded are monies from sources other than state tax funds, including all monies from federal sources, local sources and student fees. The amounts include funds for medical and health programs, state-level student financial aid programs, state funds for private higher education, and state funds for higher education coordinating or governing boards.

SOURCES: Edward R. Hines, "Appropriations of State Tax Funds for Operating Expenses of Higher Education, 1976-77" (unpublished revisions) (March 1989), Center for Higher Education, Illinois State University; State Higher Education Appropriations, 1981-82 (1991-92) and 1991-92 (1993-94) (Denver, CO: State Higher Education Executive Officers); and "1996-97" [Online] http://coe.ilstu.edu/grapevine (October 1996).

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**TABLE 74**Changes in Sources of Revenues for Public Colleges and Universities

Percent Change in Inflation-Adjusted Higher Education Operating Revenue Per Full-Time-Equivalent Student, 1985-86 to 1995-96

		ruii- iiiiie-Equi	valent Student, 196	5-00 W 1335-30	
_		State General	State Special		Net
		Purpose	Purpose	Local	Tuition
	Total	Funds	Funds	Funds	and Fees
United States	-6.1	-13.9	-16.7	12.0	35.0
SREB States	-9.1	-14.3	-20.7	2.0	36.1
Alabama	-18.6	-33.0	-12.0	-75.6	42.0
Arkansas	-7.5	-16.4	-8.8	_	41.9
Florida	-34.1	-31.7	-53.5	_	-10.7
Georgia	2.3	4.3	-8.6	-19.9	24.9
Kentucky	-16.7	-28.0	-8.7	-	20.6
Louisiana	-19.7	-30.9	-38.8	_	48.5
Maryland	4.3	-8.8	8.5	13.6	38.4
Mississippi	12.5	21.8	-10.8	2.8	37.9
North Carolina	-6.6	-10.2	-15.5	14.1	54.4
Oklahoma	-11.8	-24.6	-15.9	7.9	88.2
South Carolina	-11.0	-23.6	-25.7	13.8	48.1
Tennessee	-11.1	-13.8	-14.6	_	13.4
Texas	5.0	2.8	-9.1	16.9	53.9
Virginia	-13.9	-24.4	-57.9	-22.1	47.8
West Virginia	-3.3	-24.0	-0.3	_	62.0

<sup>&</sup>quot;--" indicates not applicable. There is no local funding.



TABLE 74 (cont.)

		<b>S</b> <sup>1</sup>	ng Revenue	ion Operati	gher Educat	ercent of Hi	P	
	et	No			pecial	State S	ieneral	State G
	ion	Tuit	cal	Lo	ose	Purp	ose	Purp
	Fees	and l	nds	Fur	ıds	Fur	ıds	Fu
	1995-96	1985-86	1995-96	1985-86	1995-96	1985-86	1995-96	1985-86
United States	27.9	20.0	6.2	5.4	11.8	13.7	54.1	60.9
SREB States	25.7	17.7	2.6	2.4	16.8	19.8	54.9	60.0
Alabama	30.2	17.8	0.2	0.6	19.3	18.5	50.3	63.1
Arkansas	26.2	17.7	0.0	0.0	19.6	20.5	54.1	61.8
Florida	20.8	15.9	0.0	0.0	11.3	16.6	67.9	67.6
Georgia	20.3	17.2	0.4	0.6	14.3	16.6	64.9	65.7
Kentucky	28.2	20.1	0.0	0.0	23.1	21.8	48.7	58.2
Louisiana	35.4	19.7	0.0	0.0	17.5	23.7	47.2	56.6
Maryland	32.0	24.9	10.1	9.6	14.9	14.8	43.0	50.7
Mississippi	25.1	21.1	3.4	3.8	19.8	25.8	51.8	49.3
North Carolina	16.8	10.5	3.9	3.3	16.8	19.2	62.5	67.1
Oklahoma	24.2	11.7	2.0	1.7	19.9	21.5	54.0	65.1
South Carolina	34.3	21.3	2.2	1.8	17.9	22.1	45.6	54.8
Tennessee	25.4	20.5	0.0	0.0	13.8	14.8	60.8	64.7
Texas	21.3	15.0	5.7	5.3	20.6	24.5	52.4	55.2
Virginia	41.7	25.1	0.7	0.8	7.0	14.7	50.7	59.5
West Virginia	34.9	21.5	0.0	0.0	22.0	22.0	43.1	56.5

Public higher education operating funds are the sum of (1) state general purpose operating appropriations (total state operating appropriations minus state special purpose operating appropriations); (2) state special purpose operating appropriations (funds for research, agriculture and medicine); (3) local operating appropriations; and (4) net tuition revenues (total tuition revenues minus state student aid).

SOURCE: D. Kent Halstead. State Profiles: Financing Public Higher Education 1978 to 1996 (1996) (Washington, DC: Research Associates of Washington).



SREB Fact Book 1996/1997

TABLE 75
State and Local General Operating Appropriations'
Per Full-Time-Equivalent Student at Public Colleges and Universities

	Total General Appropriations	Appro	by Type of	Time-Equivalent Stu Institution <sup>2</sup>	ıdent
	1995-96 (000s)	All Four-Year	SKER F	our-Year II	111
SREB States	\$12,335,923	\$4,857	\$6,047	\$4,851	\$4,221
Alabama	645,314	4,103	5,076	3,338	3,962
Arkansas	324,729	4,657	5,725	<del>-</del>	4,404
Florida	1,650,461	6,149	6,531	5,464	5,574
Georgia	1,058,911	5,442	7,452	6,791	3,920
Kentucky	424,434	4,251	4,469	5,156	3,992
Louisiana	485,239	3,067	4,647	2,736	3,057
Maryland	715,860	6,263	9,152	5,325	_
Mississippi	417,333	4,762	4,890	4,731	4,577
North Carolina	1,317,822	6,267	7,734	5,380	5,340
Oklahoma	417,891	3,938	5,150	_	2,443
South Carolina <sup>3</sup>	480,492	4,613	5,944	5,414	4,144
Tennessee⁴	704,342	5,223	6,773	5,498	4,356
Texas <sup>5</sup>	2,818,825	5,168	6,158	5,058	4,146
Virginia	722,491	3,814	4,232	3,921	2,739
West Virginia <sup>6</sup>	212,834	3,785	4,158		3,410

<sup>&</sup>quot;--" indicates not applicable. There is no public institution of this type in the state.

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<sup>&</sup>quot;na" indicates data not available.

¹ These figures represent operating appropriations of state and local tax funds for educational and general purposes including staff benefits. Local tax funds are provided only to Two-Year VII institutions in Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Texas, South Carolina and Virginia, and to Two-Year VIII institutions in Georgia. Dollars appropriated for capital outlay and debt service, non-instructional community service activities, cooperative extension and experiment stations, medicine and health professions education programs including teaching hospitals and schools of veterinary medicine, statewide student financial aid programs, amounts for statewide coordinating and governing boards, and funds for private higher education institutions are excluded.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Public Colleges and Universities by Category on page 157. Total full-time-equivalent (FTE) enrollment is the sum of undergraduate credit-hour FTE, undergraduate contact-hour FTE, and graduate credit hour FTE. Undergraduate credit-hour FTE equals undergraduate credit hours divided by 15. Undergraduate contact-hour FTE equals weekly contact hours divided by 30. Graduate FTE equals graduate credit hours (including law) divided by 12.

# TABLE 75 (cont.)

Appropriations Per Full-Time-Equivalent Student
by Type of Institution <sup>2</sup>

ar Institutions VIII \$4,426	SREB Two-Ye VII	VI	SREB Four-Year	
	VII	WI		
\$4 426		VI	v	IV
Ψ1,120	\$3,343	\$4,093	\$3,911	\$3,820
4,293	2,417	2,608	3,912	3,054
na	4,025	4,423	3,848	_
na	2,752		_	5,915
4,278	3,725	3,964	3,914	3,655
na		·	2,823	3,895
na	2,252	· —	2,507	2,242
_	3,905	7,163	5,192	4,393
		5,162	4,522	· —
_	4,652	7,503	6,528	4,652
na	5,855	2,801	3,084	3,143
		·	3,971	2,735
5,559	3,340	· <del>-</del>	4,521	4,853
_	3.439	3,761	7,379	4,182
	·	· ·	·	3,082
na	2,734	3,339	<u> </u>	· —
na na 4,278 na na na — — — — — — 5,559 — — — —		4,025 2,752 3,725 2,319 2,252 3,905 4,329 4,652 5,855 3,397 3,340 3,439 2,485	4,423       4,025         —       2,752         3,964       3,725         7,587       2,319         —       2,252         7,163       3,905         5,162       4,329         7,503       4,652         2,801       5,855         3,454       3,397         —       3,340         3,761       3,439         3,269       2,485	3,848       4,423       4,025         —       2,752         3,914       3,964       3,725         2,823       7,587       2,319         2,507       —       2,252         5,192       7,163       3,905         4,522       5,162       4,329         6,528       7,503       4,652         3,084       2,801       5,855         3,971       3,454       3,397         4,521       —       3,340         7,379       3,761       3,439         3,191       3,269       2,485

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> In South Carolina, a portion of tuition and fees revenues are dedicated to debt retirement. Since most of the other SREB states can use these revenues for operating expenses, higher levels of state appropriations result, and the figures reported above may overstate state support per student to some extent.

SOURCE: SREB-State Data Exchange, 1995-96.

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<sup>\*</sup> Tennessee appropriations include amounts for Centers of Excellence, Centers of Emphasis, Vocational Improvements, Instruction and Research Equipment, and interest income from the Chairs of Excellence programs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The data for Texas include general revenue funds used to match employee contributions to the state retirement plans, the available "university fund" amounts used for current operations at three universities and overhead on sponsored research. The data for Texas exclude "higher education assistance fund" amounts not used for current operations.

In West Virginia, approximately one-fourth of regular student fees (\$33 million) are dedicated by law to capital improvements. Since most of the other SREB states can use these revenues for operating expenses, higher levels of state appropriations result, and the figures reported above may overstate state support per student to some extent.

**TABLE 76**Revenues for Current Operations<sup>1</sup>

	F	Public Higher	Education		Pi	ivate Highe	r Education	
	1993-9	4 (000s)		Increase o 1993-94	1993-94	l (000s)	Percent 1983-84 to	•
	Four-Year	Two-Year	Four-Year	Two-Year	Four-Year	Two-Year	Four-Year	Two-Year
United States	\$93,361,610	\$21,904,209	103.8	114.5	\$65,332,306	\$1,947,344	121.5	90.9
SREB States SREB States as a	30,962,765	6,695,135	110.1	125.4	13,859,178	375,457	146.6	31.1
Percent of the U.S.	33.2	30.6			21.2	19.3		
Alabama	2,328,146	374,448	134.2	235.7	306,993	11,500	107.3	-17.3
Arkansas	982,578	96,647	134.9	174.0	133,605	3,357	117.2	-69.2
Florida	2,392,500	1,177,185	130.9	123.6	1,657,557	50,677	160.2	66.2
Georgia	2,139,268	437,840	117.0	323.7	1,717,186	50,533	193.0	35.7
Kentucky	1,564,944	156,885	93.8	215.7	322,554	26,923	126.1	-26.9
Louisiana	1,837,138	100,486	97.4	167.4	768,271	8,082	138.3	327.8
Maryland	1,571,432	465,772	113.3	95.9	1,741,739	14,122	136.1	169.9
Mississippi	998,423	288,156	87.0	95.8	121,016	9,189	122.5	-22.1
North Carolina	2,685,633	697,870	121.7	119.8	2,256,866	31,504	232.3	-46.0
Oklahoma	1,088,641	239,474	63.5	116.1	273,527	24,474	71.0	130.7
South Carolina	1,691,331	283,298	160.9	119.2	316,786	17,686	95.1	-10.3
Tennessee	1,746,391	284,482	131.0	127.7	1,429,661	23,370	132.1	-15.8
Texas	6,249,276	1,690,461	90.4	101.1	1,847,869	49,562	102.8	352.7
Virginia	3,021,140	372,292	127.7	108.6	812,221	45,287	140.2	631.8
West Virginia	665,925	29,839	64.8	50.4	153,328	9,191	143.5	104.0

<sup>1</sup> Total current funds revenue.



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BUDGETS

**TABLE 77**Current Operating Expenditures<sup>1</sup>

		Public Higher	Education		P	rivate Highe	r Education	
•		4 (000s)	Percent	Increase to 1993-94	1993-94	1 (000s)		Increase o 1993-94
	Four-Year	Two-Year	Four-Yea	r Two-Year	Four-Year	Two-Year	Four-Year	Two-Year
United States	\$92,607,065	\$21,518,306	107.9	114.9	\$64,901,648	\$1,800,209	126.9	91.4
SREB States SREB States as a	30,647,004	6,620,817	114.4	128.8	13,728,962	364,623	153.2	34.8
Percent of the U.S.	33.1	30.8			21.2	20.3		
Alabama	2,322,638	372,295	142.7	221.0	301,436	10,873	109.0	-25.7
Arkansas	982,494	95,783	141.3	180.6	134,276	4,139	118.4	-57.5
Florida	2,387,787	1,187,449	133.3	128.3	1,621,852	48,292	163.4	97.2
Georgia	2,110,879	431,549	116.1	325.7	1,670,585	49,611	205.3	40.3
Kentucky	1,529,939	156,038	95.8	222.2	320,750	28,221	135.4	-20.5
Louisiana	1,840,997	99,414	102.0	170.1	757,731	7,734	146.3	373.0
Maryland	1,584,029	460,153	129.4	92.9	1,730,419	11,150	140.6	166.0
Mississippi	1,002,545	284,000	93.3	95.2	121,547	10,752	122.2	3.2
North Carolina	2,649,077	662,249	126.9	114.8	2,242,533	31,257	228.5	-45.3
Oklahoma	1,044,996	232,410	62.9	118.5	275,371	27,680	67.9	187.0
South Carolina	1,548,968	282,885	141.1	125.5	314,817	17,865	90.4	-7.5
Tennessee	1,748,718	285,712	135.9	124.7	1,432,155	20,232	151.8	-27.0
Texas	6,204,655	1,669,153	98.9	111.8	1,857,270	45,330	114.4	333.9
Virginia	3,015,071	371,705	129.5	107.7	796,090	43,397	145.6	631.3
West Virginia	674,211	30,022	69.2	58.7	152,131	8,089	131.8	86.5

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Total current funds expenditures.



**TABLE 78**Percent Distribution of Educational and General Revenues<sup>1</sup> at Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities

			199	3-94		
	Tuition			Gover	nment	
	and	Approp	riations	Contracts	& Grants	AII
	Fees	State	Local	Federal	Other	Other <sup>2</sup>
United States	23.0	41.7	0.3	15.9	3.4	15.7
SREB States	19.9	45.6	0.1	14.8	3.6	16.0
Alabama	20.6	41.8	0.3	17.6	2.3	17.5
Arkansas	20.1	49.6	0.0	14.2	3.8	12.3
Florida	16.1	51.0	0.0	14.0	5.1	13.7
Georgia	18.8	51.7	0.6	14.8	2.7	11.5
Kentucky	21.0	48.1	0.5	11.8	2.8	15.9
Louisiana	24.1	38.9	0.0	12.5	6.1	18.4
Maryland	26.5	41.0	0.0	17.0	4.3	11.2
Mississippi	22.0	42.9	0.3	20.6	2.2	12.0
North Carolina	13.9	52.6	0.0	16.6	2.1	14.8
Oklahoma	19.0	47.1	0.0	15.8	6.4	11.7
South Carolina	26.2	44.2	0.0	13.7	1.5	14.4
Tennessee	19.5	49.0	0.2	13.2	3.6	14.6
Texas	14.6	44.9	0.0	13.8	3.8	22.9
Virginia	32.4	34.6	0.0	15.7	3.6	13.6
West Virginia	26.8	47.7	0.1	13.8	3.8	7.8

<sup>&#</sup>x27;"Educational and General Revenues" consist of total revenues for current operations as shown in Table 76 minus revenues from auxiliary enterprises, hospitals and independent operations. Auxiliary enterprises include those essentially self-supporting operations which exist to furnish a service to students, faculty or staff, and which charge a fee that is directly related to, although not necessarily equal to, the cost of the service. Examples are residence halls, food services, college stores and intercollegiate athletics. In the 1986-87 financial reporting, the amount for gifts, grants, appropriations, research revenues and endowment income used for hospitals, which were previously reported under state appropriations, began to be reported under hospitals.



TABLE 78 (cont.)

			3-84	198		
	All		Govern	riations	A	Tuition
	All Other²	& Grants Other	Contracts Federal	riations Local	State	and Fees
United States	14.6	2.0	13.7	0.4	51.6	17.6
SREB States	13.4	2.1	12.1	0.1	58.3	14.1
Alabama	14.0	1.4	15.5	0.6	50.9	17.5
Arkansas	17.1	2.0	12.0	0.0	53.1	15.8
Florida	9.2	3.5	12.0	0.0	64.3	11.0
Georgia	9.9	1.9	14.8	0.7	58.8	13.9 <sup>·</sup>
Kentucky	13.8	3.3	8.9	0.4	58.9	14.7
Louisiana	11.3	2.9	9.4	0.0	61.2	15.2
Maryland	5.5	1.9	16.5	0.0	53.8	22.2
Mississippi	11.0	3.0	13.7	0.6	55.6	16.2
North Carolin	17.2	1.4	13.9	0.0	56.1	11.4
Oklahoma	10.8	1.8	12.9	0.0	62.5	12.0
South Carolin	10.7	0.4	10.3	0.0	60.8	17.8
Tennessee	12.1	2.0	13.5	0.0	52.8	19.6
Texas	18.5	1.6	9.2	0.0	62.7	7.9
Virginia	10.9	1.6	14.7	0.0	49.1	23.7
West Virginia	11.4	4.4	11.9	0.0	55.1	17.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "All Other" includes federal appropriations (other than contracts and grants); private gifts, grants and contracts; endowment income; sales and services of educational activities; and other miscellaneous sources.



**TABLE 79**Percent Distribution of Educational and General Revenues<sup>1</sup> at Public Two-Year Colleges

	1993-94								
	Tuition			Gover	nment	-			
	and	Approp	riations	Contracts	& Grants	All			
	Fees	State	Local	Federal	Other	Other			
United States	21.2	37.6	18.5	12.9	4.8	5.0			
SREB States	21.1	48.3	8.4	15.5	2.7	4.0			
Alabama	23.1	48.4	0.2	19.5	2.6	6.2			
Arkansas	19.3	48.1	2.7	16.6	9.8	3.5			
Florida	24.5	54.1	0.4	14.4	2.7	3.9			
Georgia	19.2	54.8	1.9	12.3	7.2	4.6			
Kentucky	23.7	48.2	0.1	20.2	5.3	2.6			
Louisiana	27.9	44.0	2.2	21.1	1.5	3.4			
Maryland	31.4	24.3	27.8	11.2	1.9	3.4			
Mississippi	19.0	36.9	10.0	23.1	6.7	4.2			
North Carolina	11.2	64.5	11.2	9.6	0.6	2.8			
Oklahoma	18.1	49.6	7.3	17.7	1.8	5.6			
South Carolina	23.4	46.6	8.4	18.7	8.0	2.2			
Tennessee	21.0	51.2	0.0	23.8	8.0	3.2			
Texas	17.4	44.4	15.6	15.3	2.0	5.2			
Virginia	31.6	47.8	0.3	15.6	2.8	1.8			
West Virginia	26.7	45.0	0.0	20.4	5.1	2.8			

<sup>&</sup>quot;Educational and General Revenues" consist of total revenues for current operations as shown in Table 76 minus revenues from auxiliary enterprises, hospitals and independent operations. Auxiliary enterprises include those essentially self-supporting operations which exist to furnish a service to students, faculty or staff, and which charge a fee that is directly related to, although not necessarily equal to, the cost of the service. Examples are residence halls, food services, college stores and intercollegiate athletics. In the 1986-87 financial reporting, the amounts for gifts, grants, appropriations, research revenues and endowment income used for hospitals, which were previously reported under state appropriations, began to be reported under hospitals.



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TABLE 79 (cont.)

			3-84	198		
	All		Government Ons Contracts & Grants		Approp	Tuition and
	- Other²	Other	Federal	Local	State	Fees
United States	5.0	2.7	9.4	17.5	47.5	17.9
SREB States	4.7	1.9	10.2	7.8	59.2	16.3
Alabama	5.6	0.7	16.2	0.3	58.2	19.0
Arkansas	3.3	2.6	16.2	0.0	58.9	18.9
Florida	4.0	1.6	8.9	0.0	64.8	20.7
Georgia	2.9	2.9	9.3	4.6	57.4	22.9
Kentucky	0.7	2.5	15.2	0.3	61.3	19.9
Louisiana	1.3	1.5	11.8	2.3	66.6	16.4
Maryland	3.3	1.3	9.4	27.0	33.9	25.1
Mississippi	8.0	4.6	16.1	12.5	43.1	15.7
North Carolina	1.7	8.0	6.6	11.2	73.3	6.4
Oklahoma	2.3	0.6	10.1	3.7	71.4	12.1
South Carolina	4.7	1.2	20.3	7.5	47.9	18.5
Tennessee	5.9	1.3	24.8	0.3	52.2	15.5
Texas	7.4	2.7	6.4	11.1	60.5	11.9
Virginia	1.5	0.9	11.6	0.0	62.4	23.6
West Virginia	5.4	3.6	11.0	0.0	61.0	19.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "All Other" includes federal appropriations (other than contracts and grants); private gifts, grants and contracts; endowment income; sales and services of educational activities; and other sources.

TABLE 80

Percent Distribution of Educational and General Expenditures' at Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities

_	1993-94								
	Instruction	Research	Public Service	Academic and Administrative Support <sup>2</sup>	Plant Operation and Maintenance	Scholarships and Fellowships	All Other³		
United States	37.0	15.6	6.1	22.6	7.5	7.6	3.6		
SREB States	38.7	15.7	7.1	21.0	7.5	7.3	2.7		
Alabama	35.5	16.0	9.0	21.9	7.2	6.0	4.4		
Arkansas	35.5	12.9	7.5	20.9	7.6	10.8	4.9		
Florida	37.4	19.8	6.1	24.2	6.3	6.0	0.2		
Georgia	36.6	20.3	7.2	21.7	8.1	6.1	0.0		
Kentucky	35.2	10.3	11.5	21.7	6.7	7.7	6.9		
Louisiana	36.9	14.5	9.6	21.2	7.2	9.5	1.1		
Maryland	36.3	19.2	3.9	21.6	8.2	6.4	4.4		
Mississippi	35.2	16.2	7.5	21.8	7.0	10.0	2.1		
North Carolina	39.7	14.4	10.4	18.8	8.2	7.6	8.0		
Oklahoma	38.6	14.5	9.3	19.9	7.3	10.5	-0.1		
South Carolina	40.0	14.4	8.9	21.4	8.2	5.6	1.4		
Tennessee	43.0	12.6	7.4	22.7	6.9	6.4	0.9		
Texas	41.8	15.7	4.9	18.1	7.9	6.4	5.2		
Virginia	39.8	16.0	4.7	23.6	6.8	8.8	0.3		
West Virginia	36.3	10.8	6.5	22.0	9.3	9.1	5.9		

<sup>&</sup>quot;Educational and General Expenditures" consists of current operating expenditures as shown in Table 77 minus the expenditures of auxiliary enterprises, hospitals and independent operations. Auxiliary enterprises include those essentially self-supporting operations which exist to furnish a service to students, faculty or staff, and which charge a fee that is directly related to, although not necessarily equal to, the cost of the service. Examples are residence halls, food services, college stores and intercollegiate athletics.

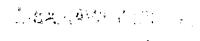


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Academic and Administrative Support" includes academic support, student services and institutional support.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> "All Other" consists of education and general mandatory and non-mandatory transfers.

TABLE 80 (cont.)

				1983-84			
	All Other³	Scholarships and Fellowships	Plant Operation and Maintenance	Academic and Administrative Support <sup>2</sup>	Public Service	Research	Instruction
United States	1.3	5.9	10.1	23.5	5.5	13.1	40.6
SREB States	1.4	5.2	10.5	21.6	6.8	12.7	42.0
Alabama	1.4	5.5	9.0	22.5	9.2	11.5	41.0
Arkansas	1.7	8.3	9.3	22.2	8.0	10.3	40.2
Florida	0.2	4.2	8.6	23.7	4.6	16.7	42.1
Georgia	0.0	3.2	9.3	24.3	7.9	17.8	37.5
Kentucky	4.5	5.6	9.3	25.0	8.9	8.8	37.9
Louisiana	0.6	6.7	10.5	23.4	9.9	11.0	37.9
Maryland	0.5	6.2	11.8	22.1	3.1	15.2	41.1
Mississippi	0.8	10.4	8.3	19.8	8.7	13.5	38.7
North Carolina	2.4	6.0	9.2	17.1	11.6	13.3	42.7
Oklahoma	0.1	5.5	11.0	14.2	7.6	13.5	48.2
South Carolina	0.5	4.8	10.5	22.9	10.5	10.1	40.7
Tennessee	0.4	6.5	10.1	24.3	3.8	6.9	48.1
Texas	2.0	3.5	13.7	19.5	4.2	12.7	44.5
Virginia	0.3	5.4	8.5	24.2	5.5	12.8	43.3
West Virginia	7.0	6.9	11.1	24.4	5.0	7.4	38.3





**TABLE 81**Percent Distribution of Educational and General Expenditures<sup>1</sup> at Public Two-Year Colleges

		-		1993-94			
	Instruction	Research	Public Service	Academic and Administrative Support <sup>2</sup>	Plant Operation and Maintenance	Scholarships and Fellowships	All Other³
United States	44.8	0.1	2.1	30.6	9.3	11.4	1.6
SREB States	45.3	0.1	2.0	29.4	9.3	12.3	1.6
Alabama	40.0	1.5	0.5	27.3	8.1	17.8	4.7
Arkansas	41.2	0.0	1.9	31.3	8.1	13.8	3.8
Florida	43.5	0.0	8.0	33.9	9.3	12.0	0.5
Georgia	49.4	0.0	0.3	27.8	9.6	12.9	0.0
Kentucky	40.8	0.0	5.6	17.6	6.4	20.9	8.6
Louisiana	45.3	0.3	0.5	26.5	9.9	17.5	0.1
Maryland	45.5	0.0	0.2	33.9	10.3	9.5	0.6
Mississippi	48.7	0.0	0.6	22.5	10.2	17.7	0.3
North Carolina	53.6	0.0	0.6	29.2	8.9	7.5	0.3
Oklahoma	44.2	0.1	1.2	26.6	9.9	17.5	0.5
South Carolina	43.3	0.0	0.6	35.3	8.3	10.8	1.7
Tennessee	45.8	0.0	9.6	24.1	6.4	12.1	2.0
Texas	43.7	0.1	3.8	28.0	10.7	10.9	2.9
Virginia	47.1	0.0	0.5	31.5	7.3	13.3	0.3
West Virginia	35.9	0.0	1.2	32.4	8.2	19.0	3.3

<sup>&</sup>quot;Educational and General Expenditures" consists of current operating expenditures as shown in Table 77 minus the expenditures of auxiliary enterprises, hospitals and independent operations. Auxiliary enterprises include those essentially self-supporting operations which exist to furnish a service to students, faculty or staff, and which charge a fee that is directly related to, although not necessarily equal to, the cost of the service. Examples are residence halls, food services, college stores and intercollegiate athletics.





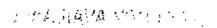
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Academic and Administrative Support" includes academic support, student services, and institutional support.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> "All Other" consists of education and general mandatory and non-mandatory transfers.

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TABLE 81 (cont.)

				1983-84			
	All Other³	Scholarships and Fellowships	Plant Operation and Maintenance	Academic and Administrative Support <sup>2</sup>	Public Service	Research	Instruction
United States	1.4	7.4	11.5	29.9	1.6	0.2	48.0
SREB States	1.0	7.0	11.8	31.2	1.3	0.1	47.6
Alabama	1.5	10.5	10.4	28.6	1.0	0.0	48.0
Arkansas	0.5	12.6	10.3	34.1	1.4	0.2	41.0
Florida	0.2	7.1	11.7	35.4	0.5	0.0	45.1
Georgia	0.0	6.6	12.9	37.5	0.5	0.0	42.4
Kentucky	5.5	12.3	9.7	26.5	4.2	0.0	41.8
Louisiana	1.2	7.4	16.7	30.4	3.3	0.4	40.6
Maryland	0.2	7.2	11.7	33.1	1.2	0.0	46.6
Mississippi	0.5	12.9	12.6	24.3	0.3	0.0	49.4
North Carolin	0.1	4.1	9.9	31.5	8.0	0.1	53.6
Oklahoma	0.1	8.7	13.4	23.0	1.5	0.0	53.3
South Carolin	5.2	7.3	12.5	30.9	0.3	0.0	43.8
Tennessee	0.6	7.3	8.3	25.1	5.7	0.0	53.0
Texas	1.8	5.6	13.6	29.9	1.7	0.2	47.3
Virginia	0.0	7.5	8.5	34.1	0.2	0.0	49.7
West Virginia	0.0	10.4	14.0	30.9	1.3	0.0	43.6



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**TABLE 82**Higher Education-Related State Appropriations As a Percent of State Taxes

	1973-74	1978-79	1983-84	1988-89	1993-94
United States	13.3	13.7	13.2	12.9	11.0
SREB States	14.0	15.3	16.4	14.7	13.0
Alabama	17.6	18.8	16.6	21.2	18.7
Arkansas	12.5	14.1	12.8	14.3	13.2
Florida	13.1	12.5	13.1	11.8	8.9
Georgia	15.0	14.2	14.4	12.8	11.8
Kentucky	11.4	13.1	14.3	12.9	11.1
_ouisiana	11.7	12.5	16.1	12.2	13.0
Maryland	10.8	11.1	11.1	11.3	9.9
Mississippi	15.5	18.1	19.9	18.4	13.8
North Carolina	16.1	17.9	18.7	18.0	15.5
Oklahoma	12.2	13.0	14.6	12.5	12.6
South Carolina	16.3	17.4	16.5	15.5	13.9
Tennessee	14.0	17.0	16.2	16.9	14.5
Texas	15.5	18.2	23.2	16.1	16.4
Virginia	13.5	16.6	15.2	15.6	11.8
West Virginia	12.5	12.9	11.7	13.3	11.6

NOTES: State appropriations exclude dollars for capital outlay and debt service. Also excluded are monies from sources other than state tax funds, including all monies from federal sources, local sources and student fees. The amounts include funds for medical and health programs, state-level student financial aid programs, state funds for private higher education, and state funds for higher education coordinating or governing boards.

SOURCES: Edward R. Hines, "Appropriations of State Tax Funds for Operating Expenses of Higher Education, 1973-74" and "1978-79" (unpublished revisions, March 1989); "1983-84" [online] http://coe.ilstu.edu/grapevine (October 1996); 1988-89 (1989) (Washington, DC: National Association of State Universities and Land-Grant Colleges); State Higher Education Appropriations, 1993-94 (1994) (Denver, CO: State Higher Education Executive Officers); U.S. Bureau of the Census, State Government Finances, 1973 (1974), 1975 (1976), 1979 (1980), 1984 (1985), 1989 (1990) (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office) and "1994" [online] http://www.census.gov (January 1997).

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**TABLE 83**Federal Support for Research and Development

	i edetat soh	hou ioi keseaici	i ana vevelopmeni
National Rank 1993-94	Federal Obligations 1993-94 (000s)	Percent Increase 1983-84 to 1993-94	Percent Increase 1992-93 to 1993-94
Total to All Institutions Total to Top 100 Institutions Total to Top 10 Institutions	\$11,768,416 9,784,703 2,705,421	116.0 110.4 98.9	7.6 8.6 9.2
1 Johns Hopkins University (Maryland) 2 University of Washington 3 Massachusetts Institute of Technology 4 Stanford University 5 University of Michigan 6 University of California-Los Angeles 7 University of California-San Diego 8 University of Wisconsin-Madison 9 University of California-San Francisco 10 Cornell University (New York)	612,681 275,905 267,404 262,438 240,390 221,820 218,272 207,625 204,404 194,482	30.3	J.L
Total to All SREB Institutions Total to SREB Institutions Ranked 11-100	3,279,859 1,750,037	92.1 86.7	12.4 8.0
Duke University (North Carolina) University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill University of Alabama at Birmingham University of Texas at Austin Baylor College of Medicine (Texas) Vanderbilt University (Tennessee) University of Miami (Florida) University of Maryland, College Park University of Virginia Emory University (Georgia) University of Florida University of Texas Southwest Medical Center Louisiana State University System University of Maryland, Baltimore Profession Texas A & M University Wake Forest University (North Carolina) Georgia Institute of Technology North Carolina State University at Raleigh University of Georgia University of Georgia University of Texas Health Science Center at University of Texas Anderson Cancer Center University of Texas Health Science Center at Virginia Commonwealth University Tulane University (Louisiana) Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University of Texas Medical Branch-Galvesto	67,690 61,050 59,688 51,789 51,372 49,998 San Antonio 48,882 48,581 48,434 Houston 44,846 41,572 40,907 ersity 38,360 37,801		

Data for Johns Hopkins University include funds obligated by the Department of Defense to the Applied Physics Laboratory, which was a university-administered federally-funded research and development center until 1977-78.

SOURCES: National Science Foundation, Federal Support to Universities, Colleges, and Nonprolit Institutions: Fiscal Year 1983 (1984) and "1994" [Online] http://www.nsf.gov (December 1996).



**TABLE 84**Large College and University Library Collections, Expenditures and Staff

	Volum	es Held	Total Exp	enditures	Professional Staff (FTE)		
	1994-95	Percent Increase 1984-85 to 1994-95	1994-95	Percent Increase 1984-85 to 1994-95	1994-95	Percent Change 1984-85 to 1994-95	
United States Median (108 libraries)	2,539,019	27.3	\$13,204,133	75.7	73	9.0	
Median of SREB States (27 libraries) SREB Median as a	2,335,725	37.6	12,763,084	91.8	73	21.7	
Percent of the U.S. Median	92.0		96.7		100.0		
University of Texas at Austin	7,176,889	32.8	22,358,324	28.9	141	-3.4	
Duke University (North Carolina)	4,415,525	27.7	20,450,617	127.5	107	10.3	
University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill	4,263,684	33.9	20,420,528	71.5	120	5.3	
University of Virginia	4,165,805	53.5	19,055,013	70.1	91	2.2	
University of Georgia	3,303,268	36.7	15,048,986		82	7.9	
University of Florida	3,174,460	28.3	16,196,622	80.9	109	11.2	
Johns Hopkins University (Maryland)	3,118,765	24.4	18,828,056	117.9	87	6.1	
Louisiana State University	2,831,957	31.9	8,879,203	11.7	51	-22.7	
University of South Carolina	2,714,060	28.2	12,500,862		73	21.7	
University of Kentucky	2,590,061	32.0	13,975,198		96	50.0	
University of Oklahoma	2,531,059	20.0	9,068,922		52	15.6	
University of Maryland, College Park	2,464,623	45.2	14,510,075	62.6	91	11.0	
Emory University (Georgia)	2,183,942	15.7	17,198,062	150.0	82	46.4	
Texas A&M University	2,281,654	42.6	15,003,095	87.9	85	26.9	
Auburn University (Alabama)	2,303,326	na	8,485,071	na	51	na	
Vanderbilt University (Tennessee)	2,335,725	45.2	13,171,893	110.9	86	32.3	
Florida State University	2,116,510	30.1	9,360,165	76.1	56	0.0	
University of Tennessee, Knoxville	2,110,204	38.5	12,763,084	134.9	65	20.4	
University of Alabama	2,024,410	25.6	9,757,358	97.7	60	15.4	
Tulane University (Louisiana)	2,029,777	28.8	9,448,539	57.5	55	12.2	
University of Miami (Florida)	2,032,326	34.7	13,236,373	112.5	73	21.7	
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State U.	1,951,580	30.7	10,712,160	64.7	41	-25.5	
Rice University (Texas)	1,864,335	51.1	9,120,875	114.7	45	18.4	
Georgia Institute of Technology	1,865,727	0.7	7,014,306	81.4	52	6.1	
University of Houston (Texas)	1,846,757	28.7	11,473,203		46	-19.3	
Oklahoma State University	1,831,764	31.0	8,722,663	127.7	51	24.4	
North Carolina State University	2,472,810	109.0	11,850,782		66	50.0	

<sup>&</sup>quot;na"indicates data not available. This institution became a member of the Association of Research Libraries between 1982-83 and 1992-93.

SOURCES: Association of Research Libraries, ARL Statistics, 1985-1986 (1987), and 1994-1995 (1996), (Washington, D.C., Association of Research Libraries).



• Throughout its 27 year history, the SREB-State Data Exchange has recognized the importance of reporting statistical comparisons by institutional category — unlike most other statistical reports, even today. Since types of institutions in the states differ greatly, statewide aggregate comparisons should always be interpreted with caution.

The SREB system for categorizing postsecondary education institutions is designed to be used for interstate statistical comparisons and is based on a number of factors relevant to determining resource requirements. Differences in institutional size (numbers of degrees), role (types of degrees), breadth of program offerings (number of program areas in which degrees are granted), and comprehensiveness (distribution of degrees across program areas) are the factors upon which institutions are classified. Other factors relevant to determining resource requirements such as cost differences among programs or externally funded research are not taken into account in the SREB system.

The SREB-State Data Exchange also recognizes that different categorization schemes may be suited to different purposes. Many states use narrower peer group comparisons, sometimes including institutions outside the SREB region, for purposes other than interstate statistical comparisons. For example, peer group comparisons are found in many higher education funding formulas. The SREB-State Data Exchange assists states in analyzing alternate peer groups by making available the college-by-college databases from all parts of the survey to researchers and planners who may have the need to form comparison groups of their own choosing.

Institutions in the following list are assigned to categories for the 1995-1996 report year using the previous academic year's data on program completions. To keep the statistical comparison groups relatively stable over time and to assure that institutions change categories only when their measures on a criterion are relatively stable, institutions change categories when they meet the criteria for a different category after the third consecutive time.

#### SREB Four-Year I

Institutions awarding at least 100 doctoral degrees which are distributed among at least 10 broad fields of study with no more than 50 percent in any one category.\*

- AL Auburn University
- AL University of Alabama
- AR University of Arkansas Main Campus
- FL Florida State University
- FL University of Florida
- FL University of South Florida'
- GA University of Georgia
- KY University of Kentucky
- LA Louisiana State University and Agricultural and Mechanical College
- MD University of Maryland College Park

- MS Mississippi State University
- NC North Carolina State University
- NC University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill
- OK Oklahoma State University Main Campus
- OK University of Oklahoma Norman Campus
- SC University of South Carolina Columbia
- TN University of Tennessee, Knoxville
- TX Texas A & M University
- TX Texas Tech University
- TX Texas Woman's University<sup>2</sup>
- TX University of Houston
- TX University of North Texas
- TX University of Texas at Austin
- VA University of Virginia
- VA Virginia Polytechnic Institute & State University
- WV West Virginia University



#### **SREB Four-Year II**

Institutions awarding at least 30 doctoral degrees which are distributed among at least five broad fields of study.\*

- AL University of Alabama at Birmingham
- FL Florida Atlantic University
- FL University of Central Florida3
- GA Georgia Institute of Technology
- GA Georgia State University4
- KY University of Louisville
- LA University of New Orleans3
- LA University of Southwestern Louisiana
- MD University of Maryland Baltimore County<sup>3</sup>
- MS University of Mississippi
- MS University of Southern Mississippi<sup>5</sup>
- NC University of North Carolina at Greensboro
- SC Clemson University
- TN University of Memphis
- TX University of Texas at Arlington
- TX University of Texas at Dallas
- VA College of William & Mary
- VA George Mason University
- VA Old Dominion University
- VA Virginia Commonwealth University

#### **SREB Four-Year III**

Institutions awarding at least 100 master's, education specialist, post master's, or doctoral degrees with master's, education specialist, and post-master's degrees distributed among at least 10 broad fields of study.\*

- AL Alabama Agricultural & Mechanical University
- AL Jacksonville State University
- AL University of Alabama in Huntsville
- AL University of South Alabama
- AR Arkansas State University
- AR University of Arkansas at Little Rock
- AR University of Central Arkansas
- FL Florida International University<sup>6</sup>
- FL University of West Florida
- GA Georgia Southern University
- KY Eastern Kentucky University
- KY Murray State University
- KY Western Kentucky University
- LA Louisiana Tech University
- LA McNeese State University<sup>7</sup>
- LA Northeast Louisiana University
- LA Southern University and A&M College at Baton Rouge
- MS Jackson State University
- NC Appalachian State University
- NC East Carolina University
- NC North Carolina Agricultural & Technical State University
- NC North Carolina Central University

- NC University of North Carolina at Charlotte
- NC Western Carolina University
- OK University of Central Oklahoma
- SC Winthrop University
- TN East Tennessee State University
- TN Middle Tennessee State University
- TN Tennessee State University
- TX East Texas State University
- TX Lamar University Beaumont
- TX Prairie View A & M University
- TX Sam Houston State University
- TX Southwest Texas State University
- TX Stephen F. Austin State University
- TX Sul Ross State University
- TX Texas A & M University Corpus Christi<sup>7</sup>
- TX Texas A & M University Kingsville
- TX Texas Southern University
- TX University of Houston Clear Lake
- TX University of Texas at El Paso
- TX University of Texas at San Antonio
- TX University of Texas at Tyler
- TX West Texas A & M University
- VA James Madison University
- WV Marshall University

#### **SREB Four-Year IV**

Institutions awarding at least 30 master's, education specialist, post-master's, or doctoral degrees with master's, education specialist, and post-master's degrees distributed among at least five broad fields of study.\*

- AL Auburn University at Montgomery
- AL Troy State University
- AL Troy State University in Montgomery<sup>8</sup>
- AL University of Montevallo
- FL Florida Agricultural & Mechanical University9
- FL University of North Florida
- GA Georgia College
- GA Valdosta State College
- GA West Georgia College
- KY Morehead State University
- LA Grambling State University
- LA Northwestern State University
- LA Southeastern Louisiana University
- MD Bowie State University
- MD Frostburg State University
- MD Morgan State University
- MD Salisbury State University
- MD Towson State University
- MD University of Baltimore
- NC University of North Carolina at Wilmington
- OK Northeastern State University
- OK Southwestern Oklahoma State University
- SC College of Charleston<sup>10</sup>
- TN Austin Peay State University



- TN Tennessee Technological University
- TN University of Tennessee at Chattanooga
- TX Angelo State University9
- TX Midwestern State University
- TX Tarleton State University
- TX Texas A & M International University
- TX University of Texas of the Permian Basin
- TX University of Texas Pan American
- VA Norfolk State University
- VA Radford University<sup>11</sup>
- VA Virginia State University

#### SREB Four-Year V

Institutions awarding at least 30 master's, education post-master's or doctoral degrees.

- AL Alabama State University<sup>12</sup>
- AL Troy State University at Dothan
- AL University of North Alabama
- AL University of West Alabama<sup>13</sup>
- AR Arkansas Tech University
- AR Henderson State University
- GA Albany State College<sup>12</sup>
- GA Augusta College
- GA Columbus College
- GA Fort Valley State College
- GA Georgia Southwestern College
- GA Kennesaw State College
- GA North Georgia College
- KY Northern Kentucky University
- LA Louisiana State University in Shreveport
- LA Nicholls State University
- LA Southern University at New Orleans
- MD Coppin State College
- MD University of Maryland Eastern Shore<sup>14</sup>
- MS Alcorn State University15
- MS Delta State University15
- NC Fayetteville State University<sup>12</sup>
- NC Pembroke State University
- OK Cameron University<sup>14</sup>
- OK East Central University
- OK Northwestern Oklahoma State University
- OK Southeastern Oklahoma State University
- SC Francis Marion University
- SC South Carolina State University
- SC The Citadel, the Military College of South Carolina<sup>12</sup>
- TN University of Tennessee at Martin
- TX East Texas State University at Texarkana
- TX Sul Ross State University/Uvalde Center
- TX University of Houston Victoria
- TX University of Texas at Brownsville15
- VA Longwood College

#### SREB Four-Year VI

Institutions awarding fewer than 30 master's, education specialist, post-master's or doctoral degrees.

- AL Athens State College
- AR Southern Arkansas University17
- AR University of Arkansas at Monticello
- AR University of Arkansas at Pine Bluff
- **GA** Armstrong State College
- GA Clayton State College
- GA Savannah State College
- KY Kentucky State University
- MD Saint Mary's College of Maryland
- MS Mississippi University for Women
- MS Mississippi Valley State University
- NC Elizabeth City State University
- NC University of North Carolina at Asheville
- NC Winston-Salem State University
- **OK** Langston University
- OK Oklahoma Panhandle State University
- OK University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma
- SC Coastal Carolina University
- SC Lander University<sup>8</sup>
- SC University of South Carolina Aiken
- SC University of South Carolina Spartanburg
- TX Texas A & M University at Galveston
- TX University of Houston Downtown
- VA Christopher Newport University
- VA Clinch Valley College of the University of Virginia
- VA Mary Washington College
- WV Bluefield State College
- WV Concord College
- WV Fairmont State College
- WV Glenville State College
- WV Shepherd College
- WV West Liberty State College
- WV West Virginia Institute of Technology
- WV West Virginia State College

#### **SREB Two-Year VII**

Institutions awarding associate's degrees and offering college transfer courses; some certificates and diplomas may also be awarded.

- AL Alabama Southern Community College
- AL Bevill State Community College
- AL Bishop State Community College
- AL Central Alabama Community College
- AL Chattahoochee Valley State Community College
- AL Enterprise State Junior College
- AL Gadsden State Community College
- AL George Corley Wallace State Community College - Selma
- AL George C. Wallace State Community College Dothan
- AL James H. Faulkner State Junior College

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AL Jefferson Davis Community College

AL Jefferson State Community College

John C. Calhoun State Community College

Lawson State Community College AL

AL Lurleen B. Wallace State Junior College

Northeast Alabama State Community College

AL Northwest Community College

Shelton State Community College

AL Shoals Community College

AL **Snead State Community College** 

AL Southern Union State Community College

AL Wallace Community College - Hanceville

AR Arkansas State University Mountain Home 18

Arkansas State University - Beebe/Newport

AR Black River Technical College

AR Cossatot Technical College

AR East Arkansas Community College

AR **Garland County Community College** 

AR **Gateway Technical College** 

AR Mid-South Technical College

AR Mississippi County Community College

AR North Arkansas Community College

Northwest Arkansas Community College AR

AR **Ouachita Technical College** 

AR Ozarka Technical College

AR Petit Jean Technical College

Phillips County Community College

Pines Technical College

AR Pulaski Technical College

AR Red River Technical College

Rich Mountain Community College

AR South Arkansas Community College

Southern Arkansas University Tech

Westark Community College

FL **Brevard Community College** 

FL **Broward Community College** 

Central Florida Community College

FL Charlotte County Vo-Tech Center

FL Chipola Junior College

FL Daytona Beach Community College

FL Edison Community College

FL Florida Community Col at Jacksonville

FL Florida Keys Community College

FL **Gulf Coast Community College** 

Hillsborough Community College

FL **Indian River Community College** 

FL Lake City Community College

Lake-Sumter Community College

FL Manatee Community College

FL Miami-Dade Community College

North Florida Junior College

FL Okaloosa-Walton Junior College

Palm Beach Community College FL

Pasco-Hernando Community College

FL Pensacola Junior College

FL **Polk Community College** 

FL Santa Fe Community College

FL Seminole Community College

FL South Florida Community College

FL St. Johns River Community College

FL St. Petersburg Junior College

FL Valencia Community College

GA Abraham Baldwin Agricultural College

GA Atlanta Metropolitan College

GA Bainbridge College

**Brunswick College** GA

**Dalton College** GA

GA **Darton College** 

GA DeKalb College

GA East Georgia College

GA Floyd College

Gainesville College

GA Gordon College

Macon College GA

GA Middle Georgia College

GA South Georgia College

GA Waycross College

Ashland Community College KY

KY Elizabethtown Community College

KY Hazard Community College

KY **Henderson Community College** 

KY Hopkinsville Community College

KY Jefferson Community College

KY Lexington Community College

KY Madisonville Community College

KY Maysville Community College

KY Owensboro Community College

KY Paducah Community College

KY

**Prestonburg Community College** 

KY Somerset Community College

KY Southeast Community College

**Bossier Parish Community College** 

LA Delgado Community College

LA Louisiana State University at Alexandria

Louisiana State University at Eunice

**Nunez Community College** 

LA Southern University in Shreveport

MD Allegany Community College

MD Anne Arundel Community College

MD Baltimore City Community College

**Carroll Community College** 

MD Catonsville Community College

MD Cecil Community College

**MD** Charles County Community College

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MD Chesapeake College

MD Dundalk Community College

**Essex Community College** MD Frederick Community College



- MD Garrett Community College
- MD Hagerstown Junior College
- MD Harford Community College
- MD Howard Community College
- MD Montgomery College Germantown Campus
- MD Montgomery College Rockville Campus
- MD Montgomery College Takoma Park Campus
- MD Prince George's Community College
- MD Wor-Wic Community College
- MS Coahoma Community College
- MS Copiah-Lincoln Community College
- MS East Central Community College
- MS East Mississippi Community College
- MS Hinds Community College
- MS Holmes Community College
- MS Itawamba Community College
- MS Jones County Junior College
- MS Meridian Community College
- MS Mississippi Delta Community College
- MS Mississippi Gulf Coast Community College
- MS Northeast Mississippi Community College
- MS Northwest Mississippi Community College
- MS Pearl River Community College
- MS Southwest Mississippi Community College
- NC Alamance Community College
- NC Anson Community College
- NC Asheville-Buncombe Technical Community College
- NC Beaufort County Community College
- NC Bladen Community College
- NC Blue Ridge Community College
- NC Brunswick Community College
- NC Caldwell Community College & Technical Institute
- NC Cape Fear Community College
- NC Carteret Community College
- NC Catawba Valley Community College
- NC Central Carolina Community College
- NC Central Piedmont Community College
- NC Cleveland Community College
- NC Coastal Carolina Community College
- NC College of the Albemarle
- NC Craven Community College
- NC Davidson County Community College
- NC Durham Technical Community College
- NC Edgecombe Community College
- NC Fayetteville Technical Community College
- NC Forsyth Technical Community College
- NC Gaston College
- NC Guilford Technical Community College
- NC Halifax Community College
- NC Haywood Community College
- NC Isothermal Community College
- NC James Sprunt Community College
- NC Johnston Community College
- Lenoir Community College

- NC Martin Community College
- NC Mayland Community College
- NC McDowell Technical Community College
- NC Mitchell Community College
- NC Montgomery Community College
- NC Nash Community College
- NC Pamlico Community College
- NC Piedmont Community College
- NC Pitt Community College
- NC Randolph Community College
- NC Richmond Community College
- NC Roanoke-Chowan Community College
- NC Robeson Community College
- NC Rockingham Community College
- NC Rowan-Cabarrus Community College
- NC Sampson Community College
- NC Sandhills Community College
- NC Southeastern Community College
- NC Southwestern Community College
- NC Stanly Community College
- No Starry Community Conege
- NC Surry Community College
- NC Tri-County Community College NC Vance-Granville Community College
- NC Wake Technical Community College
- NC Wayne Community College
- NC Western Piedmont Community College
- NC Wilkes Community College
- NC Wilson Technical Community College
- OK Carl Albert State College
- OK Connors State College
- OK Eastern Oklahoma State College
- OK Murray State College
- OK Northeastern Oklahoma Agricultural &
- Mechanical College
- OK Northern Oklahoma College
- OK Oklahoma City Community College
- OK Oklahoma State University Oklahoma City
- OK Oklahoma State University Okmulgee
- **OK** Redlands Community College
- OK Rogers State College
- OK Rose State College
- OK Seminole Junior College
- OK Tulsa Junior College
- OK Western Oklahoma State College
- SC Aiken Technical College
- SC Central Carolina Technical College
- SC Chesterfield-Marlboro Technical College
- SC Denmark Technical College
- SC Florence-Darlington Technical College
- SC Greenville Technical College
- SC Horry-Georgetown Technical College
- SC Midlands Technical College
- SC Orangeburg-Calhoun Technical College
- SC Piedmont Technical College

SC Spartanburg Technical College

SC Technical College of the Low Country

SC Tri-County Technical College

SC Trident Technical College

SC University of South Carolina - Beaufort

SC University of South Carolina - Lancaster

SC University of South Carolina - Salkehatchie

SC University of South Carolina - Sumter

University of South Carolina - Union

SC Willamsburg Technical College

SC York Technical College

TN Chattanooga State Technical Community College

Cleveland State Community College

TN Columbia State Community College

TN Dyersburg State Community College

**Jackson State Community College** TN Motlow State Community College

Nashville State Technical Institute

Northeast State Technical Community College

Pellissippi State Technical Community College

Roane State Community College

Shelby State Community College

TN State Technical Institute at Memphis

TN Volunteer State Community College

TN Walters State Community College

TX Alvin Community College

TX Amarillo College

TX Angelina College

TX Austin Community College

TX Bee County College

TX Blinn College

TX Brazosport College

TX Brookhaven College (DCCCD)

TX Cedar Valley College (DCCCD)

TX Central Texas College

TX Cisco Junior College

TX Clarendon College

TX College of the Mainland

TX Collin County Community College

TX Del Mar College

TX Eastfield College (DCCCD)

El Centro College (DCCCD)

TX El Paso County Community College

TX Frank Phillips College

Galveston College

TX Grayson County College

TX Hill College

TX **Houston Community College** 

TX Howard College

TX Kilgore College

Lamar Institute of Technology

Lamar University - Orange Campus

Lamar University - Port Arthur Campus

Laredo Community College

TX Lee College

TX McLennan Community College

TX Midland College

TX Mountain View College (DCCCD)

TX Navarro College

TX North Central Texas College

TX North Harris Montgomery Community College District

TX North Lake College (DCCCD)

TX Northeast Texas Community College

TX Odessa College

TX Palo Alto College (ACCD)

TX Panola College

TX Paris Junior College

TX Ranger College

TX Richland College (DCCCD)

ΤX San Antonio College

TX San Jacinto College (SJCDS)

TX South Plains College

TX South Texas Community College (HCJCD)

TX Southwest Texas Junior College

TX St. Philip's College (ACCD)

TX Tarrant Co. Junior College (TCJCD)

TX Temple Junior College

Texarkana College TX

TX Texas Southmost College

TX Texas State Technical College - Amarillo

Texas State Technical College - Harlingen

TX Texas State Technical College - Sweetwater

TX Texas State Technical College - Waco/Marshall

**Trinity Valley Community College** 

TX Tyler Junior College

TX Vernon Regional Junior College

TX Victoria College

TX Weatherford College

TX Western Texas College

TX Wharton County Junior College

VA Blue Ridge Community College

Central Virginia Community College

VA Danville Community College

VA D.S. Lancaster Community College

VA Eastern Shore Community College

VA Germanna Community College

VA John Tyler Community College

J.S. Reynolds Community College

VA Lord Fairfax Community College

Mountain Empire Community College VA **New River Community College** 

VA

VA Northern Virginia Community College

VA Patrick Henry Community College

VA Paul D. Camp Community College

VA Piedmont Virginia Community College VA Rappahannock Community College

VA Richard Bland College

Southside Virginia Community College



- VA Southwest Virginia Community College
- VA Thomas Nelson Community College
- VA Tidewater Community College
- VA Virginia Highlands Community College
- VA Virginia Western Community College
- VA Wytheville Community College
- WV Potomac State College of West Virginia University
- WV Southern West Virginia Community College
- WV West Virginia Northern Community College
- WV West Virginia University at Parkersburg

#### **SREB Two-Year VIII**

Institutions awarding vocational-technical certificates and diplomas; some vocational-technical associate's degrees may also be awarded.

- AL Alabama Aviation & Technical College
- AL Atmore State Technical College
- AL Bessemer State Technical College
- AL Harry F. Ayers State Technical College
- AL John M. Patterson State Technical College
- AL J.F. Drake State Technical College
- AL J.F. Ingram State Technical College
- AL MacArthur Technical College
- AL Opelika State Technical College
- AL Reid State Technical College
- AL Sparks State Technical College
- AL Trenholm Technical College
- AL Walker State Technical College
- AR Arkansas Valley Technical Institute
- AR Cotton Boll Technical Institute
- AR Crowley's Ridge Technical Institute
- AR Delta Technical Institute
- AR Foothills Technical Institute
- AR Forest Echoes Technical Institute
- AR Great Rivers Technical Institute
- AR Northwest Technical Institute
- AR Quapaw Technical Institute
- AR Rice Belt Technical Institute
- AR Riverside Technical Institute
- FL Atlantic Vocational Technical Center
- FL Bradford Union Area Vocational Technical Center
- FL Charlotte County Vo-Tech Center
- FL Collier County Vo-Tech Center
- FL David G. Erwin Area Vo-Tech Center
- FL George Stone Area Vocational Center
- FL Lake County Area Vo-Tech Center
- FL Lee County Area Vo-Tech Center
- FL Lindsey Hopkins Technical Ed Center
- FL Lively Area Vocational Technical Center
- FL Manatee Area Vo-Tech Center
- FL Maynard A. Traviss Vo-Tech Center
- FL Miami Lakes Technical Ed Center
- L Mid-Florida Technical Institute

- FL North Technical Education Center
- FL Orlando Vocational Technical Center
- FL Pinellas Vocational Technical Institute Clearwater
- FL Pinellas Vocational Technical Institute St. Petersburg
- FL Radford M. Locklin Vocational Technical Center
- FL Ridge Vocational Technical Center
- FL Roberts Vocational Technical Institute
- FL Sarasota County Vocational Technical Center
- FL Sheridan Vocational Technical Center
- FL South Technical Education Center
- FL St. Augustine Technical Center
- FL Suwanee-Hamilton Area Vocational & Adult Center
- FL Tampa Bay Area Vocational Technical Center
- FL Taylor County Area Vocational Technical Center
- FL Thomas P. Haney Area Vocational Technical Center
- FL Washington-Holmes Area Vocational Technical Center
- FL West Technical Education Center
- FL William T. McFatter Vocational Technical Center
- FL Witchlachoochee Vocational & Adult Education Center
- GA Albany Technical Institute
- GA Altamaha Technical Institute
- GA Athens Area Technical Institute
- GA Atlanta Area Technical School
- GA Augusta Technical Institute
- GA Ben Hill-Irwin Technical Institute
- GA Carroll Technical Institute
- GA Chattahoochee Technical Institute
- GA Columbus Technical Institute
- GA Coosa Valley Technical Institute
- GA Dalton School of Health Occupations
- GA DeKalb Technical Institute
- GA Flint River Technical Institute
- GA Griffin Technical Institute
- GA Gwinnett Technical Institute
- GA Heart of Georgia Technical Institute
- GA Lanier Technical Institute
- GA Macon Technical Institute
- GA Middle Georgia Technical Institute
- GA Moultrie Area Technical Institute
- GA North Georgia Technical Institute
- GA North Metro Technical Institute
- GA Ogeechee Technical Institute
- GA Okefenokee Technical Institute
- GA Pickens Technical Institute
- GA Savannah Technical Institute
- GA South Georgia Technical Institute
- GA Southeastern Technical Institute
- GA Swainsboro Technical Institute
- GA Thomas Technical Institute
- GA Valdosta Technical Institute
- GA Walker Technical Institute
- GA West Georgia Technical Institute KY Ashland State Vocational Technical School
- KY Bowling Green State Vocational-Technical School

- KY Central Kentucky State Vocational-Technical School
- KY Davies County State Vocational-Technical School
- KY Elizabethtown State Vocational Technical School
- KY Hazard State Vocational-Technical School
- KY Jefferson State Vocational-Technical School
- KY Laurel County State Vocational-Technical School
- KY Madisonville State Vocational-Technical School
- KY Mayo State Vocational-Technical School
- KY Northern Kentucky State Vocational-Technical School
- KY Rowan State Vocational-Technical School
- KY Somerset State Vocational-Technical School
- KY West Kentucky State Vocational-Technical School
- LA Acadian Technical Institute
- LA Alexandria Regional Technical Institute
- LA Ascension Parish Technical Institute
- LA Avoyelles Technical Institute
- LA Bastrop Technical Institute
- LA Baton Rouge Vocational-Technical Institute
- LA Claiborne Technical Institute
- LA Concordia Technical Institute
- LA C.B. Coreil Technical Institute
- LA Delta-Ouachita Regional-Technical Institute
- LA Evangeline Technical Institute
- LA Florida Parishes Technical Institute
- LA Folkes Technical Institute
- LA Gulf Area Technical Institute
- LA Huey P. Long Memorial Technical Institute
- LA Jefferson Parish Technical Institute
- LA Jumonville Memorial Technical Institute
- LA Lafayette Regional Technical Institute
- LA Lamar Salter Vocational Technical Institute
- LA Mansfield Branch Technical Institute
- LA Nachitoches Technical Institute
- LA New Orleans Regional Technical Institute
- LA North Central Technical Institute
- LA Northeast Louisiana Technical Institute
- LA Northwest Louisiana Technical Institute
- LA Oakdale Branch Technical Institute
- LA Port Sulphur Branch Technical Institute
- LA River Parishes Technical Institute
- LA Ruston Technical Institute
- LA Sabine Valley Technical Institute
- LA Shreveport-Bossier Regional Technical Institute
- LA Sidney N. Collier Memorial Technical Institute
- LA Slidell Technical Institute
- LA South Louisiana Regional Technical Institute
- LA Sowela Regional Technical Institute
- LA Sullivan Technical Institute
- LA Tallulah Technical Institute
- LA Teche Area Technical Institute
- LA Thibodaux Area Technical Institute
- LA T.H. Harris Technical Institute
- LA West Jefferson Technical Institute
- LA Westside Technical Institute

- LA Young Memorial Technical Institute
- OK Caddo-Kiowa Area Vocational Technical School
- OK Canadian Valley Area Vo-Tech School (Chickasha Campus)
- OK Canadian Valley Area Vo-Tech School (El Reno Campus)
- OK Central Oklahoma Area Vo-Tech School (Drumright Campus)
- OK Central Oklahoma Area Vo-Tech School (Sapulpa Campus)
- OK Eastern Oklahoma County Area Vo-Tech School (Choctaw Campus)
- OK Francis Tuttle Area Vocational-Technical Center
- OK Gordon Cooper Area Vocational-Technical School
- OK Great Plains Area Vocational-Technical School
- OK High Plains Area Vo-Tech School (Woodward Campus)
- OK Indian Capital Area Vo-Tech School (Muskogee Campus)
- OK Indian Capital Area Vo-Tech School (Salisaw Campus)
- OK Indian Capital Area Vo-Tech School (Stillwell Campus)
- OK Indian Meridian Area Vo-Tech School (Stillwater Campus)
- OK Kiamichi Area Vo-Tech School (Atoka Campus)
- OK Kiamichi Area Vo-Tech School (Durant Campus)
- OK Kiamichi Area Vo-Tech School (Hugo Campus)
- OK Kiamichi Area Vo-Tech School (McAlester Campus)
- OK Kiamichi Area Vo-Tech School (McCurtain County Campus)
- OK Kiamichi Area Vo-Tech School (Poteau Campus)
- OK Kiamichi Area Vo-Tech School (Talihina Campus)
- OK Mid-America Area Vo-Tech School (Wayne Campus)
- OK Mid-Del Area Vo-Tech School (Midwest City Campus)
- OK Moore-Norman Area Vocational-Technical School
- OK Northeast Oklahoma Area Vo-Tech School (Afton Campus)
- OK Northeast Oklahoma Area Vo-Tech School (Pryor Campus)
- OK Oklahoma City Area Vo-Tech School (Adult Center Campus)
- OK Oklahoma City Area Vo-Tech School (Foster Estes Campus)
- OK Oklahoma City Area Vo-Tech School (Springlake Campus)
- OK Oklahoma Northwest Area Vocational-Technical School
- OK Oklahoma Northwest Area Vo-Tech School (Fairview Campus)
- OK O.T. Autry Area Vocational-Technical Center
- OK Pioneer Area Vocational-Technical School
- OK Red River Area Vocational-Technical School
- OK Southern Oklahoma Area Vocational/Technical Center
- OK Tri-County Area Vo-Tech School (Bartlesville Campus)
- OK Tulsa County Area Vo-Tech School (Airpark Campus)
- OK Tulsa County Area Vo-Tech School (Memorial Campus)
- OK Tulsa County Area Vo-Tech School (Peoria)



- OK Tulsa County Area Vo-Tech School (Southeast)
- OK Western Oklahoma Area Vo-Tech School (Burns Flat)
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Athens
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Chattanooga
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Covington
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Crossville
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Dickson
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Elizabethton
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Harriman
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Hartsville
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Holenwald
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Jacksboro
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Jackson
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Knoxville
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Livingston
- TN Tennessee Technical College at McKenzie
- TN Tennessee Technical College at McMinnville
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Memphis
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Morristown
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Murphressboro
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Nashville
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Newbern
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Oneida
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Paris
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Pulaski
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Ripley
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Savannah
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Shelbyville
- TN Tennessee Technical College at Whiteville
- WV Arch A. Moore, Jr. Career Center
- WV Barbour County Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Benjamin Franklin Vocational Center
- WV Boone County Career & Technical Center
- WV Braxton County High School
- WV Brooke High School
- WV Cabell County Vocational Technical Center
- WV Calhoun-Gilmer Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Carver Vocational Center
- WV Charles E. Yedager Career Center
- WV Elk Career Center
- WV Favette Plateau Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Fred W. Eberle Technical Center
- WV Garnet Vocational Center
- WV Hampshire County Career Center
- WV James Rumsey Technical Center
- WV John D. Rockefeller IV Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Marion County Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Mason County Vocational-Technical Center
- WV McDowell County Vocational Technical Center
- WV Mercer County Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Mineral County Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Mingo County Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Monongalia County Technical Education Center
  - 🐪 Monroe County Vocational-Technical Center

- WV Nicholas County Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Pleasants-Richie-Tyler Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Preston County Education Center
- WV Putnam County Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Raleigh County Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Ralph R. Willis Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Randolph County Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Roane-Jackson Technical Center
- WV South Branch Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Summers County Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Taylor County Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Tucker County Vocational-Technical Center
- WV United Career Center
- WV Wayne County Northern Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Wetzel County Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Wood County Vocational-Technical Center
- WV Wyoming County Vocational-Technical Center

### **SREB Specialized Education Institutions**

Special purpose institutions with specialized degree programs. These may include medical or health science centers and, in some instances, stand-alone law schools, fine arts schools or engineering schools.

- AR University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences
- GA Medical College of Georgia
- GA Southern College of Technology
- LA Louisiana State University of Law Center
- LA Louisiana State University Medical Center
- MD University of Maryland at Baltimore
- MD University of Maryland
- MS University of Mississippi Medical Center
- NC North Carolina School of the Arts
- OK Oklahoma College of Osteopathic Medicine and Surgery
- OK Oklahoma State University Veterinary Medicine
- OK University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center
- OK University of Oklahoma Law Center
- SC Medical University of South Carolina
- TN University of Tennessee at Memphis
- TN University of Tennessee
- TX Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center
- TX University of Texas Health Sciences Center at Houston
- TX University of Texas Health Sciences Center at San Antonio
- TX University of Texas Medical Branch at Galveston
- TX University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center at Dallas
- TX University of North Texas Health Sciences Center at Fort Worth
- VA Virginia Military Institute
- WV West Virginia Graduate College
- WV West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine

- \* The "broad lields of study" are determined using the National Center for Education Statistics "Classification of Instructional Programs" (CIP). This is the standard set of definitions used for reporting degrees and other awards conferred by postsecondary education institutions. Broad program areas are designated by the first two-digits of each code number. For example, all education program codes begin with the two digits '13,' all engineering programs, with '15.' Within broad areas, programs are distinguished at a four-digit level (CIP code '13.04' is Education Administration and Supervision) and at a six-digit level (CIP code 13.0406' is Higher Education Administration).
- Reclassified: met criteria for classification as a SREB Four-Year Linstitution in 1993-94, 1994-95 and 1995-96.
- Met criteria for classification as a SREB Four-Year II institution in 1994-95 and in 1995-96.
- Reclassified: met criteria for classification as a SREB Four-Year II institution in 1993-94, 1994-95 and 1995-96.
- Met criteria for classification as a SREB Four-Year I institution in 1994-95 and 1995-96.
- Met criteria for classification as a SREB Four-Year I institution for the first time in 1995-96.
- Met criteria for classification as a SREB Four-Year II institution for the first time in 1995-96.
- Reclassified: met criteria for classification as a SREB Four-Year III institution in 1993-94, 1994-95 and 1995-96.
- Met criteria for classification as a SREB Four-Year V institution in 1994-95 and in 1995-96.
- Met criteria for classification as a SREB Four-Year III institution for the first time in 1995-96.
- <sup>10</sup> Reclassified: met criteria for classification as a SREB Four-Year IV institution in 1993-94, 1994-95 and 1995-96.
- Met criteria for classification as a SREB Four-Year III institution in 1994-95 and in 1995-96.
- <sup>12</sup> Met criteria for classification as a SREB Four-Year IV institution in 1994-95 and in 1995-96.
- Formerly Livingston University.
- Reclassified: met criteria for classification as a Four-Year V institution in 1993-94, 1994-95 and 1995-96.
- Met criteria for classification as a SREB Four-Year IV institution for the first time in 1995-96.
- <sup>16</sup> Reclassified: met criteria for classification as a SREB Four-Year V institution in 1993-94, 1994-95 and 1995-96.
- Met criteria for classification as a SREB Four-Year V institution for the first time in 1995-96.
- 18 New listing.





This list includes the statewide agency or agencies responsible for the governance or coordination of postsecondary education institutions. Included are those responsible for two-year college systems and two-year vocational-technical systems where this function is a separate or shared responsibility. Multi-campus university systems that are responsible for a subset of higher education institutions exist in several SREB states and are listed in higher education directories.

#### Alabama

Henry J. Hector, Executive Director Alabama Commission on Higher Education PO. Box 302000 Montgomery, Alabama 36130-2000 100 N. Union Street Montgomery, Alabama 36104-3702 (334) 281-1921 E-Mail: achhxh01@asnmail.asc.edu Web Site: http://webserver.dsmd.state.al.us/achelache.htm

Fred J. Gainous, Chancellor State of Alabama Department of Postsecondary Education 401 Adams Avenue Montgomery, Alabama 36104-3702 (334) 242-1998

#### Arkansas

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Steve Franks, Director<sup>1</sup>
Department of Workforce Education
3 Capitol Mall
Little Rock, Arkansas 72201
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#### Florida

Charles B. Reed, Chancellor Board of Regents State University System of Florida 1514 Florida Education Center Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1950 (904) 488-4234 E-Mail: reedc@mail.bor.state.fl.us

Clark Maxwell, Jr., Executive Director State Board of Community Colleges 1314 Florida Education Center Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0400 (904) 488-1721 E-Mail: alice@dcc.firn.edu

William B. Proctor, Executive Director Florida Postsecondary Education Planning Commission c/o Florida Education Center Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0400 (904) 488-7894 E-Mail: proctorw@mail.doe.state.fl.us

Frank Brogan, Commissioner<sup>2</sup>
Florida Department of Education
Plaza Level, Room 116
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(904) 487-1785
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Web Site: http://www.firm.edu/doe/doehome.htm

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## Georgia

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E-Mail: chancellor@mail.regents.peachnet.edu

Web Site: http://www.peachnet.edu

Kenneth Breeden, Commissioner
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1800 Century Place
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E-Mail: kennethb@gomail.doas.state.ga.us

Web Site: http://www.dtae.tec.ga.us

# Kentucky

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Web Site: www.che.state.ky.us

Delmus Murrell, Acting Commissioner Department for Technical Education Capitol Plaza Tower, 3rd Floor Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 (502) 564-4286 E-Mail: dmurrell@mail.state.ky.us

#### Louisiana

E. Joseph Savoie, Commissioner
Board of Regents
150 Third Street, Suite 129
Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70801-1389
(504) 342-4253
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Web Site: http://webserv.regents.state.la.us

Cecil Picard, Superintendent<sup>2</sup>
Department of Education
P.O. Box 94064
Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9064
(504) 342-3602
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Web Site: http://www.doe.state.la.us

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16 Francis Street
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E-Mail: pflorest@mhec.state.md.us Web Site: www.ubalt.edu/www/mhec/

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(601) 982-6611
E-Mail: debbie@ihl.state.ms.us

Olon E. Ray, Executive Director State Board for Community and Junior Colleges 3825 Ridgewood Road Jackson, Mississippi 39211-6453 (601) 982-6518 E-Mail: rasmith@sbcjc.state.ms.us

#### North Carolina

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(Molly C. Broad, President, Effective July 1, 1997)
University of North Carolina
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(919) 962-6981
E-Mail: mcb@ga.unc.edu

Web Site: http://www.ga.unc.edu/



Lloyd V. Hackley, State President State Board of Community Colleges 200 W. Jones Street Raleigh, North Carolina 27603-1379 (919) 733-7051 Web Site: http://bull.ncdcc.cc.nc.us/

### Oklahoma

Hans Brisch, Chancellor Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education 500 Education Building State Capitol Complex Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105-4503 (405) 524-9100 E-Mail: hbrisch@osrhe.edu Web Site: http://www.osrhe.edu

Roy V. Peters, State Director'
Department of Vocational and Technical Education
1500 W. Seventh Street
Stillwater, Oklahoma 74074
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Web Site: www.okvotech.org

#### South Carolina

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(Rayburn Barton, Executive Director,
Effective July 1, 1997)
South Carolina Commission on Higher Education
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E-Mail: rbarton@che400.state.sc.us
Web Site: www.che400.state.sc.us

Michael McCall, Executive Director
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E-Mail: McCall@sbt.tec.sc.us
Web Site: http://www.state.sc.us/technew

#### Tennessee

Cathy Cole, Acting Executive Director Tennessee Higher Education Commission Suite 1900, Parkway Towers 404 James Robertson Parkway Nashville, Tennessee 37219-5380 (615) 741-3605 E-Mail: ccole@mail.state.tn.us Web Site: www.highered.state.tn.us

Charles E. Smith, Chancellor Tennessee Board of Regents 1415 Murfreesboro Road Nashville, Tennessee 37217 (615) 366-4400 E-Mail: igoodyear@tbr.state.tn.us@pmdf

#### Texas

Kenneth H. Ashworth, Commissioner Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board P.O. Box 12788, Capitol Station Austin, Texas 78711-1278 (512) 483-6101 E-Mail: ashworthkh@thecb.state.tx.us Web Site: http://www.thecb.state.tx.us

## Virginia

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(J. Michael Mullen, Interim Director,
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Web Site: http://www.schev.edu

Arnold R. Oliver, Chancellor Virginia Community College System James Monroe Building 101 North Fourteenth Street Richmond, Virginia 23219 (804) 225-2118

E-Mail: sooliva@so.cc.va.us Web Site: www.so.cc.va.us

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# West Virginia

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These individuals are heads of agencies with responsibility for postsecondary vocational-technical institutions and for elementary and secondary education.



<sup>1</sup> These individuals are heads of agencies with responsibility for postsecondary vocational-technical institutions as well as for secondary vocational-technical education.



- A -

**Administrators** 

Number... 9,133

Percent minority... 9,113,133

Percent women... 9,113,133

Salaries... 124-125

Appropriations, state operational

(see Funds: State)

As percent of educational and general

revenues... 146-149

As percent of state taxes... 154

As percent of operating revenues... 141

Per FTE student... 140,142-143

Associate's degrees (see Degrees awarded:

Associate's)

- B -

Bachelor's degrees (see Degrees awarded)

**Basic Educational Opportunity Grants** 

(see Student: Financial aid)

Business and management (see Degrees

awarded)

- C -

Colleges and universities (see Four-year

colleges and universities; Two-year colleges)

College-going rates (see Enrollment: Rates)

Community colleges (see Two-year colleges)

Coordinating agencies... 165-168

Costs, college (see Tuition and required fees)

Current funds (see Expenditures: Current

funds; Revenues: Current funds)

- D -

Degrees awarded

Associate's... 5,70,72-74

Bachelor's... 5,70,75-79

Business and management... 77,83,89

Dentistry... 70

Doctoral... 5,70,85-89

Education... 77,83,89

First professional... 5,70,90-92

Health sciences... 77,83,89

Historically black

institutions... 73,78,81,86,91

Humanities... 76,82,88

Law... 70

Master's... 70,80-84

Medicine... 70

Predominantly black

institutions... 73,78,84,86,91

Social and behavioral

sciences... 76,82,88

Science and technology... 76,82,88

To black students... 72,78,84,86,91

To foreign students... 74,79,84,86,91

To Hispanic students... 74,79,84,86,91

To men students... 72,75,80,85,90

To women students..72,75,80,85,90

Veterinary medicine... 70

Dentistry degrees (see Degrees awarded)

Doctoral degrees (see Degrees awarded)

- E -Medical schools... 60 Education (see Degrees awarded) Nursing schools... 61 Educational attainment (see Population: Osteopathic medicine... 60 **Educational** attainment) Part-time students... 52 Educational and general expenditures (see Predominantly black institutions... 48,57 Expenditures: Educational and general) Rates... 40-41 Elementary and secondary schools Total... 4,38 Enrollment Two-year colleges... 4,46-47,52,55,57,59 Percent minority... 2,22 Undergraduate Projected... 22 students... 4,49,52,55,56,58 Total... 2.22 Women students... 4,47,52-55,56,58,60 Graduates **Expenditures (see Funds)** Percent minority... 2,23 Current funds... 144-145 Projected... 2,23 Educational and general Total... 2,23 Academic and administrative support Percent of state and local government as a percent... 150-153 expenditures... 28 At public four-year colleges and Percent of state general fund and universities... 150-151 earmarked appropriations... 30 At public two-year colleges and **Employment (see Population: Employment)** universities... 152-153 Enrollment Instruction as a percent... 150-153 Elementary and secondary schools (see Plant operation and maintenance Elementary and secondary schools: as a percent... 150-153 Enrollment) Public service as a percent... 150-153 Higher education Research as a percent... 150-153 Age distribution... 42 Research and development (see Funds: Black students... 4,56-57 Federal) First-time State-local government (see Funds: State and local government) students... 43,47,49,50,51,60 First professional students... 4,51,55,57,59 - F -Foreign students... 50 Faculty Four-year colleges and Benefits... 116 universities... 39,52 Percent distribution Full-time-equivalent (FTE)... 44-45 by institutional category... 128-129 Graduate students... 4,50,52,55,56,59 by rank... 130-131 Headcount... 38-43,46-61 by teaching field... 126-127 Hispanic students... 4,58-59 of minorities... 9,115,132 Historically black institutions... 48,57 of women... 9,115,132



Salaries	Educational and general expenditures
At public four-year colleges and	Four-year colleges and
universities 8,114,116-117	universities 7,150-151
At public two-year colleges and	Two-year colleges 7,152-153
universities 8,122-123	Educational and general revenues
By teaching field 118-119	Four-year colleges and
By rank 116-117	universities 146-147
By institutional category 120-121	Two-year colleges 148-149
As a percent of median	Federal
household income 110	Research and development
Rankings 8,114,123	grants 155
Federal funds for education	Student financial aid 101-107
(see Funds: Federal)	State
Fees (see Tuition and required fees)	Appropriations 139,141
Finances	Expenditures 28-29,31
Colleges and universities (see Funds)	Student financial aid 108
Student (see Student: Financial aid;	State and local government
Tuition and required fees)	Appropriations 139,141
Financial aid (see Student: Financial aid)	General fund and earmarked 30
First professional degrees (see Degrees	Expenditures
awarded: First professional)	By function 28-29
Foreign students (see Enrollment: Foreign	Per capita 3,31
students; Degrees: To foreign students)	General revenues
Four-year colleges and universities	By source 32
Administrators 133	Total 17
Administrator salaries 124-125	Operating appropriations for higher
Appropriations per FTE student 142-143	education
Faculty 115,126-131	As a percent of educational and general
Faculty benefits 116	revenues146-149.
Faculty salaries 114, 116-121	As a percent of state taxes 154
FTE enrollment 44-45	As a percent of state and local
Tuition and required fees 6,98-99	government expenditures 28
Fringe benefits (see Faculty: Benefits)	As percent of unrestricted revenues 7
Full-time-equivalent (FTE) enrollment	By type of college or
(see Enrollment)	university 142-143
Funds (see also Appropriations, Expenditures,	Per FTE student 140,142-143
Revenues)	Tax revenues, state and local
Current funds expenditures 145	By source 32
Current funds revenues 144	Per \$1,000 of personal income 3,17
	Total 17



- G -

Government funds (see Funds: Federal; State; State and local government)

Graduate education (see Enrollment:

Graduate; Degrees awarded: Doctoral, First professional, Master's)

Graduates

College (see Degrees awarded)

High school (see Elementary and secondary schools: Graduates)

Grants

Student financial aid... 101-105,108 Research and development... 155

Guaranteed student loans (see Student: Financial aid)

- H -

Headcount enrollment (see Enrollment)
Health professions (see Degrees awarded:
Health sciences; Enrollment: Medical
schools, Nursing schools, Osteopathic
medicine)

High school graduates... 23

Higher education

Percent of state and local government expenditures... 28

Percent of state general fund and earmarked appropriations... 30

Historically black colleges and universities... 63

Humanities

Degrees awarded

Bachelor's... 76

Doctoral... 88

Master's... 82

- I -

Income, personal

Per capita... 3,27

Total... 17

Institutional categories... 157-164 Institutional finances (see Funds) Instruction, expenditures (see Funds)

- | -

Junior colleges (see Two-year colleges)

- L -

Labor forces (see Population: Employment)
Law degrees (see Degrees awarded)

Libraries... 156

Loans, student (see Student: Financial Aid) Local appropriations (see Funds: State and local government; Revenues: Educational and general)

- M -

Master's degrees (see Degrees awarded)

Medicine

Degrees awarded... 71

Enrollment... 60

Men

Degrees awarded... 72,75,80,85,90

Minority population (see Population:

Racial/ethnic composition)

Minority students (see Elementary and secondary schools: Enrollment; Enrollment: Higher education: Black

students)

- N -

Need-based grants (see Student: Financial aid) Nonresident alien students (see Foreign students)

Nursing (see Enrollment: Nursing schools)

-0-

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1. What additiona	l comparative data on colleges and universities would you find useful?
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4. In the tables, i	s the balance of raw data, "percent change," and "percent of" columns your uses?
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